"HE'S COMING!"

The conquering (old) hero comes. Will he conquer? His dress probably gives reply to the question. Character and temper may often be read in clothes. Are yours neat, tasteful, appropriate? Do they fit? This dressing of the male sex is no easy work--of that you may rest assured. But just for this Humphrey's exists.

Men's and Youths' Suits and Overcoats commence at $10.

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The Conquering Clothiers,

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URE AND CARPET CO.

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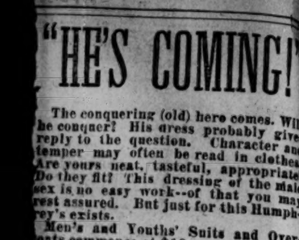
DOCTOR'S STATEMENT.



L. J. Rootes of Callaway County, Mo.

Mr. Rootes was in the city last week, and said to a reporter: "Three years ago I began to be sick. I recognized all the symptoms of torpid liver. My skin grew pale and sallow and livid, and my digestion was destroyed. My breath was short and respiration feeble and irregular. The tissues of the heart and became feeble. There was a giddiness in my head and memory began to fail me, I had a constant pain in the left side, in the region of the heart, and extending down the left arm. My urine was weak; energy had departed, and yet, for difficulty in breathing, I could but lie in bed. Mental depression followed and I thought death was near at hand. My limbs and body swelled horribly. I had abandoned practice and came to St. Louis to be treated. I tried two physicians, but my case did me no good. In June I went to Dr. McCoy—and as for the result. Well, you can see the result yourself. 'I am now a well man—as well as I ever was." Dr. Rootes has been practicing for forty-six years at Hard's Post Office, Callaway County. He graduated from McDowell College, in St. Louis, in 1843.

DOCTOR

CRESAP McCOY,

late of Bellevue Hospital New York,

HAS OFFICES AT

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Treats with equal success all curable cases, curing infirmities generally considered incurable.

Chronic diseases treated successfully. Consumption, Bright's Disease, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism and all Nervous Diseases. All diseases peculiar to the sexes a specialty. Catarrh cured. Fits cured. Consultation at office or by mail, $1.

Office hours: 9 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 4 p. m.; 6 to 8 p. m.

Send 10 cents in stamps for 100 page treatise on diseases by Dr. McCoy.

Correspondence receives prompt attention. No letters answered unless accompanied by 4 cts in stamps.

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A POSITIVE CURE FOR

DRUNKENNESS

OR THE LIQUOR HABIT.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, is absolutely tasteless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or a confirmed alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist.

Golden Specific Co., Prop'rs, Cincinnati, O.

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Opera and Field Glasses.

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Artificial Eyes a Specialty.

ESTABLISHED 1838.

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SUITS CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.

Cleaning.		Dyeing.	
Coat	$1 00	Coat	$2 00
Pants	50	Pants	1 00

North Sixteenth, bet. Marion and Chestnut. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXIV. ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1885. NO. 13.

'FAMOUS'

Millinery and Fancy Goods Dep't.

LOWEST PRICES TALK

All the favorite shaped Ladies' Felt Hats, 70c.

Very Finest Imported Ladies' French Felt Hats, $1.25, $1.35 and $1.60.

Ladies' Jersey Hats, in all shapes and shades, $1.25.

120 different styles Misses' and Children's Trimmed Felt Hats, $1.10 and $1.25.

75 and over different styles in Children's and Infants' Plush Velvet and Worsted Caps, 45c, 50c, 75c and $1.

JERSEYS!

Positively the Largest Assortment and Lowest Prices Anywhere.

Heavy All-Wool Jerseys, $1.

Heavy All-Wool Jersey, with coat back and cuffs, $1.25.

Finest Heavy Cashmere Jersey, tailor-made, coat back, $1.85.

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Fine Cashmere Jerseys, with embroidered fronts in Cardinal, Cream and Beige, $2.79.

Children's Jerseys from 90c to $1.75.

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Ladies' Superfine Merino Vests and Pants, 40c.

Ladies' White Heavy Merino Vests and Pants, 59c.

Ladies' All-Wool Scarlet Vests and Pants, 85c.

Infants' Worsted and Zephyr Sacques, 45c and up.

GLOVES.

Ladies' All-wool Cashmere Gloves, 19c.

Ladies' All-wool Cashmere, 6-Button Lengths, 25c.

Our "Famous" 5-Button Real French Kid Gloves, $1.00.

Ladies', Misses' and Infants' All-wool Mitts, 15c, 20c and 25c.

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Beaded Laces, 19c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c and 45c.

Silk and Wool Bareges, 15c, 17 1-2c, 20c, 25c and 35c.

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Famous Millinery and Fancy Goods Dept.

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An infallible and absolute specific for all the distressing diseases peculiar to the female sex. A trial means a cure.

FEMALE

Ladies suffering from troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter what kind, can find relief and cure in a bottle of Bradfield's Female Regulator.

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Send for our book containing valuable information for women. It will be mailed free to applicants. Address,

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He was not very sick, only a little out of sorts; had a bad taste in his mouth when he rose in the morning; felt as tired in the morning as he did as night; could not eat with a relish; got so he couldn't eat at all for days together; grew silent and morose; finally death ended his earthly career. If he had taken Smith's Iron Tonic when he first noticed his ill-feelings he might have been alive to-day. Only 50 cents at Williamson's Drug Store.

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IS THE ONLY HOUSE THAT MAKE Dress Trimmings a Specialty, and are now exhibiting the Latest Fashions from Paris and Berlin in

Passementeries, Fringes,

Feather and Fur Trimmings,

Ornaments, Buttons, Loops,

Braids in all Widths and Colors.

Dress Trimmings made to order to match all Combinations of Colors in Dress Goods.

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NOUVEAUTES IN WOOL LACES, from 2 to 40 inches wide, 15c to $3 per yard.

Duchess Lace Flounces, $10, $12 50, $15 and $20 per yard.

Duchess Lace Handkerchiefs, very cheap, $1 95, $2 25, $2 50, $3, $3 75, $5, $6, $7, $8, up to $28.

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.

Our assortment is the largest to be found in the city.

1,000 dozen Printed Bordered Handkerchiefs at 5c.

375 dozen Printed Bordered Handkerchiefs at 10c; regular price 15c.

225 dozen Printed Bordered Handkerchiefs at 12 1-2c; regular price, 18c.

75 dozen Printed Bordered Handkerchiefs at 20c; regular price 30c.

EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS

In great variety; 25c, 35c, 40c, 42 1-2c, 45c, 50c, 55c, 60c, 65c, 75c, 85c, 90c, $1, up to $25 each.

We have many novelties in Handkerchiefs that can not be found elsewhere.

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S JERSEYS, 50c to $10.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES and COATS in exclusive styles.

CHILDREN'S HATS and CAPS, POLO CAPS, 20c and 25c.

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Woolen Goods, Zephyr Worsteds.

New Goods in all Departments.

Prices Lower than Other Houses.

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Miss Nolan's Dressmaking Parlors Up-stairs.

"The World's Best."

Made in Every Style and Variety Known to Modern Cooking and Heating Stove and Range Construction.

PRICES FROM $10 to $75.

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NOTHING BUT BARGAINS

AT THE

Wonderful 5c Store, 417 Washington Avenue

THE LAW'S INJUSTICE.

Augustine R. MacDonald the Debtor Prisoner in Ludlow Street Jail.

An Interesting Legal Romance Revived by the Probabilities of a New Trial—MacDonald's Cotton Speculation and the Subsequent Legal Entanglements—The Sturdy Scotchman Imprisoned for Refusing to Pay an Unjust Claim.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, October 14.—James H. Laird, James C. McEachen and ex-Judge Arnold, counsel for Augustine R. MacDonald, served notice last Saturday on Douglass Campbell, counsel for Hovey & Dole, of Washington, of their intention to move to reopen the MacDonald case and give their client the benefit of a trial. The matter will come up before Judge O'Gorman next Monday in the Superior Court special session. The oldest prisoner in point of residence in Ludlow Street Jail is this man Augustine R. MacDonald, the old Scotchman, as he is familiarly called. The story of his life and the chain of circumstances which ended in his seven years' stay behind the bars, is an interesting one, and its recital will, in a measure, serve to show the injustice of the system of which Ludlow Street Jail is the visible exponent. MacDonald is 56 years old, an age at which most men are in the prime of life, but long confinement has broken his spirit and made him old before his time. For seven years he has been a victim of the law's injustice, and the law's delays, living on scanty fare and cooped in a prison cell until his hair is white and his form is bent as from extreme old age. Mr. MacDonald is a son of Capt. John MacDonald, of Glen Aladale, who, with over two hundred of his tenants and followers left his native Scotland in 1772, to escape a religious persecution, and settled in Prince Edward Island. The family of which he is a direct descendant is one of the most noted in Scotch history, dating back to feudal times. His father, Capt. John MacDonald, was a captain in the English army and the laird or proprietor of the two estates of Glen Aladale and Glen Finnan, and was known to his followers as

THE LAIRD OF THE GLENS.

When the unfortunate Prince Charles Edward Stuart landed on the west coast of Scotland in 1745, Alexander MacDonald, the laird of Glen Aladale, of that day, together with young Clan Ronald, were among the first to join his standard, and it was on Glen Aladale's estate that the young Prince unfurled the royal standard of the Stuarts in the presence of Glen Aladale, Loca Garry, Glen Garry, Lochiel and other lowland and highland noblemen and chiefs. It was this same Glen Aladale who accompanied the Clan Ronald contingent as Major in Charles Edward's romantic advance in the heart of England, and fought with them at the battles of Prestonmains and Falkirk, and finally at the decisive but fatal battle of Culloden Moor. At the time of the battle of Culloden Capt. John MacDonald, the founder of the Scotch colony on Prince Edward Island and father of Augustine R. MacDonald, was a chief. Augustine MacDonad was born in Charlottetown, P. E. I., and was educated at Stoneyhurst College, England. During his college days and for years after he was a warm personal friend and associate of Gen. Thomas Francis Meagher—in fact until the death of the latter. Returning to this country after completing his college course at Stoneyhurst, young MacDonald located in Boston and studied law under the illustrious Judge Choate. He soon relinquished the law, however, and engaged in the tobacco business in the South, in which he was very successful. Afterwards he was engaged in cotton trade and accumulated a handsome fortune. This is the story as told in his behalf. After the occupation of Vicksburg by General Grant, early in 1864, President Lincoln, desiring to put a stop to the wholesale destruction of cotton, selected and empowered MacDonald to negotiate on behalf of the Government a secret convention with the Confederate military commander of the Trans-Mississippi Department, which would permit cotton to be purchased by loyal citizens and neutral subjects of friendly foreign powers from Southern cotton factors, and thereafter (while in the possession of such purchases or their venders) insure its protection against the seizure or rapacity of the respective armies. MacDonald was at that time and is yet a subject of Great Britain. His mission was accomplished in a manner

SO DISCREET AND WISE,

his friends say, that he received the personal thanks of President Lincoln. It is alleged that in one day lists of cotton were transferred to him on trust to the extent of 72,000 bales, which, in the New York markets, were worth $40,000,000, the Confederates stipulating not to burn and Mr. Lincoln agreeing not to confiscate it. While thus acting for the Government he had also bought cotton on his own account to the value of $2,000,000. To protect the cotton in his charge, Mr. Lincoln placed it under the protection of the British flag, but in January, 1865, some $3,000,000 worth of it, including all his own, was burned by a body of United States troops under the command of General Osborne. For the loss of this cotton he made a claim against the Government as a subject of Great Britain, and it was brought before the commission appointed by the respective Governments to settle such claims. In support of his claim MacDonald engaged Mr. Meyers, a Memphis attorney, and through the latter, Hovey & Dole in Washington, became interested, but in a way which MacDonald declares was irregular and unlawful and contrary to his positive orders. However that may be, when, in April, 1875, MacDonald received $108,000 through an order of court Hovey & Dole made a claim against him for alleged services. This led to lawsuits, in which MacDonald was at first successful, but later, and after General Butler was employed by Hovey & Dole, the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia reversed the decision, claiming that it had jurisdiction where previously it decided that it had not. In February, 1879, Hovey & Dole transferred the operations from Washington to this city and began an action in the Supreme Court, charging MacDonald with the wrongful taking and detention of personal property," the property being their claim for services. The validity of the claim MacDonald and his counsel flatly denied. However, he allowed a default to be taken against him and an order of arrest was granted, on which he was arrested and

PLACED IN LUDLOW STREET JAIL,

where he still remains. MacDonald's counsel argue that neither the order of arrest nor the complaint of Hovey & Dole charged that he had converted anybody else's property, but simply that he detains his own property upon which their claim rested. There is no pretense that the property alleged to be liened was ever in their possession, and there is nothing inconsistent with the ordinary condition of liened property that the owner, and not the lienee, should hold it in possession. His long imprisonment and the heavy expenses to which he has been subjected have, it is claimed, reduced Mr. MacDonald to penury. He might have secured his release before this by taking advantage of the pauper act, but this he has steadfastly refused to do, as it would, in a measure at least, be an acknowledgment on his part that the claim against him was just. To the ordinary man this may seem a strange reason for remaining behind the bars, but MacDonald is, obviously, not an ordinary man.

COOPER'S CONTRACTS.

Lawyer Van Sinderin Swindled by a Son of Admiral Cooper.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, October 14.—Alvan H. Van Sinderin, a lawyer whose residence is at No. 178 Columbia Heights, has brought suit in the Supreme Court against Wm. H. Cooper, a son of Admiral Cooper, United States Marshal, to recover $12,000 and interest. His brother, Geo. H., was arrested recently for theft. Nearly a month ago it was mentioned that an attempt had been made to arrest Cooper on complaint of a friend, who accused him of swindling him out of $15,000. He succeeded in making his escape before the sheriff could lay hands upon him. Consequently, A. H. Fleschwanger was sorely disappointed. Now Van Sinderin brings a similar charge. He accuses Cooper of swindling him out of $12,000 by means of a bogus contract with the United States Fish Commission. In an application for an attachment against the defendant's property, Van Sinderin declares that he has been the intimate friend of Cooper for five years. In July last, in answer to a letter, Van Sinderin went to Cooper's office, No. 62 William street, New York, where he carried on the business of an engineer, machinist and metallurgist. The defendant said he had been awarded a contract by the United States Fish Commissioner to furnish pumping engines for $36,000, and that he had made a sub-construct with the Davidson Pump Company of No. 82 Keap street, Brooklyn, for $30,000, so that his profit would be $6,000. He must, however, deposit with the Fish Commissioner a certified check for $34,000, and if the plaintiff would lend him half that sum he could furnish the other, and plaintiff, as his share of the profit, should receive $1,800 when the work was finished, about October 1. Cooper produced a formally drawn contract dated Washington, D. C., June 29, 1885, and marked on its face "Contract for pumps from A. B., No. 7,035," and signed "W. L. Bailey, Engineer in Chief, Fish Commission, United States Government." He also produced a sub-contract with the Davidson Pump Company, signed "M. T. Davidson." Relying on these documents and the representation made by Cooper,

VAN SINDERIN PAID HIM OVER $12,000,

and received in return on August 5, as receipts, the contract and sub-contract, to be kept by him until a settlement was reached, and Cooper's promissory note of two months, payable at the Gallatin National Bank, New York, for $18,800. On August 15 Cooper reported that the $34,000 had been deposited with the Fish Commission, and on September 10 he delivered a voucher which he said had been received by him—No. 272. A—and dated Washington, August 5, acknowledging the receipt of $34,000, and signed W. J. McKeun, treasurer, and accepted by W. L. Bailey, engineer-in-chief. On September 3 Cooper paid the plaintiff $300 as part of the profits on the contract to date. On September 30 plaintiff received a letter dated Sunday noon, whose contents were as follows: "I have only a few moments ere my steamer sails, to write you. Those papers you hold are null and void and are of no value, as I told you it was. I thought everything was all right, but I have been swindled by a man named Stone, and will never be able to look you or any one in the face again. Some day I will return and pay in full. The agony of this awful affair has nearly driven me crazy. I don't know hardly what I do or say. For God's sake, spare my poor father and mother, Van. It will do you no good to appeal to them. My father has nothing but his pay, and my mother is at the point of death. I am going down to a certain point where I have money owing to me, and will return in six months and pay all. God grant me sane senses until that time.

[Signed] "W. H. COOPER."

On telegraphing to Washington, Van Sinderin ascertained that the alleged contract was fraudulent. The Davidson company also declared that it had no knowledge of the sub-contract. What has been done with the $12,000 has not yet been learned. Cooper, until within a few weeks, resided at the Clarendon Hotel. He disappeared from that hotel at an early hour on the morning of September 25, since when he has not been seen. Before his departure he was a frequenter at the Brighton races. He is said to have lost heavily there. He calls himself an engineer, a chemist and a metallurgist. It is believed that the Atlantic now rolls between him and his pursuers. Van Sinderin is connected with the law firm of Bange & Stetson, the New York barristers. He once pulled stroke-oar in the Columbia College crew.

A NEW YORK TRAGEDY.

Mrs. Lizzie Healy, a Young Married Woman, Murdered by Frank Brower.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, October 14.—Mrs. Lizzie Healy, 32 years old, was shot and fatally wounded at her apartments, 236 East Forty-fourth street, last evening by Frank Brower, a young gambler, who had been paying attentions to her for the past eight or nine months. The only witness of the tragedy was Mrs. Healy's little son John, 4 years old, who was found alone in the room with his unconscious mother two hours after the shooting. The woman's husband, John Healy, is employed by Baggs' Express Company at the Grand Union Hotel, and does not generally arrive home till late at night. He is 30 years old and the couple were married eight years ago, when Mrs. Healy was 14. They occupy the ground floor of 236, a tenement house, and, judging from the surroundings, are in comfortable circumstances. Mrs. Healy had considerable company at times, of which she was fond. Among her acquaintances are Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Snook. Snook is an ex-steward of the Knickerbocker Club. He and his wife live in the neighborhood and were frequent visitors at the Healys. Yesterday afternoon Mrs. Snook left home and told her husband to call for her at Healy's on his way home in the evening. While at the house young Brower also called and remained till after the Snooks had gone, which was at 6 o'clock. About 8:30 o'clock Catherine Coon, a neighbor, called on Mrs. Healy, but on opening the door was horrified to find the woman lying

IN A LARGE POOL OF BLOOD

in the middle of the floor in the sitting-room. She was unconscious, and her little boy sat by her side sobbing piteously.

"Who did this?" was the woman's first cry, and the child replied:

"Mr. Brower. He chased mamma all round the room, and when he caught her he put his arm round her and bang went his gun. Mamma fell on the floor."

Policeman William McCullagh came in response to a message and sent for an ambulance. The ambulance surgeon from Bellevue Hospital cast a hurried glance at the woman, and said: "Oh! it's nothing but nosebleed," and left the house. Policeman McCullagh then washed the blood from the woman's face and discovered a pistol-shot wound on the right cheek near the nose, and another ambulance was sent for, but the call was not responded to until 10 o'clock, when the woman was removed to Bellevue Hospital, where it was said she could not live. Mr. Healy had been summoned, and from Mrs. Snook's learned who it was that had called in the evening. Detective Shelly, of Captain Mount's command, was detailed to look for Brower, and was accompanied by Healy. Brower, who is about 24 years old, is employed in Joe Murphy's gaming rooms, corner of Twenty-seventh street and Sixth avenue. He had been a constant visitor at Mrs. Healy's for some eight months and repeatedly made overtures to her to elope with him. The woman tried hard to get rid of her persistent lover, but he pressed his suit all the stronger. Two weeks ago he called during the absence of her husband, and again urged her to abandon her home and family, and when she refused and ordered him out of her house he shot at her twice, but missed her. Last evening he again renewed his suit. The child said that the visitor and his mamma sat together for a long time, when his mother got up and ran away. The man followed her around the room and finally caught and shot her while holding his hand over her mouth. The boy said that when his mother was lying on the floor Brower stood over her and looked at her a moment. He then put on his overcoat and slowly walked out of the house without a word. At a late hour this morning the murderer had not been arrested.

CORNERED THE CHAMPAGNE.

"Uncle" Rufus Hatch at a Gay Banquet of Thirteen in New York.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, October 14.—At 8:13 o'clock last evening "Uncle" Rufus Hatch, in every day clothes, including white waistcoat, appeared at Morrelli's Restaurant on Twenty-eighth street. Six tables were spread in the back parlors, with thirteen plates and thirteen wax tapers on each table. A dozen gentlemen in dress suits were gathered near the door of the first parlor. Rufus gazed at them in astonishment. Turning to the Hon. Henry Hill who stood near by, he said: "Just my luck. Here I am in my every day clothes. The president of the Press Club told me that the dress act was not necessary at this dinner, and every man that I see is wearing one. I'll go home again."

"Why, Mr. 'atch," said Mr. Hill, "those are not guests of the club, they're only waiters. Come hup stairs where the guests is. You're hall right."

Uncle Rufus mounted to the second story, where a horde of prominent judges, lawyers, physicians and journalists were assembled. The banquet began not long afterward. Uncle Rufus turned pale as thirteen men sat down at his table and the thirteen tapers were lighted. His gloom turned to joy, however, when he was chosen ruler of the fourth table. The feast had hardly begun when Marvin Clark announced that Mr. Charles Bomisier had sent the club two cases of morizet 80. In justice to Mr. Morrelli, however, he announced that anybody was at liberty to order the wine by paying $4 a bottle corkage. The banquet then proceeded, the sauterne and claret disappeared in their turn, but when the members began to call for the morizet no one was to be had. Uncle Rufus had quietly cornered the market by paying the corkage of the whole two cases. He said it was the first luck he had in speculation this year, and he stood out for $3 a bottle. On receipt of a dispatch from Chicago announcing a rise in wheat he allowed the bears to settle at their own figures and the market relapsed into quietude. At 1 o'clock this morning the club gave a magnificent gold badge, studded with opals and diamonds, to Judge David McAdam, its chief ruler. Gold skulls and cross bones and other paraphernalia suggestive of death were pendant from the badge. The club motto "Mortibus De Sanctarius," was engraved thereon. At midnight a congratulatory dispatch was received from the Thirteen Club of Chicago, to which a fitting response in thirteen words was sent.

LATEST EDITION.

VERY PEACEFUL.

The Situation on the Street Car Strike To-Day.

The Strikers Arranging for a Grand Rally To-Night—A Member of the Executive Board of the Knights of Labor Gives His View of the Future—Situation on All the Lines—Notes and Incidents.

The street car strike, which began one week ago to-day, was devoid of all developments up to 3:30 p. m. Cars were running on all the lines during the day, the Green Line on Fourth street starting up 5 minutes morning for the first time, and being the only one that needed police protection. The strikers have been in session all day at Turner Hall, but had no information to make public.

A Striker's View.

One of the members of the Executive Board of the Knights of Labor stood in front of the Laclede Hotel this morning with his right foot on the box of a boot-black. A POST-DISPATCH reporter, who had just emerged from the hotel, saw him, and asked him how the strike was getting along. "Well, it's very quiet now, as you see," said he, "and I guess it will continue so."

"Are the men going back to work?"

"Not much they ain't."

"Why not?"

"Because they don't have to."

"Well, would'n it be better for them to go back to work than to stand around and do nothing?"

"There are some of our miners over there in the Belleville district who have been out since the 12th of May. They appear to be getting along all right."

"Then the Knights of Labor will support the idle strikers."

"The strikers will not starve."

"But the street car companies seem to be getting along very well without them."

"Well, don't fool yourself. The street car companies are losing more money every day now than would suffice to pay their old men what they wanted for a week. The companies are not running all their cars; only a few of them are running at night. The conductors and drivers they've got don't know their business. We know just exactly what the companies are doing, and we know that they are losing big money every day. These new conductors don't turn in the half of what they receive, and the companies know it. Besides, the people do not like them. Some of them are tramps and are filthy and offensive; some are unintelligent; the majority of them are uncertain as to their period of service and are making all they can out of the roads. The new drivers damage more property than twice their salary would pay for, and inconvenience the passengers without end."

"But what good does that do the strikers."

"Well, it does this good. It shows Mr. Maxon and others of the presidents that it takes something more than a laborer to drive and handle a street car and its passengers. And it is assurances that they must want too old men back. The old men have been educated to handle a car. They are all honest, reliable, intelligent and gentlemanly. They have been graded by the companies and kept because of their knowledge of their business. They are men that the patrons of the roads know and want, and the companies could make no wiser move than to treat with them and restore them to their places. Better hours is what we want. The money compensation doesn't cut so much of a figure. The companies could save money by agreeing to the demands of the men."

"What will you do if they don't?"

"Well, you will have to wait and see. I don't mind telling you that we intend to employ talent to prosecute the roads that have not attempted to put out their cars, and try to settle the question of their charters. The battle is not half over yet, remember that."

At Turner Hall.

The strikers' meeting at Central Turner Hall this morning was unusually well attended. They began arriving early, and came in large crowds, and from the unusual activity shown it was fair to presume that some coup de main was being prepared. Committeemen continually passed in and out of the Executive Committee room, and one, or another of the strikers was called in from time to time. Simon Bass, the legal representative of the Knights of Labor, was on the scene early looking for business for one of the strikers who was in trouble. A number of strikers were still probably appointed to-day to furnish such strikers as are needy their weekly allowance.

OUT IN THE WOODS NOW.

A ripple of excitement was caused in the Turner Hall saloon this morning when a rather seedy looking individual, who was quietly oozing in one of the drinks, was recognized as a "scab" by one of the strikers. He hurriedly communicated his information to a group of fellow strikers and, after a little conference during which words drawn by two strikers positively that he knew the man had taken out a car after the strike was inaugurated, the sleepy individual was rudely awakened and asked to step outside. He complied in a short sort of a manner. He was asked what he was doing there, and, after replying "nothing," one of the strikers dealt him a half-arm blow on the side of the head which brought him to his senses rather suddenly. Cries of "Kick him out," "Down with the scab," and similar utterances helped him materially to realize his position, and when one of the strikers kindly urged his anterior anatomy with the toe end of his shoe the supposed "scab" made a bee line through the mud and disappeared up Market street.

All the Lines Running.

To-day for the first time since the inauguration of the strike cars have been running regularly on all the different lines in the city. The Fourth street Green Line was the last to resume travel, and this morning six drivers were at the stables prepared to take out cars, and, with a policeman to each car, that number was started out. The police report everything quiet along the road except down on Columbus street, near the stables, where many of the old drivers live. Here has been no serious trouble, however, the disturbance being confined entirely to insulting epithets directed toward the drivers. There was a sufficient police force at the stable to accompany a good many more cars than were started, but no drivers were on hand. On the various other lines matters stand just as they did yesterday, the last twenty-four hours having brought out no new developments. The Fifth street cars are running nearer schedule time and with a fuller complement of cars, as is the Cass avenue, the different Locust and Pine street lines and the Washington avenue blue line.

The People's Line had nineteen cars out at 7:30 a. m. Superintendent Shea says they did not run last night because the men were new, and, having no rubber coats, were water-soaked from the day's work. They will be running to-night.

He Was Frightened.

One of the emergency specials assigned to the First District under Capt. Boyd was placed on a street car to act as detective in spotting strikers. His orders were given to him, but he said he was too old a soldier not to know how to act. When Dorcas street was reached a crowd of 300 people had obstructed the track with stones and building material, and the officer fired three shots in the air and then ran for Sergeant Earle, calling: "Watch! Help! Police!" When a squad arrived the crowd had dispersed.

John Havey's Funeral.

The funeral of John J. Havey, the striker who was shot and killed by Officer Pat Hannon last Wednesday, took place this afternoon from the residence, 1434 N. Eighteenth street. Father Henry, of St. Lawrence O'Toole's Catholic Church, officiated. There was a large attendance, and several hundred Knights of Labor were in the procession. After services the remains were escorted to Calvary Cemetery by a large concourse.

A Mass-Meeting To-night.

The strikers will hold a mass-meeting at Central Turner Hall this evening for the purpose of obtaining public opinion in their position. A number of prominent citizens have been invited to attend and it is likely that a large number of sympathizers will make speeches to the Knights of Labor, who formerly served on the street cars. Several members of the Municipal Assembly have been asked to be present and will probably take part in the meeting. The strikers will come with interest those who give 400 busy ty attend.

On Trial for Perjury.

The trial of Officer H. H. Newman is in progress before Judge Noonan in the Court of Criminal Correction. He is charged with having made a false charge against Miss Kate Gussert, to the effect that she had been living in improper relations with a person watchman named Leishman. The charge was originally brought against Leishman before the Police Board and was dismissed whereupon Newman secured the arrest of the house lady on a charge of adultery, which was also proved. The young lady retaliated by causing the arrest of the officer. During the progress of the trial to-day Governor Johnson, counsel for the defendant, stated that the charges made against the woman were untrue, and that the information upon which Newman acted was supplied by Miss Gussert's divorced husband, and that the misunderstanding arose through a mistaken identity. The case was continued at 1 o'clock until 3 p. m.

BUCKEYE BALLOTS.

The Republicans Get Enough to Elect Their State Ticket.

The Legislature in Doubt—Both Parties Claim a Majority on Joint Ballot—Incomplete Returns—Democratic and Republican Gains—The Prohibition Showing Small.

CINCINNATI, October 14.—The election yesterday for State and County officers and members of the Legislature passed off quietly. According to the latest reports last night, the indications were that the Republican State ticket was elected, and it was almost certain that the Legislature is Republican. Governor Hoadly, the present incumbent, was the Democratic candidate for re-election, and Judge J. B. Foraker, who was defeated by Hoadly in 1883, the Republican candidate. Rev. A. B. Leonard headed the Prohibition ticket. Four constitutional amendments were voted upon, three relating to changing the State elections from October to November, and one for changing the term of office for Township Trustees.

A CRY OF FRAUD.

At 10 o'clock this morning the returns from Hamilton County and even from Cincinnati are not all in. This fact is seized upon by both parties as evidence of fraud, and the Commercial Gazette and the Enquirer openly charge the opposite party with fraudulent practices. The Enquirer claims that the Democrats have carried Hamilton County by over 7,000 majority, electing all their candidates for the legislative and county offices. It claims that the Legislature will be Democratic in both branches, by a majority large enough to remove all danger and dispute.

Unofficial footings from 175 of the 206 precincts in Hamilton County give Foraker, 34,993; Hoadly, 28,576; Leonard, 871.

HAMILTON COUNTY.

The Times-Star has returns from all the city precincts except four, which put a different phase upon Hamilton County. The totals are: Foraker, 36,687; Hoadly, 29,886; Leonard, 886. This is accurate, and it has confirmation from at least one other source, it would show that the Republicans have carried their entire legislative ticket, with the possible exception of Robert Harlan, who runs behind the others.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Estimates made here on the Legislature, excluding Hamilton County, give the Republicans 17 Senators and 60 Representatives. The Legislature is composed of 37 Senators and 110 Representatives, of which 74 would be a majority on a joint ballot. This would make the Legislature Republican without Hamilton County. Chairman Bushnell of the Republican State Committee estimates the Senate at 17 Republicans with four close districts to hear from; the House 58 Republicans, with six close counties to be heard from. This excludes Hamilton County.

DEMOCRATIC AND REPUBLICAN CLAIMS.

The Democratic State Committee claims the election of fifty-one members of the House of Representatives, and three doubtful, and twenty-one sure in the Senate. The figures given for Hamilton County in a previous dispatch has been fully verified and it is now confidently claimed by the Republicans that they have elected the entire legislative ticket in Hamilton County, except possibly Robert Harlan for Representative, and that the Democrats have elected Clerk, Prosecuting Attorney and the member of the Board of Control. The complete returns for the county have not yet been made. It is charged that in one precinct there were 200 more votes than registered voters.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Returns from fifty counties show that the Republicans have elected fifty-nine members of the Legislature; in thirty-four counties the Democrats have elected thirty-six Representatives, with fifteen not heard from or doubtful in five counties. In districts from which returns have been received the Republicans elect seven Senators, the Democrats seventeen, and four are reported doubtful in Hamilton County.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, OHIO, October 14.—Thirty-seven of the forty-three precincts in Lucas County, including Toledo entire, as d the remaining six estimated at the vote of two years ago, give a Republican majority on the State ticket of between 200 and 300. The Republicans elect their Representative and the Democrats the other. The Senatorial district is about the same majority as the State ticket. The Republicans will probably elect all the county officers except the Sheriff, the Commissioner, which the Democrats carry by about 200.

Claimed by Both.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, October 14.—The Democratic State Executive Committee claims the Legislature on joint ballot by a majority of three. They say they have positive information of fifty-six members of the House and one in the Senate, with six doubtful. The Republican Committee claims fifty-nine members of the House of sure and two members of the Senate outside of Hamilton County, with five counties and four close districts to hear from.

A Republican Victory.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., October 14.—The official figures of yesterday's election are as follows: Mayor—Denny, Republican, 9,003; Cottrell, Democrat, 9,022. For Clerk—Breunig, Republican, 9,005; Shields, Democrat, 9,202. The Prohibition vote was 167 and the Greenback, 57. The Republicans have one majority in the Council and the Board of Aldermen is a tie.

A Narrow Escape.

Dr. Charles Hoss, a veterinary surgeon living on Third street and Chouteau avenue, while driving down between street this afternoon, was caught on the Poplar street crossing by an engine. The engine struck the vehicle and completely demolished it, but the horse escaped unhurt. Dr. Hoss was thrown out, but by quicning the engine he saved himself from being run over. He was dragged twenty feet and his right leg was badly bruised and he sustained severe injuries about the head. Dr. Hoss states that the flagman made his appearance only when the engine reached the station, and is to blame for the accident.

CITY PERSONALS.

Miss Henrietta Stadler, oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs Weisel, will leave to-night for Europe.

ABOUT TOWN.

MISS MARY REYNOLDS and Mr. Fred Waters will be married at 8 o'clock this evening at the latter's residence, 510 Poeppling street.

Letters of administration were granted this afternoon to Marie Doan on the estate of Joan Doan. The estate is valued at $6,000.

LUDWIG MARTENSON, a Norwegian, 22 years of age, left the Union Stock Yards Hotel on the 15th inst., while in a delirial detirium and has not been seen since.

JAMES DOYLE was detained at his place of business later than usual last night and while passing through the Twelfth street park at about 2 o'clock this morning was assaulted by three roughs, but escaped without injury.

THE Fourth Baptist church, Twelfth and North Market streets, will give a musicale of English and Scotch songs, under the direction of the Stone-field Quartette, to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock. The services of Miss Lulu Mitchell, the elocutionist, have been engaged for the occasion.

ANDREW OLIVER, a cheesman for the St. Louis Terminal Company, aged 23, while attempting to board a car on Twenty-third street, fell and broke his left collar bone. He was taken to the Dispensary, where his wounds were dressed and then sent to his residence, No. 1403 N. Twelfth street.

A PETITION for divorce was filed this afternoon by Gustave Matthews against Ernestine Matthes. The husband charges his wife with repeated misconduct with other men in Germany. On that account he emigrated to the United States. He asks for the custody of their son, the boy, and the girl, Bertha, remains with her mother.

GETTING SERIOUS.

The Porte Disavows the Bulgaro-Roumelia Union.

A General Feeling of Anxiety—Turkey Making Active Preparations for War—King Theebaw's Insulting and Arrogant Reply to the British Commissioner—Sir Charles Dilke's Speech at Halifax—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, October 14.—Matters in the East are decidedly more serious. There are not wanting well-informed persons here who consider war inevitable. Every one feels the suspense of the situation. One thing is certain, at the first collision, the boasted trusted triple alliance will go to pieces like a conjurer's apparatus. Russia is showing her hand more clearly by the Czar's gracious reception of the Bulgarian delegates and Katkoff's sudden visit to Philippopolis, ostensibly in the interests of his paper. Bulgaria has sent three special envoys to London, Vienna and Constantinople. If hostilities are to be avoided, it will probably be through an understanding between Alexander and the Porte to unite in crushing any armed attempt to alter the situation. The populations are so excited that the die may be cast at any moment in spite of the efforts of the rulers.

TURKEY PREPARING FOR WAR.

CONSTANTINOPLE, October 14.—Great activity prevails in military circles throughout Turkey. Troops are being hastily armed and equipped for immediate service. The Sultan has determined to fight against a further dismemberment of Turkey, and large bodies of troops are being rapidly concentrated on the frontier at strategic points, within easy striking distance of Bulgaria, Greece and Servia. Troops, horses and field guns are being dispatched to the front night and day. The Moslems are enthusiastic, and volunteering in large numbers. A conspiracy has been discovered in the palace, which has led to the exile of Said Pasha, the ex-Grand Vizier.

VERY WARLIKE.

LONDON, October 14.—The hopes entertained last night of a peaceful settlement of the Roumelian question have been shattered this morning by the receipt of a dispatch from Constantinople, stating that the conference has formally declared that the Porte has disavowed the Bulgaro-Roumelian Union. Further news is awaited with considerable anxiety.

M. GUESCHOFF IN LONDON.

M. Gueschoff, who was a member of the Roumelian deputation that recently visited the Czar of Russia at Copenhagen, has arrived in London.

Burmah.

A WAR PROBABLE.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, October 14.—Burmah is now more threatening. The native Government states positively that it will not change the decree about the English Company. England's expected reply will be a casus belli, if enforced.

KING THEEBAW ARROGANT AND INSULTING.

CALCUTTA, October 14.—King Theebaw of Burmah has answered the communication sent by the chief commissioner for British Burmah, in accordance with instructions from the Indian Government with reference to the dispute between the Burmese Government and the Bombay and Burmah Trading Association. The King replied in an arrogant and insulting manner to the note, and refused to discuss the claim of the Trading Company with the Indian Government. The chief commissioner has asked for reinforcements to the number of 8,000 men before sending an ultimatum to Mandalay, the capital of Burmah.

England.

SIR CHARLES DILKE AT HALIFAX.

LONDON, October 14.—Sir Charles Dilke, speaking at Halifax last evening, described the full Radical scheme for local government reform with elective councils for England, Ireland and Scotland. He favored the compulsory taking of land for allotments.

THE BURMESE SCHEME.

Lord Randolph Churchill, Lord Salisbury and Lord Dufferin disagree in regard to the measures necessary to preserve British influence in Upper Burmah. Mr. Gladstone's Government sent Lord Duff rin to eliminate French intrigue in Burmah. Lord Salisbury is satisfied with the assurances of the French, that they have no design on Burmah. It is thought probable that Lord Dufferin will be called from India.

THE NEWMARKET MEETING.

At the second day's meeting at Newmarket, to-day, the race for the Middle Park plate for two year olds, was won by Mr. Vyner's bay colt Minting, with Mr. A. Baltholmi's chestnut filly Braw Lass, second, and Mr. Chilwick's chestnut colt Saraband, third. There were nine starters.

The Cholera.

IN SPAIN.

MADRID, October 14.—There were 253 new cases of cholera and 109 deaths from the disease in Spain yesterday.

IN PALERMO.

ROME, October 14.—During yesterday ninety-one new cases of cholera and forty-two deaths were reported in Palermo.

Ireland.

HELPING BOYCOTTED FARMERS.

CORK, October 14.—The Loyalists have forwarded a number of laborers, travelling machines to boycotted farmers and arrangements to purchase boycotted cattle for shipment to England.

The Dominion.

SUNK IN THE ST. LAWRENCE.

KINGSTON, ONT., October 14.—The barges Beaufort and Adventure are reported to have sunk in the St. Lawrence River near Cardinal. It is feared that the crew of the Adventure have been lost.

A COSTLY BLAZE.

DUFFIN, ONT., October 14.—Lane's block and several other stores were destroyed by fire to-day. The loss is estimated at $35,000; partially insured.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

HAMILTON, ONT., October 14.—The Assembly of the Knights of Labor closed last evening, and a large number of delegates left for home to-day.

Spain.

AN EARTHQUAKE.

MADRID, October 14.—A severe shock of earthquake was felt last evening at Granada.

The Carolines.

ACCEPTS THE PAPAL MEDIATION.

MADRID, October 14.—El Liberal to-day says: "Spain has answered Germany's note respecting the Carolines question. She has accepted the papal mediation and has sent documents to Rome to support her claims."

South America.

DEPLORABLE CONDITION OF PERU.

NEW YORK, October 14.—Mail advices from Panama say Peru is still in a deplorable condition. The movement from General Caceres to friends in Tarma were captured by the Government forces and most damaging letters discovered. Within a few hours the jails were crowded with friends of the Mountain General, and some of the most prominent merchants were banished. Canon Medina, one of the most distinguished prelates of the cathedral was also ordered to leave the country. Ica has fallen into the hands of the Chacerista. It is said that most horrible atrocities were committed by the rebel victors.

The Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were granted today: Adolph Rammelkamp, 24 years, 1315 Benton street, and Emma L. Gausman, 22 years, 1720 Wash street; Rufus J. Dolsee, 23 years, 3765 Lafayette avenue, and Augusta Neddermut, 20 years, 3511 Lafayette avenue; Lyman E. Benedict, jr., 25 years, St. Louis, and Mrs. Phoebe F. Hallock, 21 years, St. Louis; James R. Corcoran, 23 years, 924 N. Seventeenth street, and Mary E. Quilnes, 23 years, 1308 Chestnut street; Chris Berning, 24 years, Bellefontaine Road, and Katie Weitzel, 22 years, Lowell; John Stoffel, 24 years, 1355 Austin street, and Katie Waters, 23 years, 1316 Austin street; Gideon W. Pierce, 28, years, Kansas City, and Nellie M. Garvey, 21 years, New York City; William Conners, 28 years, 2130 Division street, and Emma Lewis, 28 years, 2115 Biddle street; Michael Broden, 28 years, 1409 N. Main street, and Catherine Steiner, 20 years, 1421 Carr street; Sylvester Travers, 25 years, 3810 Cook avenue, and Minnie Koehler, 22 years, 1919 Montgomery street; Joseph Lake Woods, 30 years, Omaha, Neb., and Lelia Muneleer, 24 years, 3837 Olive street; Walter R. Krausnick, 25 years, 1128 Dillon street, and John Wurfel, 21 years, 3019 Gratiot street; Wm. F. Cox, 21 years, Edwardsville, and Maggie Brennan, 19 years, 2242 North Market street; Jacob Brauner, 26 years, Lowell, and Anna Gradl, 24 years, Lowell; George F. Tower, jr., 28 years, 1240 S. Grand avenue, and Carrie E. Kichlor, 22 years, 3606 Vandeventer place; John H. Wilson, 21 years, St. Louis, and Mattie A. Webster, 18 years, St. Louis; George A. Riley, 33 years, 610 Weak street, and Delia Crealy, 24 years, 3211 Franklin avenue; Heinrich Wesling, 22 years, 1008 Victor street, and Anna Dunker, 20 years, 1008 Victor street; August Schneefering, 24 years, 1908 Hebert street, and Louisa Kayser, 24 years, 1341 N. Seventeenth street.

BELLEVILLE.

A Brutal Assault Upon a Young Lady—The Fair—Notes.

The particulars of a brutal assault made by Adrian Martin on Miss Mary Mabel, an estimable young lady, and a niece of Mr. John Tate, a wealthy farmer, which occurred on last Friday evening, have just come to light. On Friday, Miss Mabel, who had been visiting friends in St. Louis during Fair Week, returned home, and, contrary to her expectations, finding no one at the depot to meet her, concluded to walk to the toll-gate where she would be likely to meet some one she knew with a conveyance going in the direction of her home. Just south of the city limits on the Georgetown road, Adrian Martin, a young butcher, came along in his wagon, and asked her if she would not like to ride. She thanked him and took a seat in the wagon. Adrian chatted with her very pleasantly, never giving her the slightest intimation of his wicked intention. When the bridge, about three miles from town, was reached he requested her to alight, as he had some business at Mr. Litzemeyer's residence on the hill and could not take her any farther. She did so, and he jumped out after her. He then threw the young lady onto the ground, but her screams caused him to let her go, and with her clothes nearly torn from her back, Miss Mabel ran to the school house about 200 yards distant. Martin did not dare give pursuit. She told what had happened to Miss Ella Vollrath, the teacher, and a conveyance was procured to send her home. Martin jumped in his wagon and drove off, and is supposed to have left the city that night, as the police have failed to find him, although they instituted a vigilant search as soon as the occurrence became known.

The fine weather to-day drew a large crowd to the Fair Grounds, and all those who attended were well recompensed for their visit. Owing to the bad weather yesterday, many of the exhibitors were deterred from completing their display, and as a consequence there were lively scenes in all the departments this morning. The exhibitors number 1,700. A large number of people came in from adjoining towns this morning and spent the whole day on the grounds. The art display is especially fine, and the hall was crowded during the day. Miss Lulu Ropiequet and Miss Henrietta Kruiner have on exhibition several pictures, which show both ladies to be artists of considerable promise. The display of woman's fancy work is also noteworthy, that of the Sisters of Charity being greatly admired. Workmen with rollers and rakes have been busy all morning in putting the race tracks in condition for the events of the afternoon. The first race was a trot for three-year-olds, and the second for four-year-olds. The entries were numerous and both races hotly contested. To-morrow the races will be more numerous, and those who attended yesterday say they will have a splendid opportunity to gratify their taste. The managers of the Fair have decided to continue it over Saturday.

The Union Leaders held a meeting this evening at the City Park.

Mr. A. R. Russell, one of the oldest newspaper men in Southern Illinois, died yesterday afternoon at his residence on North High street. The funeral will take place to-morrow from the family residence to Green Mount Cemetery.

At the meeting of the Board of Trade last night a committee consisting of Messrs. Edward Abend, Mayor Henry Reis, Dr. Julius Kohl, Hon. Herman G. Weber and Bernhard Hartman were appointed to secure the location here of the contemplated smelting works of Block & Co., and $600 has been already subscribed for that purpose.

A SHARP RASCAL.

Passing Himself Off for a United States Officer.

L. C. Gardner is now being sought by the police for having imposed himself on a party of "movers" yesterday morning as a United States Marshal. He arrested James A. Addington, one of the party, on the ground that Addington was a counterfeiter he was looking for. The astonished Addington was requested to turn over to the alleged marshal all the money that was in the camp, and did so, handing him $12. This was not enough for the self-constituted officer, so he compelled Addington's wife to give him all the money she had, $400. He took the Addingtons in charge, and then meeting another "mover," named Ben Gorham played the same game on him. He brought them into the city, and after leading them about for awhile deserted them. His game unmasked altogether, to $81. The victims are now destitute and are living in their camp six miles west of the city.

THE MYSTIC TRIBE OF CAPAHA.

Cape Girardeau's Grand Nocturnal Pageant—Thousands of Visitors.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CAPE GIRARDEAU, MO., October 14.—Everything is in readiness for the fourth annual pageant of the mystic Tribe of Capaha and the beautiful weather of to-day is bringing people to town by thousands, and there is every indication that this night will be one of the gayest ever seen in this city. There are ten floats which are named as follows: No. 1, Grand Cacique and Council; No. 2, Indian Mound; No. 3, Burial of De Soto; No. 4, Temple of the Sun; No. 5, Inauguration of De Soto's successor; No. 6, Spanish Gondola, filled with musicians; No. 10, Spanish chariots drawn by two elks; No. 8, Indian chariot; No. 9, Fountain of Fire; No. 10, Indian Attack.

The Flower Mission.

The Flower Mission held its regular weekly meeting to-day. Present, Mesdames Barnard, Hunt, Smith, Cavan and Cooper, and Misses Henry and Copp. Contributions were as follows: Flowers and papers, Mrs. J. W. Andrews of Kirkwood, Mesdames Webb, Knoer, and Miss Pyle. Mrs. Gauss sent a basket of grapes, and Mrs. Lubke a quantity of jelly. Distributions were as follows: Children's Hospital, 30 bouquets, 24 lemons, 36 papers and a large quantity of jelly. Good Samaritan, 50 bouquets, 50 lemons and 50 papers. Girls' Industrial Home, 50 bouquets, 36 lemons and a bushel of grapes. A meeting of the Mission will be held on next Wednesday to arrange for the Christmas work, and a full attendance is desired.

Gone to the Grand Jury.

The Court of Criminal Correction to-day transferred to the Circuit Attorney's office the papers in the Maxwell case, and they will be presented to the Grand Jury by Circuit Attorney Glover.

Presidential Heads.

From the New York Graphic.

Washington's hair is long and gray.

Garfield was bald and his hair of a semi-blonde color.

John Tyler was fine-haired, and he was a fine looking man.

Jefferson had red hair and we are told that he was freckled.

William Henry Harrison combed his hair well to the front of his ears, and he was gray at the time he was elected.

President Lincoln did not pay much attention to his hair, and most of his pictures represent it as rather long. It was dark and straight.

John Adams wore a wig, and his son, John Quincy Adams, had the baldest head which ever rested on the pillows of the White House.

Some of Jefferson's portraits represents him with his hair banged in front and coming down over his forehead in the style of the dude to-day.

President Arthur has dark hair, which was growing gray when he left the White House. He kept it well combed back from his face and wore it short.

President Cleveland's hair is brown and thin. He wears it short and combs it up from his fore head. His head is bald at the crown, and it baldness is said to be daily increasing.

Frank Pierce had thick curly hair which fell down upon his forehead, and James Buchanan kept his gray hair well trimmed, combing his hair so as to show to the full his high, open brow.

Polk patterned after Jackson in combing his hair straight back with hardly a part, and both Fillmore and Taylor parted their hair on the left side of the head, while Frank Pierce parted his boldly on the right.

Everybody knows how Jackson's hair stood up all over his head as straight and stiff as the quills of a porcupine, but all are not aware that he was as gray as a badger during his Presidential term, and his hair was as fine as the thinest strands of spun silver.

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

"Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable."—Prof. Mott, Government Chemist.

The fact that Royal Baking Powder is, in all respects, the best baking powder offered to the public, has been established beyond question.

Prof. H. A. Mott, when employed by the U. S. Government to analyze the various baking powders of the market to determine which was the best and most economical, after an extended investigation, reported in favor of the Royal, and it was adopted for government use.

Prof. Mott has continued his examinations of baking powders sold at the present day, and now affirms it as his deliberate judgment, arrived at after most thorough research and a careful examination of the principal brands of the market, that the Royal is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable baking powder offered to the public:

OFFICE DR. H. A. MOTT, CONSULTING CHEMIST,
61 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, Feb. 12, 1885.

* * * The Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure, for I have so found it in many tests made both for them and the U. S. Government.

I will go still further and state that, because of the facilities that company have for obtaining perfectly pure cream of tar tar, and for other reasons dependent upon the proper proportion of the same, and the method of its preparation, THE ROYAL BAKING POWDER IS UNDOUBTEDLY THE PUREST AND MOST RELIABLE BAKING POWDER OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

HENRY A. MOTT, PH. D., etc.

SAM CLUBB SLUGGED.

He Is Severely Beaten By Clem Creveling This Afternoon.

An Exciting Scene in the Office of the Wiggins Ferry Company—Revolvers Drawn—Statement of the Parties Concerned in the Fracas.

Shortly after 2 o'clock this afternoon the occupants of the building on the northeast corner of Third and Chestnut streets, were somewhat surprised to see a young man of medium size come half-stumbling half-running down the stairs. A crowd immediately collected on the corner and began speculating as to the cause of the disturbance. To the by-standers who questioned him, the young man stated that he had been assaulted by Capt. S. C. Clubb, the president of the Wiggins Ferry Company, in the office of the company on the third floor. According to his statement revolvers had been flourished and some one had been hurt. The story as it traveled up the street assumed different portions and a POST-DISPATCH reporter who arrived on the scene a few minutes after expected to find the vicinity bathed in gore. Everything was comparatively quiet, however, and even the office of the secretary and treasurer of the Wiggins Company on the second floor displayed no evidences of unusual excitement. The hall of third floor was empty, and through the glass door of Capt. Clubb's office in the northwest corner of the building, everything seemed in its usual condition except that Capt. Clubb, to all appearances, the occupants had fled. A knock at the closed door, however, brought some one from the inner room. The reporter inquired for Captain Clubb and was told in rather peremptory manner that he was not in the office. The reporter stated his mission and the gentleman at the door requested him to wait for Mr. C. Newkirk, the assistant secretary. Shortly after Captain Clubb came out, went into the office down stairs, put on his overcoat and going down the second flight of stairs, jumped into his buggy and drove away. His right eye was discolored and his right temple black and swollen. On the left side of his chin was a scratch. Assistant Secretary Newkirk then came down stairs and returning to his office made the following statement:

"I was seated in Captain Clubb's office when J. G. and Clem Creveling walked in. Captain Clubb, I think, was busy writing, requested them to sit down and I sent the young lady stenographer down stairs on an errand. When she returned Captain Clubb was through writing and stepped into the next room to sit down. I was alone in the inner room. As the Captain sat down he said some thing, though what I do not know. Jim Creveling said something and the Captain started to reply when Clem sprang forward and jumped on him. The Captain was seated at the time, I started forward to assist the Captain when I saw Jim Creveling passed me aside. I then ran into the hall to call for assistance. I knew the Captain could take care of Clem alone. I called Capt. McGinnis, Superintendent of the East St. Louis Connecting Railway, and, coming up, he met Clem, who had run past me, just at the head of the stairs. Jim Creveling ran across the hall into the lawyer's office."

"Was this the first time the Captain had met the Crevelings since his return?"

"He had seen them a week ago Monday in this office and they had spoken to one another, but no words had passed between them."

It is understood that Capt. Clubb will swear out a warrant, but Mr. Newkirk stated that he was on his way home.

MR. CLEM CREVELING

was seen this afternoon after the fight, and he gave his statement of the affair. He said that he and his brother James G. went to the office of the Wiggins Ferry Company yesterday to propound certain questions to the Secretary as stockholders. The questions related to the amount of money owed by the Ferry Company, the East St. Louis Connecting Railway, the St. Louis Transfer Company, and to whom it was owed. There was a question also as to how much money was advanced on the purchase of land made by S. C. Clubb from A. Meier, and also as to how much money was disbursed by the Ferry Company for the East St. Louis elections. Secretary Clark told them to call again to-day and a copy of the questions was left in the office. This morning when the Crevelings returned Clark said he had sent them a letter. The letter stated that the questions had been submitted to Captain Clubb and he wanted the Crevelings to call on him for an answer. They returned to the office about 2 o'clock to see Capt. Clubb.

E. C. Newkirk, Capt. Clubb's private secretary, was in the office with the lady type-writer.

Mr. Creveling said substantially: "Ten minute we went into the office Newkirk told the lady to leave. Captain Clubb was standing near by. Captain Clubb ordered us to stay in the outside room where we were. He came out to about a minute, and addressing us said 'What do you want here. My brother said, 'Be careful how you talk. We came here quietly as stockholders for information.' Clubb at once struck at me and dodging the blow and striking him in the left eye, knocked him down; jumped on him with both feet and was pounding him, when one of him when help came. My brother held Newkirk, but he called for help and a whole gang came out of Clubb's private office in the Transfer Railway rooms. There were McGinnis, Steve Smith, Charley Haines and De Pierre, employes of Clubb. McGinnis seized hold of me and pulled a revolver. I knocked him to one side and my brother called out that they were pulling guns on me. Then I went down stairs and I returned with a policeman and got my hat and coat."

THE VALET IN AMERICA.

No Place for a Man-Servant in This Country—Experience of Americans.

From the Brooklyn Eagle.

"I remember, too, hearing of Waukeen Miller, the golden-haired poet of the Sierras. According to the story, he walked about Boston with his long yellow hair flowing down over his shoulders, and his pensive gaze fixed upon his yellow beard. He walked along with his hand clasped before him. About seventeen inches behind the poet stalked a gigantic negro in livery. He kept perfect step with his master, and quite took the blush off the rose, so to speak, for no man could look long at the poet of the Sierras without having his eyes attracted to his stalwart retainer. Behind the retainer walked Cuba Harvard man in single file, and after that came the usual mob of small boys. The Boston papers said that Waukeen employed the negro to hold people while he read his poetry to them, and when this news spread abroad Mr. Miller released the negro from service. This sort of thing doesn't go very well in America, at the best. I have a friend named Drysdale who has done much to lift Bermuda into its present prominent and unique position among the six continents of the world. I have always held the opinion that Burmuda would never have been a continent had it not been for Mr. Drysdale. One spring this gentleman returned from the South, and presently his name appeared upon the Astor House register as "W. Drysdale and man-servant." News of it spread abroad, and when the next day Mr. Drysdale entered forth, his friends congregated to see him pass by. The man-servant was on hand. Perhaps it would be more proper to say that he was on foot, for fully nine-tenths of his time was spent in stepping on his master's pedal extremities. It was equally bad for his heels. It is difficult to walk the streets with dignity and complacency when a man-servant is continually making violent efforts to walk up the back of your legs. This particular servant had a perfect passion for that sort of thing. He could step more frequently on his master's heels than on the ground. I have no doubt that if Mr. Drysdale had kept the servant to the present time he would have to go around in an invalid chair, with a section of a cast-iron boiler riveted over the lower part of his legs. There is no place in America for a valet, after all. Men who go to Europe and find a personal servant of great convenience and comfort to them, not unfrequently come back attended by a man. It doesn't last long here. The spirit of the age is still against it, and the opportunity for servants to go into trade or business is so great that they usually avail themselves of it.

Albert Edward's Game Farm.

From the London World.

Although the Prince of Wales is by no means first among the breeders, I know that on his estate of Sandringham and the adjoining property of Castle Rising-ham, which he has leased for sporting purposes, as many as 7,500 pheasants are usually provided by his Royal Highness for his sporting friends. In two or three of the dukeries, and on other large estates as well, immense palms are taken to insure abundant supplies of "the bird of Colchis." The killing of from 2,000 to 4,000 birds at one battue has often been recorded, and it is on record that 9,500 were shot during one season at Elvedon, in Norfolk, which has an area of 17,000 acres, and where all kinds of game used to be bred for sale by the Maharajah Dhuleep Sing. There are other "game farms," as they are called, in various parts of England, and there is at least one such place in Scotland, situated on the Marquis of Ailsa's estate in Ayrshire, and connected with it there is also an interesting suite of piscicultural ponds.

HOUSEHOLD AND OTHER ART.

In a handsome art catalogue printed on West the facts in the life of Benjamin West are given under the name of Gilbert Stuart.

Decoration is now considered necessary in all parts of the house; the hall has its jardiniere, its rich skin rugs, its walls decorated with antlers, heads of animals, old brasses, arms and armor.

It is hardly possible to have too many cushions about the room at the present time; all easy chairs are supplied with one, and placed one upon another, Oriental fashion, they serve as seats.

"One hundred and sixty thousand francs are to be expended in the restoration of the Porte St. Denis, Paris." The decayed old work is to be cut out and new stones matching the others in color are to be introduced.

The attempt to restore Titian's Tribute Penny has not proved satisfactory. By using too thin a coat of varnish it has been unduly heightened in several places. The experiment made at Dresden with the Madonna di San Sisto was entirely successful.

The chairs of the colonial period were ideas of comfort, being fashioned to conform as much as possible to the human outlines, and within the past few years many of these quaint pieces have been reproduced and restored to places of honor once again.

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Come and see
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Remember ou
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Send for Illustrat
ties.

ORIGIN OF AMERICAN

Notes on the Eskimo, New
and Mexican Variet

Prof. A. S. Packard, in American Naturalist

ALL OTHERS.

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Powder is, in all respects, the the public, has been established

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TT, CONSULTING CHEMIST, NEW YORK, Feb. 12, 1885.

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THE ST. BERNARD

DOLLAR STORE!

Never makes an assertion that it does not carry out to the letter. We claim to have the Largest, Most Attractive, Varied and Elegant Stock of Useful and Artistic Goods ever offered to the appreciative St. Louis public. Now we ask the people to inspect our beautiful display and satisfy themselves that we are able to VERIFY OUR ASSERTION.

Come and see us. Take a look over the magnificent display in our Numerous Departments. They will instruct, please and interest you.

Remember our motto is:

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Old Stand, 416 and 418 N. Fourth St.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue of Dollar Store Novelties.

ORIGIN OF AMERICAN DOGS.

Notes on the Eskimo, Newfoundland and Mexican Varieties.

Prof. A. S. Packard, in American Naturalist.

The impression that the domestic dog of the Old World has descended from wild species distinct from the wolf may be well founded, but in America the evidence tends to prove that the Eskimo and other domestic varieties of dogs were domesticated by the aborigines and used by them long anterior to the discovery of the Continent by the Europeans, the varieties in question originating from the gray wolf or prairie wolf. First, as to the Eskimo dog. From the following extract from Frobisher it appears evident that the Eskimo had this present breed of domestic dogs long anterior to the year 1577. Frobisher's account of the Eskimo themselves is, so far as we know, the first extant, and is full and characteristic. After describing the native she goes on to say: "They frank or keepe certaine dogs not much vnlike wolues, which they ioke together, as we do oxen and horses, to a sled or traile, and so carry their necessaries aver the yce and snow from place to place: as the captiue, whom we have, made perfect signes. And when those dogs are not apt for the same vse: or when with hunger they are constrained for lack of other victuals, they eat them so that they are as needful for them in respect of their bigneese as our oxen are for vs."

Good evidence in favor of the pre-Columbian origin of the Indian dog may be cited the following extract from Hakluyt's Voyages regarding the Indian dogs seen on Cape Breton Island, page 1593: "Here divers of our men went on land upon the very cape, where at their arrivall they found the sprices of Okindy the savages which had roasted meate a little before. And as they viewed the countrey they sawe divers beastes and foules, as blacke foxes, deere, otters, great foules with red legs, pengwyns and certain others. Thereupon nine or tenne of his fellows running right vp over the bushes with great agilitie and swiftness, came towarl us with white staues in their hands like halfe pikes, and their dogges, of colour blacke, not so big as a greyhounde, followed them at the heels: but wee retired into our boate without any hurt at all received."

It is probable this variety, the bones of which have been found by Dr. J. Wyman in the shell heaps of Casco Bay, Maine. "The presence of the bones of the dog might be accounted for on the score of its being a domesticated animal, but the fact that they were not only found mingled with those of the edible kind, but like them were broken up, suggests the probability of their having been used as food. We have not seen it mentioned, however, by any of the earlier writers, that such was the case along the coast, though it appears to have been otherwise with regard to some of the interior tribes, as the Hurons. With them, game being scarce, 'venison was a luxury, found only at feasts, and dog flesh was in high esteem.'"

It is possible that the Newfoundland dog was indigenous on that island, and also an off-shoot of the gray wolf, allied to the Eskimo. In their "Newfoundland," Messrs. Hatton and Harvey say that there are to be seen specimens of the world-renowned "Newfoundland dog" are to be met with now in the island from which it derived its name. "The origin of this fine breed is lost in obscurity. It is doubtful whether the aboriginies possessed the dog at all, and it is highly improbable that the Newfoundland dog is indigenous. Some happy crossing of breeds may have produced it here. The old settlers say that the ancient genuine breed consisted of a dog about twenty-six inches high, with black ticked body, gray muzzle, and gray or white stockings legs, with deer claws behind." "It is now generally admitted that there are two distinct types of the Newfoundland dog, one considerably larger than the other and reckoned as the true breed; the other being named the Labrador, or St. John's, or Lesser Newfoundland. The latter is chiefly found in Labrador, and specimens are also to be met with in Newfoundland."

Regarding the dogs of the Mexican Indians, Nadaillac says in his "Prehistoric America": "The European dog, our faithful companion, also appears to have been a stranger to them. His place was very inadequately filled by the coyote, or prairie wolf, which they kept in captivity and had succeeded in taming to a certain extent."

In a recent visit to Mexico, not only along the railroads, but in the course of a stage ride of about 500 miles through provincial Mexico, from Saltillo to San Miguel, we were struck by the resemblance of the dogs to the coyote. There can be little doubt but that they are the descendants of a race which sprang from the partly-tamed coyote of the ancient Mexican Indians. At one village, Montesuma, we saw a hairless or Carib dog, as we supposed it to be. Similar dogs are sometimes seen in the United States.

Finally, that the domestic dog and gray as well as the prairie wolf will hybridize has been well established. Dr. Coues has observed hybrids between the coyote and domestic dog on the Upper Mississippi (see the American Naturalist, 1879, p. 385). To this we may add our own observations, made at Fort Claggett, on the Upper Missouri, in June, 1877. We were then struck by the wolf-like appearance of the dogs about an encampment of Crow Indians, as well as the fort; they were of the size and color of the coyote, but less hairy and with a less bushy tail. They were much like those lately observed in Mexico, and I have never seen such dogs elsewhere. Their color was a whitish tawny, like that of the Eskimo dog.

Confirmatory of these observations is the following note by J. L. Wortman in the report of the Geological Survey of Indiana for 1884: "During extended travel in Western United States my experience has been the same as that recorded by Dr. Coues. It is by no means uncommon to find mongrel dogs among many of the Western Indian tribes, notably among Umatillas, Bannocks, Shoshones, Arapahoes, Crows, Sioux, which to one familiar with the color, physiognomy and habits of the coyote, have every appearance of blood relationship, if not, in many cases, this animal itself in a state of semi-domestication. The free inter-breeding of these animals, with a perfectly fertile product, has been so often repeated to me by thoroughly reliable authorities, and whose opportunities for observation were ample, that I feel perfectly willing to accept Dr. Coues' statement."

To these statements may be added that of Mr. Milton F. Pierce, published in Forest and Stream for June 25, 1885, as follows: "Hybrid wolves have always been very common along our Western frontiers. I have seen several of them, sired both by dogs and wolves, and all I have seen have resembled wolves rather than dogs." It is to be hoped that our mammalogists may collect and examine this subject, particularly the skulls and skins of numerous specimens both of dogs and wolves and the hybrids between them. Further observations are also needed as to the fertility of the hybrids.

They Saw the Real Mrs. Dash.

New York Letter to the Boston Courier.

I heard the following story just before I left Saratoga, and it is vouched for as an actual occurrence. A married couple from New York, who spent last winter in a Washington hotel, saw in a Saratoga paper this summer the name of a lady from the West which was the same as that of one they had known in the hotel at Washington, who was at the latter with her husband, a Member of Congress, and having had pleasant relations with her went to call upon her as soon as they learned her arrival at Saratoga. When they asked for Mrs. Dash they were shown into the public parlor of a small hotel and told she was there, but looking about saw only a lady who was a stranger to them, and so went out again to the office and said they could not find the lady they had called to see. A waiter then accompanied them again to the parlor and said, pointing to the solitary occupant:

"Yes, there is Mrs. Dash. I knew she was in here."

"But," the visitor insisted, "that is not the Mrs. Dash we came to see, whom we met in Washington last winter."

The conversation by this time attracted the attention of the lady who had so unconsciously caused it, and rising in her wrath she said:

"Yes, I am Mrs. Dash, the only Mrs. Dash, but I suppose you came to see the creature who was living with my husband in Washington last winter."

Great embarrassment to the visitors and a hasty retreat followed this, of course. They were aware that a divorce had preceded the marriage of the Congressman in question with her whom he took as his wife to Washington, but did not know until after the visit recorded above that the proceedings had been sufficiently irregular to justify in a measure the charges brought by the first wife, whose language was far more explicit than I have recorded it above.

Large vinaigrettes are almost obsolete now. They had their day in one season, and were quickly regarded as too much of a good thing even for the most pronounced fashionable dame.

NELSON & NOEL,

BANKERS,

Northwest Cor. Third and Pine Streets.

Missouri, Illinois, Kansas, Arkansas and Texas State, County, City and School Bonds a Specialty.

Also all local bonds and stocks bought and sold on favorable terms.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, October 14.—The stock market has been very active, irregular, and feverish this morning. There was a decided boom in operating quotations, which were ¼ to ¾ per cent higher than the closing figures of yesterday. Missouri, Kansas and Texas, which was unchanged; Pacific, led in the operating list, being strong; Union Pacific, Jersey Central, Louisville and Nashville, and Canada Southern subsequently became weak and declined from their fractions. Wabash, Grangers, Lake Shore, the Vanderbilts, Western Union, Oregon Transcontinental, and the Pacific preferred, were strong, advancing from ¼ to ¾ per cent from the opening. At 11 o'clock the market is active, irregular and feverish.

NEW YORK, October 14.—NOON.—Money is easy at 1@3 per cent. Bar silver 91@91. The stock market has been somewhat less active and generally steady since 11 o'clock; the changes in either direction are very slight. Western Union, however, declined 1 per cent, but subsequently recovered a small fraction. Jersey Central advanced ¾ per cent and later lost the greater portion of it. At noon the market is active and steady. Threes 103¾; 4½s 113¾; 4s 122¾; Pacific 6s of 1895, 128½.

BOSTON, October 14.—Mexican Central 7s 48¾; scrip 7½; common 9¾.

New York stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, No. 121 N. Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS.	Open'g	Noon	Close
Canada Southern	48¾	48¾	48¾
Canadian Pacific	48¾	48¾	48¾
Central New Jersey	44	44¼	44¼
Central Pacific	32	32	32
Chic. St. P., M. & O.	40¾	41¾	40¾
Chic. St. P., M. & O., pref.	97	97	97
Chic. & Alton	136	136	136
Chic. Bur. & Quincy	133¾	133¾	133¾
Chic., Mil. & St. P.	84¾	84¾	85¾
Chic. & N. W., com.	130	130	130
Del., Lack. & W.	119¾	119¾	119¾
Del. & Hudson	96	96	96
Denver & Rio Grande	14	14¼	14
Erie com	19¾	20¼	19¾
Erie pfrd	39	41	39
Erie 2d Mtg. Bds	107¾	107¾	107¾
Illinois Central	134		134
Ind., B. & Western	18	18	17¾
Lake Shore	78	78¼	78
Louisville & Nashville	47¼	47¾	47¼
Michigan Central	74	74	74
Missouri Pacific	101¼	102	101¾
Mo. Kan. & Texas	26¾	26¾	26¾
Manhattan Elevated	111	111	110¾
New York Central	101	101¾	101
Northern Pacific com.	30		30
do pref.	70	70¾	70¾
Oregon & Transcontinental	28¾	28¾	28¾
Oregon Nav. & Trans. Co.	91	91¾	91¾
Ohio & Miss. com.	29¾	29¾	29¾
Pacific Mail	48	48¼	48
Philadelphia & Reading	25¾	25¾	25¾
Pullman Palace Car	130	130¾	130
St. L. & San F. com.	29	29¾	29¾
St. L. & San F. 1st pfd.	80	80	80
St. L. & San F. 2d pfd.	45¾	45¾	45¾
St. P., M. & Manitoba	106¾	106¾	106¾
Texas Pacific	20¾	21¼	21¼
Texas & Pacific Land Trust	47¾		
Union Pacific	56¾	57¼	56¾
Wabash, St. L. & P.	19	19¼	19
Wabash Pfd.	39¾	39¾	39¾
Western U. T. Co.	79¾	79¾	79¾
West Shore certificates	103	103	103
English Consols	99	99 1-16	99

COMMERCE.

WORKING THE WORLD.

Chicago Believes She Controls the Wheat Markets—Corn Dull.

Special by telegraph from Pickering & Co., Chicago, to the POST-DISPATCH:

CHICAGO, October 14.—We have had another active and excited wheat market. News from outside points pretty well justified our operations of yesterday, and operators seem disposed to think that Chicago really controls the wheat market, and that any advance we make will be followed by a corresponding rise elsewhere. It remains to be seen if this will prove true; at any rate to the extent of forcing England to pay our prices. Considering the comparatively small stocks on the ocean, this may be the case, if we don't overdo the matter. Certainly there is no doubt on the statement that winter wheat seeding is good on account of moisture, but returns are too meagre to work on yet. Receipts keep up well, amounting to 320,000 bushels at Western points to-day, while the export movement is large. Trading here was largely local, but New York bought a good deal of wheat; also Baltimore and Philadelphia. Among the large buyers to-day may be named Hutchinson, Adams, Eldridge and Linn. Scalpers bid the price up rapidly when it was apparent that these houses wanted to buy, and the market fell back sharply when their wants were supplied. But the feeling was firm at the decline and the market closed steady after several attempts to break the prices down and failed.

Oats were in good demand and stronger with an active demand for sample lots.

Corn was dull but firm. There was a fair demand for cash corn and October lots on premises, although there does not seem to be any large short interest in the market. The country is buying November corn in a constructive way to a considerable extent, and all samples of new corn shows are too wet to do anything with for some time to come.

For to-morrow receipts are estimated at 185 cars wheat, 6,315 cars corn and 135 cars oats.

Provisions were steady and a trifle higher. There was a good demand for lard. This seems the favorite purchase. Packers are buying hogs freely and most of the large houses are running.

St. Louis Afternoon Board.

Wheat unsettled, but generally weak and closed below 1 o'clock. Corn and oats neglected.

Wheat—October 86¾ b.; November 89 to 89¼ and c and c sold in V. at 89¼; January $1 01¾ b; May $1 13¾ to $1 13¾. closing $1 13¾@¾.

Corn—October 39 a., 38¾ b.; November 38 a., 35¾ b.; year 34¾ a., 34¼ b.; January 33¾ a., 33¼ b.; May 36 b.

Oats—October 24¾ a., 24¾ b.; November 24¾ a., 24¾ b.; year 24¾ a., 24¾ b., May 28¼@28¾ a., 29¾ b.

CLOSING PRICES 3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce.

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT—				
Nov	91¾	92¾	91¾	91¾@¾
Dec	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾
January	94¾	95¼	94	94¾
May	$1 00¾	$1 01¾	$1 00¾	$1 00¾
CORN—				
October	42¾	42¾	42¾	43
November	41¾	41¾	41	40¾ b
December	37¾	37¾@38	37¾	37¾ a
May	38¾	38¾	38	38
OATS—				
October	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾ a
November	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾ a
May	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾ a
PORK—				
November	$8 35	$8 42½	$8 30	$8 42½
December	8 35	8 55	8 40	8 47½
January	9 30	9 40	9 22½	9 32½
LARD—				
November	5 92½	6 12½	5 92½	6 00 b
December	6 05	6 15	6 05	6 05½
January	6 00	6 12½	6 02½	6 07½ b
SHORT RIBS—				
October	5 35	5 35	5 25	5 35
November	4 97½	5 10	5 10	5 10
January	4 73	4 80	4 75	4 77½ b

BALTIMORE—Wheat—November 89¾; December 89¾. Corn—October 40¾ b.; year 46¾@46¾; May 45¾@46.

NEW YORK—Wheat—October—November $1 01¾ a.; December $1 02¾ a.; May $1 13¾ a. Corn—October 50; November 51¾; December 50; January 47; May ——. Oats—October 30½; November 31¼; December 32¾; January ——.

TOLEDO—Wheat—October 90¾; November 99¾; December $1 00¾; January $1 01¾; May $1 09¾. Corn—October 45 b.; November 42¾; year 39; May 39.

DETROIT—Wheat—November 90¼ b.; December 99¾ a.; May $1 07¾ a.

Imports Into the United Kingdom.

	Week ending Oct. 10, 1885.	Week ending Oct. 11, 1884.	Week ending Oct. 13, 1883.
Flour, brls	100@105,000	125@130,000	145@150,000
Wheat, qrs	270@275,000	260@265,000	220@225,000
Corn, qrs	80@85,000	120@125,000	80@85,000

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley.
To-day	2,813,500	419,801	214,461	19,340	70,085
Yesterday	2,820,017	382,472	203,880	18,876	68,487
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2 Mixed.	No. 2.	No. 2	No. 2
To-day	2,303,638	309,942	189,384	14,398	———
Yesterday	2,311,628	271,190	179,611	15,946	———

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts		Shipments	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	30,035	51,665	4,520	7,243
Chicago	186,883	215,226	88,490	127,847
Milwaukee	52,505	930	930	500
Baltimore	18,548	20,514	———	———
Toledo	48,019	5,814	62,418	1,000
New York	158,000	214,200	56,000	87,445
Detroit	176,336	———	36,221	———
Kansas City	30,459	11,717	13,000	15,000
Duluth	112,000	———	117,000	———
Minneapolis	147,840	———	22,960	———

CHICAGO—Receipts of winter wheat, 36 cars; spring wheat, 154 cars; total, 190 cars; No. 2 spring wheat, 98 cars; No. 3 spring wheat, 28 cars; rejected, 64 cars; No. 2 red winter, 4 cars; No. 3 red winter, 6 cars; No. 2 winter, 1 car; No. 3 winter, 1 car; rejected, 1 car; total, 12 cars. Corn—11 cars; No. 2 mixed, 9 cars; rejected, 1 car; no grade, 1 car. Oats—No. 2 white, 1 car; No. 2 mixed, 9 cars; rejected, 1 car; no grade, 1 car. Rye—1 car; No. 2, 1 car. Total, 149 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—7 cars No. 2 red winter; 4 cars No. 3; 1 car No. 4; total 12 cars. Corn—11 cars No. 2 mixed; 9 cars rejected; 1 car no grade; 1 car No. 2 white mixed; total 21 cars. Rye—1 car No. 2. Total out 33 cars.

Commercial Notes.

The "Nat Jones" boom in wheat continues to hold, and it is the lower cousin this morning to help out speculative manipulators. The day the wire was put up the excitement was started by tares big traders in three leading markets, viz., Messrs. Hamilton Cheney and Rose Fuller St. Louis, but who is running the New York end is not known. This is merely floor gossip.——A private circular of Aitken & Waddell, Glasgow, says: "We hear to point out to you that the actual exports of wheat and wheat flour from the United States to Europe (of which the U. K. gets the bulk) for the six months ended with the cereal year, which begins August 1, 1885; with the exception of the same weeks in 1884 and in 1883 (computed in tons of 2,240 lbs.) are as follows:

	1885	1884	1883
Wheat	130,021	1,445,719	345,214
Wheat Flour	41,071	77,634	61,429
Tons	180,142	520,358	406,643

"From this are 840,000 tons less of bread stuffs shipped from the United States than at this time last year readily accounts for the extremely depressed state of the shipping interest, and the position of serious indecision in which the account that the consensus of opinion of American authorities, including the Government 'Annual Report of Breadstuffs,' is that this year's wheat crop falls short of last year's by 4,000 000 tons, or equivalent to one 240-lb. sack of flour to every man, woman and child in the United States. Nevertheless, still, this shortage equals two entire British wheat crops. The prospect of exports increasing is very small, and how this extraordinary deficit is to be met may very soon become a very interesting problem to the British Islands. Where can have nothing from Canada and New Zealand until about May next year. Russia has a short crop also this year, and will not supply her usual quota. India is uncertain, and may exceed or fall short of it recent usual export. Other sources of supply are too insignificant to be mentioned in connection with the immense American deficit. Bad reports also come from Australia of serious damage there through drought, which, if correct, may still further intensify the critical position of our supply of breadstuffs until the crop of 1886 is available."

Adams & Co. sold their clients a line of 50,000 bu. for 90 seaks choice old wheat.——The following, composed by Amadee Cole and dedicated to "Our Boss," was to be sung at the close of the day's exercises in the pit: "Where are the bears in wheat? Far, far away. Who jumped on the market with bois feet? Far, far away. They've turned up their little toes: their nerve is gone, their margins froze; Why didn't they bull along with Moses? Far, far away."

L. G. McNair & Co. receive the following by special wire from New York:

We are able to give the following figures from the Western Union report:

Gross decrease	$1,900,000
Operating expenses	1,035,000
Net increase decreased	865,000
Surplus over dividends	108,408
Spent for construction	676,449
London Prices 4 p. m.	1884 Central 105, L. S. 80¾, St. Paul 86¾.

St. Louis Markets.

FOREPOON SESSION, CLOSING 1 P. M.

Wheat—A Chicago curb up 56c and a report that English consols were off ⅛ bid, made a wild opening, and 1c @56c advance was paid at the start. But the longs were too keen to realize at the higher prices, and sellers were so numerous and the offerings so heavy that the market gave way, and a drop of 2@2½c resulting by the time the early call was reached. Principal selling was by T. G. Bowman and Bob Gideon, who threw large amounts of long stuff, and J. C. Ewalt was a pretty free seller, also local scalpers, and the crowd generally let go of a large amount, nearly all of which was long wheat. Probably the largest single seller was Franzia, who was currently reported as selling in Chicago against his St. Louis purchases. In other words "squeezing" the two markets there was nothing new in English cables, which were firm, the private advices reporting firmer, but inactive, and the clearer marking on the other side. Receipts showed no special diminution or increase at the markets of this territory. Following the first call was a recovery of 56@56c, a sharp advance in Chicago on a report that "King Cotton had declared war," being the stimulus. The crowd, however, did not enthuse over this news, and the advance here was not anywhere in proportion with the other market. The feeling, indeed, was extremely bearish, even the steam and trust bulls who h ve stood by the long side during all the declines of the summer having no confidence in this boom and selling at the higher rates. Just about noon there was a raid on the market that sent prices down rapidly and great weakness prevailed, but the close was rather firmer, though ½@¾c below yesterday's close. October sold at 86, but at close could be bought at 86¾; November at $1 00¼ to 1c, opening at $1 00 and closing at 99¾@99¾; December at $1 00¾ to $1 01⅝, closing at 1 00¾ and closing at $1 01¾; January at $1 01¾ asked; January at $1 01 to $1 01¾; May at $1 13¾ to $1 13¾, opening at $1 12¾ and closing at $1 11¾. The cash grade market was firm, but dull, later principally owing to the little offered. No. 2 red $1 in D., 98¼ bid for C. and E., 99¾ for C., 99¾ asked E. side; No. 3 red 90¾ in A. and bid for C., 91¾ for C. & E., 95 bid regular; rejected 75 bid regular; No. 2 Mediterranean 99 bid for C. and D.; No. 3 do 97¾ bid for D.

Corn easier and 1½@¾c lower, with light trading, as operators gave most attention to wheat. There was more disposition shown to sell than buy. November sold at 35¾ to 35¾ and year at 34¼, closing at 34¼. October was dull at 38, bid 38¾; asked; January at 31 to 31¼, bid 33¾; May at 36¾, bid 36@36¾. Cash No. 2 mixed was steady and Orthwein Bros. took all the regular offered for export; rejected sold ½c lower, though in fair order and local request; white mixed grade firmer. No. 2 mixed 35¾ regular; No. 3 white mixed 40¼ in C., 40¾@40¾ in St. L.; 40¾ bid E. side; rejected 39¾ this side; rejected 39¾ in C., 39@ 39¾ in St. L., 37¼@37½ E. side; no grade 34¾ E. and 34½ bid this side.

Oats—Futures dull and unchanged, with a little May at 29¾, the extent of trading. October offered at 24¾, bid 24¾; year at 24¾, bid 24¾; November at 24¾, bid 24¾; December at 26, old 25. Spot No. 2 declined ¾@¾c and the demand only fair, selling at 24¾ regular and 24¾ in St. L.; rejected firmer at 23¾ in M. and E. side, 24 in St. L.

Rye higher and in order demand, but not much for sale. Rejected sold regular at 56, and for U. 57¾ bid; No. 2 salable at 58 regular, and 59¾ E. side, and held 59c higher, and a car sold in V. at 58¾.

Barley dull. Prices ranged as follows: Rejected 60@61; No. 3 60@65; prime 60@65; choice 70@80; fancy 85@90.

Flour—The flour market to-day was firm, and a very good demand existed, local buyers and Southern order shipers doing most of the trading on basis of the following: XX $3 30@3 40, XXX $3 50@3 60, family $3 75@3 85; choice $4 10@4 20; fancy $4 60@4 70; extra do, including favorite brands, $4 70@4 90; patent $5 25@5 55. These prices are for lots on arrival at depot and level; order lots higher.

Cornmeal—Steady at $1 90@1 95 on city orders delivered; pearl meal and grits nominal at $ 75@3 90.

Bran Flour—Quiet at $3 00@3 75.

Hay dull for all save the best grades. Quotations are as follows: Thin side—Prairie $7@9 00; mixed $8@10; timothy $10 50@11 50 for prime to fancy; East track stock sells about 50c per ton below above rates.

PROVISIONS showed a firmer tone, but were dull, and so far as business was concerned little was done. Standard mess pork held at $9 and hard side at $8 75. Some heavy new sold at $9 50. Prime steam lard nominal at 5 95. Loose dry salt longs sold at 5 62½ and boxed at 5¾; f. o. b. on cash orders loose shoulders 3 30, longs 5 31, c'rids 5¼ and shorts 5 75, up country winter c'ribs not salable at over 5 60 c. and f. here. Packed bacon longs 5 80@5 85; c'rids (scarce) 6@6 10; shorts 6¾@6 45, loose longs 5 62½ and shorts 6¾. Country bacon, sides 5¾@6; shoulders 3¾@5¼; c'rids 5¼. Country lard 5¼@5¾ in irregular pkgs (City trims 5¾@5¾). Breakfast bacon 7¾@8¾. Beef—Family $10@13 ₱ brl, according to brand; on orders, higher, $9@9 ₱ brl; dried $10@11; selected $13; smoked tongues $5@5 50 ₱ doz. Tallow—Strictly prime, in oil barrels, 3¾; No. 2 5; choice in irregular packages 5¼; No. 2 4¾; tallow grease 4¼@4¾. Grease—Brown and yellow 3¾@4¼; white 4½@4¾. Salt—Domestic $1 05@1 10 per brl, as in size of lot; ground alum $1 10 per sack—small way higher.

Whisky—Finished goods salable on a basis of $1 08; sales of 122 brls spirits and 50 brls alcohol, and 60 brls spirits, basis $1 06. Cincinnati quiet at $1 08 and Chicago at $1 10. Peoria firm at $1 04.

Lead—Weak and unsettled, with an extremely dull market. Sales of 1,000 tons common at $4 15 are reported as having been made in New York in the past few days, which news exerts a depressing effect locally. Sellers freely offer to sell refined at $4 10 and chemical hard at $4 05, but no buyers turn up at these rates. It is understood that sales of chemical hard have been made here as low as $4 and that refined can be bought at $4 05@4 07½.

Cotton.

The drift of speculative prices at the two principal markets on this side, and also at the Liverpool market, were towards an advance on a report that the Oldham strike had been settled. Spots are quoted points ½c dull and unchanged. Liverpool being rather in buyers' favor, but all other markets simply dull at former rates. Locally the movement was exceedingly dull; but 363 bales being posted up to 2:30 p. m. The close was quiet and easy.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary 7 5-16; ordinary 7 13-16; good ordinary 8 9-16; low middling 9 1-16; middling 9 5-16; good middling 9 9-16; middling fair 10 1-16; stained and tinged not quoted.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS.—Gross receipts to-day 6,855 bales, against 1,815 last year; since September, 1885, 6,840 bales, against 23,702 same time last year; shipments to-day 5,943 bales, against 1,371 bales last year; since September 1, 1885, 34,448 bales, against 16,365 bales same time last year; stock on hand and compressed to-day 10,801 bales, against 8,939 bales.

CLOSING PRICES—3 P. M.

LIVERPOOL.—Uplands 5¾d; Orleans 5¾d; sales 8,000 bales. Futures closed firm. October and November 5 21-64d; November and December 5 20-64d; December and January 5 20-64d; January and February 5 22-64d; February and March 5 25-64d; March and April 5 28-64d; April and May 5 31-64d; May and June 5 34-64d.

NEW YORK.—Futures closed at 1:37 p. m. quiet. October 9.71; November 9.80; December 9.72; January 9.81; February 9.92; March 10.03; April 10.14; May 10.25; June 10.36; July 10.45. Sales; 54,100 bales.

NEW ORLEANS.—Futures at 1:10 p. m. quiet and firm. October nominal; November 9.12; December 9.20; January 9.35; February 9.48; March 9.64; April 9.79; May 9.94; June 10.09; July 10.21. Sales 12,600 bales.

Cotton-Region Bulletin.

For twenty-four hours ending October 13, 1885, 8 p. m. Central time.

War Department, Signal Service U. S. Army

NAME.	DISTRICT.	AVERAGE.		
	MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE.	MINIMUM TEMPERATURE.	MEAN TEMPERATURE.	RAINFALL.
1. Wilmington	84	58	71	.00
2. Charleston	88	62	75	.00
3. Augusta	92	61	76	.00
4. Savannah	92	63	77	.00
5. Atlanta	88	56	72	.00
6. Montgomery	92	62	77	.00
7. Mobile	92	67	80	.00
8. New Orleans	90	68	79	.00
9. Galveston	88	62	75	.00
10. Vicksburg	92	61	77	.00
11. Little Rock	88	56	72	.00
12. Memphis	90	61	76	.00
Means	90	61	76	.00

Posted in St. Louis, No. 419 N. m., October 14, 1885.

G. A. WEBER, Corp'l Signal Corps, U. S. A.

NOTE—The averages are made up from reports received from the number of stations as noted in the column "Number of Stations."

Country Produce.

APPLES—Dull, Common and damaged $1@1 25; fair to good shipping stock $1 35@1 65; choice to fancy $1 75@2 00.

DRIED FRUIT—Steady. Apples—Common to fair sundried 1½@2; prime to choice quarters 2½@2¾; fancy 2¾; common to fair sliced 2¾@3; choice 3@3¼; fancy 3½. Peaches—Sun-dried quarters and mixed 3@3½; good to choice new bright halves 5@5½; fancy 6@6½; peeled, prime, 6@6½; choice 6@6½; fancy 7@7½. Blackberries 5@5½c.

BEANS—Dull and weak. Supply ample for good demand at 40@45 per bu. Onions steady and quiet at 50@55 per bu; $1 50@1 60 per brl.

BUTTER—Receipts $1,500 lbs. Really fancy stock in small supply, good demand and firm; medium grades dull and low grades slow.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month	85
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed

POST-DISPATCH,
515 and 517 Market street,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1885.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND (Market, bet. Fifth and Sixth)—Buttons.
OLYMPIC (Bdwy, bet. Walnut and Elm)—Joseph Jefferson.
POPE'S (Ninth and Olive streets)—The Tigers.
PEOPLE'S (Ninth and Walnut streets)—Foggs Ferry.
STANDARD (7th and Walnut)—Queen's Lace Handkerchief.
CASINO (Fourth, near Walnut)—Van on the Bristol.
EXPOSITION (Thirteenth & Olive)—Open 8 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.
PANORAMA (14th and Washington av.)—Siege of Paris.
MUSEUM (6th, near Franklin av)—10 a. m. to 10 p. m.
CRESCENT RINK—Compton avenue and Olive street.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

CASINO—Fun on the Bristol.

THE bloody shirt, with plenty of coal oil and corporation money, took the Ohio election, in out of the wet.

JUDGE THAYER was undoubtedly prejudiced in deciding the Denison case; he was prejudiced in favor of the law.

IT rained all over Ohio yesterday and kept the Democrats away from the polls. The Republicans wore oil-cloth, Standard Oil-cloth and didn't mind the rain.

LOGAN must look to his fences now or JOHN SHERMAN will be the Republican nominee in 1888. LOGAN will probably hump himself as a representative of the Wild West and open fire on SHERMAN'S Wall street backers.

THE Ohio Democrats counted on a very large Republican vote for LEONARD, the Prohibition candidate. At the same time they succeeded in showing that FORAKER was "a good enough Prohibitionist" for the average Republican.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY FAIRCHILD will not go home to vote the Democratic ticket, but will pair off with Assistant Secretary COON. That was what was the matter with Ohio where the Democratic vote was pared off too much.

MAYOR FRANCIS in one breath repudiates the responsibility for the Denison business, and in the next breath says "of course the city will appeal the case." This is worse than the position taken by Councilman TEMPLE, who is at least consistent in his attempt to "get rid of those fellows."

CINCINNATI, Chicago and Louisville have had Expositions, but St. Louis has surpassed them all in that kind of enterprise. It now remains for St. Louis to take the shine out of them in the matter of music and transfer the crown of culture from the banks of the Ohio to the banks of the Mississippi.

SOMEBODY said that, by failing to turn the rascals out, Mr. CLEVELAND had gagged and handcuffed a host of the most active Republicans in Ohio. The returns from that State indicate that he will have his hands full for some time to come, if he now proceeds to turn out the host of offensive partisans holding Federal offices there.

IF there is one thing for which the citizens and taxpayers of St. Louis yearn, it is for the pleasure of paying the salaries of two sets of officials—of one set legally appointed by Mayor EWING and of another set illegally appointed by Mayor FRANCIS. At present the system of double salaries extends only to a police justice, but the idea is to extend it to all of "those fellows."

LOUISVILLE built and owned the L. & N. railroad. The city was one of its largest stockholders and received, in dividends alone, twojor three times the amount of the original investment. But the L. & N. has grown and extended its lines under her fostering care and assistance until it no longer cares for her and is discriminating against her. The result is a great outcry and a movement to sell her L. & N. stock and invest a million in building a rival road to the South. It is the old story of railroad and city partnerships, and St. Louis is beginning to know how it is herself.

THE Kansas City *Times* has its lips glued to a very plump teat, the collectorship of internal revenue, and yet manages to mutter out of one corner of its mouth that the active, working, deserving Democrats who are worthy of Cabinet or any first-class positions have been ignored or over-looked, and it asks, "What is the matter with our Democratic Senators and Representatives?" It ought to know that they have so many newspaper men to satisfy and so many relatives and small henchmen to provide for that they have really had no time to get anything for the kind of Democrats who have so universally "got left."

THE Cincinnati Southern was built through Kentucky without a dollar of aid from the State, and even paid cash up for every rod of its right of way. Now it is assessed for State and county taxation at an average of $27,000 per mile. Even the L. & N's branches to Lebanon and Richmond are assessed in that State at as high a valuation per mile as the Gould liner that do three times as much business in Missouri and represent three times as much stock and bonds. Evidently the railroad interest in Kentucky is not yet powerful enough to enable the railroad attorneys to run the politics and control the conventions and officials of that State.

THE COMING MUSICAL FESTIVAL.

The concerts of Gilmore's band have fully demonstrated one thing, namely, that St. Louis has the finest music hall in this country. Grand in its immense proportions and in its acoustic properties, it is only fitting that the formal opening of this magnificent auditorium, to be devoted to music, should be signalized by an event proper to the occasion. That this event will not be lacking is due to the enterprise and energy of a few leading lovers of music who are willing to give their time and labor and to risk their money to secure a commensurate celebration.

The Choral Society, with the aid of Mr. THEODORE THOMAS and his orchestra of seventy-five musicians, and of local sister organizations, has undertaken a musical festival of the highest class. The perfect accomplishment of their task will be an achievement which will surpass in importance and magnitude anything ever attempted in the West, and will place St. Louis in the front rank of musical cities. Leaving out of consideration, for the present, the series of concerts by local talent announced to take place during the winter, the festival proper will consist of five concerts—four evening and one matinee—beginning Wednesday evening, October 28, and closing Saturday evening, October 31. One of the evening entertainments will be composed of vocal and orchestral selections, and the matinee performance will be in the nature of a popular concert in the same style as those which Mr. THOMAS has introduced successfully in New York and Boston. The other three concerts will be devoted to oratorio. The subject of one will be GADE'S inspiring cantata, "The Crusaders"; of another GOUNOD'S latest, and, according to competent critics who heard it at the Birmingham festival in August, finest work, "Mors et Vita,", and of the third, MENDELSSOHN'S masterpiece, "Elijah." The chief interest will center around the "Mors et Vita." Its production alone at this festival will be a splendid achievement, as it will be the first production of it in America and the second in the world. In this St. Louis will have the proud distinction of taking the lead over its boastful rivals.

The conception and preparation of so vast an enterprise, involving the collecting and drilling of an immense chorus, the management of difficult and risky financial problems, and the work of planning and executing constitute a gigantic task, full of doubt and uncertainty, which has been cheerfully assumed without hope of reward. The cost will not fall short of $35,000, and, with every seat filled at every concert, the receipts can scarcely exceed this sum. Should they do so, the balance over expenses goes to the Exposition, and not a dollar can be gained by any one connected with the management. The members of the chorus have paid out of their own pockets the preliminary expenses without expectation of return. The effort, therefore, commends itself all the more to the good will of the public because it is done for the cause of musical art alone.

With a carefully drilled chorus of over five hundred voices, including the best local talent, with THEODORE THOMAS and his superb orchestra, and with a list of soloists which comprises such sterling artists as Madame FURSCH-MADI, Miss EMMA JUCH, Miss EMILY WINANT, Mr. CHARLES TURNER and Mr. MYRON W. WHITNEY, the result cannot fail to be brilliant in grandeur of effects, volume and artistic quality. The attention of the entire musical world is directed toward St. Louis in this, her greatest musical effort, and it is safe to say that the highest expectations will not be disappointed. The men who have put their shoulders to the wheel are ignorant of failure, but they require and deserve all the inspiration and encouragement which liberal support can give. It should be given heartily and freely.

REVOLUTIONARY.

The intent and meaning of the charter provisions in regard to the appointment and tenure of the police judges cannot be misunderstood. The singular provision that they should be appointed by the Mayor in the third year of his own term and hold office for four years, explains its own intent, which was to extricate these officers as far as possible from association with the entanglements and consequences of the municipal election. If appointed in the third year of one municipal administration to hold office till the third year of the next administration, unless sooner removed for unfitness or misfeasance, it was hoped to secure both the appointment and tenure of these judges from any sinister influence connected with the intervening election.

The proposition that incumbents can be removed without cause or without trial, whenever a new Council is elected, or whenever a majority of the Council may be so disposed, is therefore utterly revolutionary. It is an attempt to put back into the political grab-bag, judgeships which the charter put away from it. It is an attempt to impose upon them a political control from which the charter plainly protects them. The charter provides that the police judges appointed by a Republican administration shall, unless sooner removed for cause, hold office till the third year of the succeeding Democratic administration, and that judges appointed by the latter shall, unless removed for cause, hold office till the third year of any succeeding administration. This is as fair for one party as for the other, and, while it shields the judges from the direct control of the "bosses" and Council cliques, it makes their tenure dependent on official rectitude and fitness. But the Temple Committee programme is not only to make those judges dependent on the result of every election for a continuance in office, but to make their tenure at all times dependent on the whim or pleasure of a bare majority of the Council.

Such a far-reaching change in the constitution of our city government should not be perfected in by a Democratic Council or committee after such a Democratic jurist as Judge THAYER has judicially decided that it is a gross usurpation of power, a flagrant violation of the clearest provisions of the charter.

THE contest for the Postmastership has reached a blood-curdling point of excitement. According to the *Globe-Democrat's* special this morning, a gentleman "who knows Private Secretary LAMONT well" says that LAMONT is supporting PAYNE. This is important, if true, but it is equally true that PRATHER is supporting HYDE, that HARRIS slept in the same tent with VILAS, that MCHENRY has a letter from a man who speaks of the Postmaster-General as "Bill," that FOX is an original civil service reformer and that ROWLAND has a nephew who gave a dinner to HENDRICKS at the St. Louis Club last week. With so many and such conflicting claims, claims of such real strength and importance to pass upon, it is small wonder that the President passes every time and refuses to take it up.

THE relations between the New York WORLD and the patronage department of the State Department are very clearly set forth in the following editorial statement in last Monday's issue:

> Whatever opinion we may entertain of Mr. Bayard's political judgment, we certainly hold him to be personally honest. We are perfectly willing to leave it to him, and are certain that he is bound to say, that the editor of THE WORLD never, directly or indirectly, constructively, inferentially, impisedly or ever so remotely, asked him for any office or any favor of any kind for any friend or human being on this earth, be he dead or alive or yet to be born.

THE allied corporations from the Standard Oil monopoly down were determined that ALLAN G. THURMAN should not get back into the Senate again. While leading for THURMAN, they put in a small charge for HOADLY and laid him out, too. It was remembered that he did not call out the militia and have the striking miners slaughtered in the Hocking Valley.

Speculative Senators.

From the New York WORLD.

The main question is whether or not Mr. Garland is correct when he holds that he and his associates "had a perfect right" to connect themselves with the project. He was at the time a Senator of the United States. Mr. Harris of Tennessee was also a Senator. Mr. Casey Young was a member of Congress. Others of the stockholders had great political influence. Can Mr. Garland believe that there was no impropriety in the conjunction of the number who held high public trusts associating themselves with an enterprise which could scarcely hope to be profitable unless an existing patent could be annulled, a result which could not be reached without the intervention of the Government?

The company was not composed of electricians, but of politicians; not of speculators, but of Senators. Is not the inference irresistible that it depended for success not on professional skill, not altogether on wise business management and the shrewd investment of capital, but mainly on legislative and political influences?

We have always regarded Mr. Garland as a man of the highest honor and integrity. We have not looked for a laxity in him which would seem natural in others. It is on that account that we are surprised to find him justifying the connection of the highest legislative position in the country with speculative ventures which in a great measure must depend upon political influence for their success. We are forced to regard such inconsistency as an evidence of the demoralization of the times.

A statesman should not be a speculator and a speculator should not be a statesman.

The Sartoris Estrangement.

Galena, Ill., Correspondence of the Globe-Democrat.

The story of the alleged estrangement between Nellie Grant-Sartoris and her husband, Algernon, is believed by friends of the family here; indeed, there are one or two persons in Galena who claim to have received intimation from Mrs. Grant that her daughter's matrimonial lot was an unhappy one. Mr. and Mrs. Sartoris have virtually lived apart during the past five years, the latter having passed most of the time very quietly with her children in Germany and Italy, while her husband has been roaming about from place to place, with no settled habitation. The reported escapade of Sartoris a few years ago, when he came over to this country to look after some of his father's property at Green Bay, and about which the papers had a great deal to say at the time, is known here to have disgusted the General and his wife with their son-in-law, and made a breach between Mr. and Mrs. Sartoris that nothing can heal. It is thought, however, that Nellie has gone back to England with a determination to faithfully perform her duties as a wife and mother, as she always has done, and that she will make no effort to secure the custody of her children with the view of bringing them to the United States and separating them permanently from their father.

Labor Monopoly.

From the New York Evening Post.

In Cleveland, Ohio, one branch of industry has been arbitrarily closed for six months, because the public authorities would not afford to this industry the protection they are sworn to give, and paid to give, to all industries alike. If a small part of the resolution displayed by Frank P. Blair, Jr., a private citizen, in St. Louis the other day, who drove a car through the city armed and unmolested, had been suspected to reside in the public councils of that city, the riot of yesterday would not have taken place, and young Harvey would be earning his living at his trade, instead of lying at the Morgue. But before Mayors and Police Commissioners and other officers can be expected to make up their minds whether the law should be executed or only half executed, it is necessary that public opinion should be, made up as to another question, viz.: Have the existing workers in any employment the exclusive right to engage in it? Have the car drivers in St. Louis, or the iron puddlers in Cleveland, or the coal miners at Rock Springs any better claims to a monopoly in their trades than the New York Central Railroad has to a monopoly of the carrying trade between New York and Buffalo?

An Ex-Congressman.

From the Cape Girardeau Democrat.

One of the most remarkable incidents in the life of Ex-Congressman Hon. L. H. Davis, occurred last week at Jackson. It seems that a cow belonging to our worthy county treasurer, J. H. Schaster, got into the Ex-Congressman's garden. The cow was driven out, but this did not satisfy the high-minded gentleman, and in order to impress all brute creation with his wrath and the punishment that was sure to be visited upon all brute trespassers, he took his shotgun, went upon the street and shot the cow peacefully chewing her cud. After performing this heroic and bold act, the Hon. L. H. Davis retired to an adjacent saloon, with shot gun in hand and took a drink.

St. Louis Appreciated.

From the Indianapolis Sunday Sentinel.

St. Louis had a grand time with her Exposition and State Fair the past week, with the biggest crowd ever seen in that city.

The whole, in all regards, was a first-class success. The fact is, no place on this earth of ours gets up such a fair as St. Louis. When you have seen any number of good fairs you need to go to St. Louis to see a real fair—the premium fair of the period. St. Lou's is a great, financially sound and enterprising city, peopled with as good specimens of manhood and womanhood as are to be found in America, whom the people of Indiana will do well to know more of.

MEN OF MARK.

PRESIDENT SEELYE of Amherst is writing a life of Napoleon.

CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS, 3d, is one of the Harvard athletic committee.

THREE clergymen daily on an average apply for passes to see Hand S.

EX-CONGRESSMAN BURWELL B. LEWIS, now president of the Alabama University, is dying at Tuscaloosa of pleurisy.

RICHARD BISHOP, the Republican candidate for Congress in the Fifth District of Illinois, is known as "Profanity Dick."

THE sale of E. P. Roe's books has reached the aggregate of 750,000 copies. Of Mr. Howells' books the Graphic thinks it is probably stretching a point to say that 106,000 copies have been sold.

ANDREW CARNEGIE has given a house and lot worth $20,000 to $50,000 to the workmen of the Keystone Bridge Works for use as a public library and assembly room, and $1,000 in cash for the purchase of books.

IT is said by the New York Sun that Dion Boucicault's last marriage will not hold good in this country, owing, it is intimated, to the faulty separation between him and his second wife. His present bride is younger than was reported.

COL. R. A. JENKINS has sent from North Carolina to Washington a well-authenticated Stuart portrait of George Washington, supposed to be painted from life. It had been hidden away several years in a garret, where it was placed to conceal it at the outbreak of the war.

JAMES HAMILTON, who is the Irish Duke and Scotch Earl Abercorn, closely connected probably with the Barleycorn family, has just celebrated his golden wedding at Baroosscourt, in the north of Ireland, in a palace filled with children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren. He is very rich, very popular, and is regarded by his neighbors as semi-royal.

SENATOR WALKER of Nevada was attacked by a band of coyotes near Wamsley Gulch recently, and was obliged to take to a tree to save his life. He had a rifle with him and killed a number of the animals, which were quickly devoured by their comrades. He remained in the tree all night, closely watched by the coyotes, but was rescued in the morning by a party of hunters.

THE late Walter Welden was one of the five men, and the only man outside of France, deemed by the French Societe d'Encouragement worthy to receive its "grand medal." It was he who invented the process by which bleaching powder is made, thus, as the chemist Dumas said, cheapening every sheet of paper and every yard of calico in the world.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

MISS NINA RATCHELOR, a Louisville artist of considerable skill, has bidden her Kentucky friends good-bye preparatory to departing for Europe. She expects to make her future home in France.

ADELAIDE DETCHON, who for a season bloomed at Wallack's, is winning great favor in London as a unique warbler. Her imitations of different birds are pronounced delicious. She is fast making a fortune.

WHEN ladies find the color of their dresses injured by watering-place lemonade they usually try to restore it with hartshorn. If, after making this application, they will rub a little chloroform over the spot, they will generally obtain a much more satisfactory result.

GRACE GREENWOOD says that "among its other admirable manufactures New England produces the best educated girls, the truest wives, the noblest mothers, and the most glorious old maids in the world."

MRS. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE is libeled by a writer in Blackwood, who says that her thirteen successive winters in Florida have made her more Southern than Northern, and that she gives a freezing reception to the Yankee visitors to her Mandarin orange grove.

MRS. AND MISS FOLSOM of Albany have arrived in Washington and are staying at the White House as the guests of Mrs. Hoyt, the President's sister. Miss Folsom is the young lady whose name was connected with the President's some months ago as likely to be the mistress of the White House before Mr. Cleveland's term expires.

MISS EMMA NEVADA received a bracelet instead of a ring as the engagement pledge from her fiance, Dr. Palmer. A rumor was started that the bracelet was originally presented to Miss Nevada by Mr. Chatterton, who had been refused in marriage, and that Dr. Palmer had bought the golden key to the bracelet from that gentleman. Dr. Palmer now affirms that he had the bracelet made himself. He wears the key on a little gold pin attached to his trousers just below the waistcoat.

WHEN Miss Annie Middleton was married to R. E. Stone, at Louisville, several days ago, she wore what was pronounced to be one of the most beautiful dresses worn in that city. The front was of imported silk gauze embroidered in marguerites and daisies. The court train was a rich piece of white plush bordered with heavy bands of ostrich tips. In the corsage were some colored tints, which made the effect more pleasing. Downy white feathers and illusion veil, dotted with tiny orange blossoms and fragrant Marechal Niel buds were added. The ornaments were a handsome set of diamonds, a gift from Mr. and Mrs. Middleton.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying This Morning.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, October 14.—The WORLD in its editorial column to-day says: "The Ohio election has accomplished one very desirable result. The adoption of the constitutional Amendment abolished the October elections and made election day hereafter for State officers the Tuesday after the first Monday in November. The October State elections in Ohio and Indiana have been a prolific source of corruption for many years. Both parties have concentrated their efforts on those States in order to win a victory that would have its effect on the November elections. This has led to most outrageous frauds and corruption, and respect for the purity of the ballot-box has been, in a measure, destroyed."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "As concerns national matters, Mr. Sherman's narrow and violent appeals to sectional passion were offset by the Democratic claims that the control of the federal offices had been given them for campaign purposes. But it is probable that no great number of votes were decided by national questions one way or the other, and this is fortunate, for the Republicans have always shown themselves able and willing to give a better State Government in Ohio than the Democrats."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "How comes a gentleman who is actuated by a timely and proper curiosity,

"Sir, why don't you defend your candidate for Governor, Hill, from the attack of the rural press in relation to Tweed & Co's transactions? Yours truly, J. WILLMARK."

"Why, bless your soul, there's nothing in it. Mr. Hill needs no defense against the rural press in this matter. The attacks are harmless. Even if their assertions were all true, there's nothing in them. They only indicate that there's no real attack to be made upon him."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

LEWIS HORN (Mexico, Mo.)—The indebtedness of St. Louis is $23,000,000, of Chicago $15,000,000.

A SUBSCRIBER.—Sullivan drew first blood, won the first KNOCK down and was awarded the fight by the referee. A wins the belt.

TWO SUBSCRIBERS.—There is no law against mutilating coins in the sense you mean. A jeweler or any one else who owns a coin has the right to destroy or deface it.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in the POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 555.

HE CALLED HER "PET."

Some Breezy Testimony In the Roemer-Helmich Case.

Continuation Before Judge Horner of the Breach of Promise Suit—Miss Sarah Roemer Makes a Spicy Witness—The Liquor Dealer "Too Sweet For Anything"—He Called Her Sister a Darling and a Daisy—Scenes and Incidents in the Court-Room.

In the breach of promise case of Miss Lisette Roemer, the love-lorn seamstress, against Henry Helmich, which was called late yesterday afternoon in Judge Horner's court, the deserted maiden gave her testimony at the opening. Miss Roemer is a sprightly young woman and talks with fluency and ease. She told the story of Henry's courtship with all the romantic details that surround this interesting process, and also told how he deserted her without a word of warning. Helmich is a liquor dealer at No. 1214½ Biddle street, and is a widower of nearly two years' duration. Miss Roemer was introduced to Helmich while walking on the street with a friend on March 14, 1884. It was a case of love at first sight, as after several meetings Helmich called her his darling to a mutual friend and pressed his suit vigorously, calling frequently and taking her walking. The subject of marriage came up very soon after the acquaintanceship. He made a confidante of Miss Roemer, told of his business affairs, of his gloomy home, and pictured a bright future for himself and Miss Roemer in a comfortable home. He kissed and caressed her and called her pet names and by endearing terms. The formal proposal was made in September of last year and was accepted shortly afterwards and the day was set. He even went so far as to make her presents of money and valuables. After Helmich had married another lady, when Miss Roemer approached him, he acknowledged that he had done her a great wrong and asked her not to expose him.

Mr. and Mrs. Raebel, cousins of Miss Roemer, testified that the pair called at their house in Belleville and Helmich made every demonstration of affection and stated that he intended to marry Miss Roemer. The case was then adjourned until this morning.

TO-DAY'S TESTIMONY.

By 10 o'clock this morning court-room No. 4 was filled with witnesses and spectators. The defendant, who is a small, pale blonde, with a decidedly Germanic face, came in with his lawyer, Mr. McGinnis. He wore a meek expression and a subdued air. He quietly took his seat and watched the crowd coming in.

Miss Lisette Roemer walked into the room with her sister and several female friends, who are witnesses in the case. She was dressed in plain but neat black, without a particle of color to relieve the soubreness of her costume. She had black kid gloves on her hands and carried a small black handbag. She wore on her head a black velvet bonnet, with black feather and jet trimmings. Her eyes were red as if she had been weeping, and during the entire proceedings in court, except when consulting to her lawyers, she held a handkerchief to her mouth. Her air was calculated to excite sympathy. The motion of the Court was occupied for the space of an hour with the disposal of cases on the docket for to-day. The Roemer-Helmich case was then taken up.

C. H. MULNER,

1314 North High street, who was the first witness called, testified that he was acquainted with the plaintiff and defendant for five or six years; he has acted as book-keeper for Helmich for four years, and was in his employment last March; he had heard Helmich speak of calling on Miss Roemer for a year previous to his last marriage; he heard the defendant say that he had given Miss Roemer $40, and Miss Roemer say that he had given it to her as a Christmas present; he took a message to Miss Roemer once to the effect that Helmich could not come to call; Mr. Helmich and Miss Roemer were at the house together once; Mr. Helmich stated to him that he had taken Miss Roemer to ride frequently. The most interesting part of the witness' testimony was with reference to Miss Roemer's visit to the Helmich establishment after his marriage. He did not hear all of the conversation between the two. He heard Helmich telling her to keep quiet.

Mrs. Roemer returned $80, $40 of which, she said, Helmich had given her, and $40 he had loaned her and asked for a receipt. All of the conversation he heard was the following:

Miss Roemer: "Why did you not tell me you were going to marry? You acted the same the last time you called as before. You fondled me and kissed me."

Mr. Helmich: "Hush, keep quiet. Don't expose me here before Mr. Musser. Spare me until we are alone."

Miss Roemer: "I don't see why I should spare you. You did not spare me."

Mr. Mulner then stepped out of the door, and heard no more. Miss Roemer appeared to be agitated and excited. He then gave several statements with regard to Helmich's financial condition. His business is prosperous, and his saloon-room took in about $100 a day, and on special holidays as much as $500 were taken in. He had several investments of from $2,000 to $4,000 in value. His stock he estimated at about $5,000.

The cross-examination simply developed the fact that Miss Roemer called frequently at the sample room and looked over the books.

A BREEZY WITNESS.

Miss Sarah Roemer, sister of the plaintiff, and a buxom shapely and rather dashing young lady was the next witness called. She stepped to the witness stand with an independent air and gave her testimony in a rattling emphatic way. She was attired in a neat-fitting dark green cloth, with a high velvet sat trimmed with a wing which quivered with every toss of her head.

She was asked if she saw Mr. Helmich often. The witness replied: "Yes, I did. He came often to our house. He came at first once a day and then he came oftener until he came four or five times a day and stayed nearly all the time. The fact is he came so often and stayed so long that I suggested that he had better bring his trunks along and stay at the house. He was the most affectionate man I ever saw. He was always kissing and caressing my sister and calling her pet names. He was awfully affectionate to all of us. When he was taking meals at our house and when one of us would start to wait on him he would say: 'No, I want no one but my darling Lisette to wait on me.'"

"Did you see him before he began calling at your house?"

"Yes, I did. I was the youngest in the family and I ran most of the errands, and I went often to Mr. Helmich's place for liquor, and I met him on the street."

"Did he say anything about your sister?"

"I should say he did. Right after his wife died he asked about my oldest sister and said she was a

DARLING AND A DAISY

and all that kind of thing. I said I thought she was."

"How often did he call at your house?"

"To tell the truth, if I should try to count his visits up I couldn't do it, they were so frequent. When he started to coming early in the morning he came five or six times a day. That's what he did."

The young lady's breezy testimony and the emphatic, saucy way in which she put her assertions, caused ripple after ripple of laughter in the court room.

"Would you understand from his intentions that he intended to marry her?"

Witness—I should say that it did look that way, he was so affectionate. He was just too sweet for anything in his actions."

The rest of her testimony related to Helmich's taking her sister out. He took her to a silver wedding and was sweet on her there.

In the cross-examination Mr. McGinnis asked "Did your sister tell you that she was engaged to Mr. Helmich?"

Witness—No, she didn't. I didn't make that my business.

"You were on good terms with your sister?"

"Certainly I was always on good terms with her, but that is no reason why she should tell me all about herself."

The witness was dismissed at this point and stepped down with a defiant toss of her head and a contemptuous glance at Mr. McGinnis and the defendant.

MRS. BERTHA SCHMIT

of 1547 N. Broadway testified that Helmich visited her during the Fair last year. He said to her at that time that if he ever married, and he did not think he would, he would marry Miss Roemer.

MRS. HENRIETTA WOOLSEY

of 2337 Olive street testified that she saw Helmich and Miss Roemer together frequently, and once asked him to come up and see her and bring his bride. He said he would. She referred to Miss Roemer.

At this point the attorneys for the plaintiff rested their case.

THE DEFENDANT'S TESTIMONY.

Considerable time was taken up reading the deposition of the plaintiff after which Mr. Helmich, the defendant, was called to the witness stand. He gave his testimony in a straightforward way. He said that he had known Miss Roemer for about four years, and met her frequently, but nothing in particular was said by either one until he received a note from her after his wife's death. This was in March, 1884.

Mr. McGinnis—Did you receive a note from her?

Witness—Yes, I received a note from her.

Mr. McGinnis—What was in the note?

Witness—It asked me to meet her at Fifteenth and Market streets, at her house. I went there and saw her in front of the house. I asked her what she wanted, and she said she would like to take a walk. We went walking and walked as far as Jefferson avenue and returned to Miss Roemer's home about 11 o'clock.

Mr. Helmich testified that he called on her, took her riding and gave her presents of flowers, wine, a silk umbrella and other articles.

Mr. McGinnis—Why did you call on her?

Witness—Oh, I was lonesome and wanted company. She was good company, and I liked to have some company.

He said his attentions were only neighborly.

SHE KISSED HIM FIRST.

Mr. McGinnis—Did you kiss her?

Witness—Yes, I kissed her some.

Mr. McGinnis—Who did the kissing?

Witness—Well, I think she kissed me first.

At this point the spectators burst into loud laughter, but the witness clung to the fact that she had done the kissing. He said that there had been no talk of engagement between them, and he had not kissed and fondled her at her cousin's house in Belleville. He paid attention to other girls, among them the Vinegar girls, who were neighbors. He lent her money twice, $40 each time. His wife died in November, 1883. He commenced visiting Miss Roemer the lady he married, in October, 1884, and was engaged to her in December of the same year, and married March 3, 1885. During the intervening time between his acquaintance with Miss Roemer and his marriage he took her to the theaters, Fair and other resorts, and paid very little attention to Miss Roemer, and stopped calling on her almost entirely in October of last year. With regard to his financial condition, the cross-examination was long drawn out. Helmich said that the receipts of his saloon room averaged about $85 a day. The stock he valued at $5,000, and he stated that he had $40,000 loaned out.

With reference to his attention to Miss Roemer, he said that he had paid her pretty close attention for four or five months. He took her to Schnaider's, Koerner's, Conrad's and Johnson's gardens and other resorts. Called at her house frequently, but only as a friend. He took meals there about three times. The defendant's version of what took place in his store after his marriage differed somewhat from the others, but not materially. He admitted that he might have given her $40 for a dress or at least told her she might get a dress with it. He called on her several times a week sometimes, and frequently took her riding.

Mr. Helmich said that Miss Roemer came to his store so often that he got tired of it, and when she examined his books he told her it was none of her business to do so. He put in a general denial to the assertions of those who said they saw him caress her. He never caressed her in the presence of others. Several lively incidents occurred during the taking of his testimony.

Mr. Ham—When you were out riding with Miss Roemer, did you ever point out houses and ask her how she would like to live in them?

Witness—Yes, sometimes I did do that, just for pastime. I didn't think there was any harm in letting her know that I was well fixed.

"You didn't?"

"No, I didn't. I wanted something to talk about."

HE CALLED HER PET NAMES.

Another interesting episode was when Mr. Ham probed rather deeply into the kissing and caressing business.

Mr. Ham.—"You kissed Miss Roemer sometimes, didn't you?

Witness—Well maybe I did once and awhile, but not when any one was around.

Did you call her pet names?

"Oh, I might have used some such words now and then?"

"Didn't you call her 'my dear'?"

"I think maybe I did."

"Didn't you call her 'darling?'"

"I might—I might. I don't think I went that strong."

"Yes?"

"I guess I did. I use them words just to pass away time sometimes."

"Did you call her your 'baby?'"

"No. I never called her that."

The witness blushed to the roots of his hair and became nervous at this juncture, and the deputy rapped for order.

The next witness for the defense was John Roeben, a carpenter, who testified that he frequently saw Miss Roemer in Helmich's saloon—as often as three times a week, and once before 7 o'clock in the morning. He saw her examine the books and once wipe out some writing on the slate. Helmich told her to quit it.

Miss Roemer was recalled to explain that she wrote the note referred to by Mr. Helmich in pursuance of a promise to him, and that she wiped out an address on the slate which was written wrong, and Helmich acknowledged that it was. He was always pleasant to her in the store and frequently called her in when she passed.

The case on both sides was closed at this point, and as it was then 12:30 Judge Horner adjourned court until 2 o'clock.

A STEAMER IN FLAMES.

The Steamer Chickasaw, Loaded With Cotton, Narrowly Escapes Destruction.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

HELENA, ARK., October 14.—At 8 o'clock this morning the stern-wheel steamer CHICKASAW, of the Memphis and White River Packet Line, on her way up to Memphis, loaded with 1,040 bales of cotton, caught fire just as she was making a landing at the Helena elevator. The origin of the fire is yet unknown, but it is supposed to have started from a spark from the chimney. As soon as the fire was discovered the captain ordered the hose turned on, and started the crew throwing the burning cotton overboard. Some three or four hundred bales were thrown overboard which reached in the fire hose checked and put under control before fifty bales had been thrown overboard. The river was full of skiffs, all rushing to the floating cotton to secure it and get the salvage. The Grace Veile, a small stern wheeler, started down the river and will pick up most of the cotton thrown overboard. All the cotton, with the exception of six bales for this port, was consigned to Memphis by the merchants along White River and is supposed to be fully insured in New Orleans and Memphis companies. The boat is insured in five companies in Memphis and Louisville, Ky., and is only slightly damaged. Abel Johnson, the colored fireman, was severely injured by a bale of cotton falling on his chest, and which the doctor claims will result fatally. The captain says he will gather all the cotton thrown overboard and save this evening for Memphis. Great credit is due to Burton and Johnson, the proprietors of the elevator, and the people of Helena for the assistance they rendered to Captain Pollard, which enabled him to save his favorite boat and valuable freight.

The School Board.

The School Board held its regular monthly meeting yesterday evening. The report of the Teachers' Committee was adopted, with the exception of the section which provided for the retirement of teachers after thirty years' service on the pay of an assistant. The Land and Leasing Committee reported that they could not find a suitable building for the opening of a school at Cabanne Station. The Building Committee recommended that the bid of the Noble Furniture Company which was sixty cents more than that of Thomas Kane, of Chicago, be accepted, but many gave it as their opinion that the contract should be awarded to the lowest bidder and the report was sent back to the Committee. It was decided to add Green's History of England and Sudder's History of the United States to the course of studies at the High School.

W. C. A. Convention.

The convention of Woman's Christian Associations of the United States and Canada convenes in the Second Presbyterian Church, Cincinnati, Ohio, this morning. The session will continue until Friday night and will be largely attended by representative ladies from all parts of the country. The delegates from this city left yesterday by the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, and were Mrs. Miles Selz, Mrs. John Booth, Mrs. Jesse Cornelius, Mrs. C. R. Springer and Miss Branch, representing the different branches of woman's work for Woman in this city.

Fraudulent Indian Land Sales.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., October 14.—Advices from the Indian Territory says that the Cherokees are determined to make a thorough investigation of the land sale whereby $330,000 were paid for lands which, it is claimed, they did not want to sell. Misrepresentations and fraud are alleged.

Police Board Proceedings.

The Board of Police Commissioners met yesterday afternoon. The hearing of charges against Patrolmen Tinley, Palmer and Ahearn was continued until the next meeting. The resignation of Patrolman Henry Lerfeld of the Fourth District was accepted, as was also that of O. Ashenbeck, as emergency special. Patrolman Thomas Cavanaugh was dropped from the rolls.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

The lumber dealers of this section of the city are having a good fall trade.

Fulton Association, National Americans, installed its newly elected officers last night.

Henry Wessler of No. 1413 North Market street lost a valuable horse last night under circumstances that show that the animal was poisoned.

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Mr. Heinrich said that Miss Roemer came to his ...ore so often that he got tired of it, and when she ...xamined his books he told her it was none of her ...usiness to do so. He put in a general denial to ...e assertions of those who said they saw him caress ...er. He never caressed her in the presence of ...thers. Several lively incidents occurred during ...he taking of his testimony.

Mr. Ham—When you were out riding with Miss ...oemer, did you ever point out homes and ask her ...f she would like to live in them?

Witness—Yes, sometimes I did do that, just for ...ilaro. I didn't think there was any harm in ...oing her know that I was well fixed.

You didn't?"

No, I didn't. I wanted something to talk ...bout."

HE CALLED HER PET NAMES.

Another interesting episode was when Mr. Ham ...ebed rather deeply into the kissing and ...ussing business.

Mr. Ham.—"You kissed Miss Roemer sometimes, ...n't you?

Witness—Well maybe I did once and awhile, ...t not when any one was around.

Did you call her pet names?

No, I might have used some such words now ...nd then."

Didn't you call her 'my dear'?"

I think maybe I did."

Didn't you call her 'darling?'

I might—I might. I don't think I went that ...ong."

Yes?"

I guess I did. I use them words just to pass ...er time sometimes."

Did you call her your 'baby?'"

No. I never called her that."

She whispered to the roots of his hair and ...ame nervous at this juncture, and the deputy ...ped for order.

The next witness for the defense was John ...ohen, a carpenter, who testified that he frequent...saw Miss Roemer in Heimich's saloon—as often as three times a week, ...ometimes before 7 o'clock in the morning. ...e saw her examine the books and ...wipe out some writing on the slate. Heimich ...ked her to quit it.

Miss Roemer was recalled to explain that she ...ad the note referred to by Mr. Heimich in pur...uance of a promise to him, and that she wiped out ...he address on the slate which was written wrong. ...Heimich acknowledged that it was. He was ...ays pleasant to her in the store and frequently ...ed her in when she passed.

The case on both sides was closed at this point, ...nd at was then 12:30 Judge Horner adjourned ...ourt until 2 o'clock.

A STEAMER IN FLAMES.

Steamer Chickasaw, Loaded With Cotton, Narrowly Escapes Destruction.

Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

HELENA, ARK., October 14.—At 8 o'clock this ...orning the stern-wheel steamer Chickasaw, of the ...emphis and White River Packet Line, on her way ...o Memphis, loaded with 1,046 bales of cotton, ...aught fire just as she was making a landing at ...Helena elevator. The origin of the fire is yet ...nknown, but it is supposed to have started from a ...park from the chimney. As soon as the fire was ...iscovered the captain ordered the hose turned on, ...nd started the crew throwing the burning cotton ...overboard. Some three or four hun...dred bales were thrown overboard. ...Much resulted in the fire being checked and put ...ut under control before fifty bales had been thrown ...overboard. The river was full of skiffs, all rushing ...o the floating cotton to secure it and get the ...money. The Grace Vellie, a small stern wheeler, ...passed down the river and will pick up most of the ...cotton thrown overboard. All the cotton, with the ...exception of six bales for this port, was consigned ...to Memphis by the merchants along White River ...and is supposed to be fully insured in ...New Orleans and Memphis companies. The ...steamer is insured in five companies in ...Louisville and Louisville, Ky., and is only slightly ...damaged. Abel Johnson, the colored fireman, was ...very injured by a bale of cotton falling on his ...head, and while the doctor claims will result fatal...ly, he says he will recover. The captain says he will get the cotton ...all overboard and leave this evening for Mem...phis. Great credit is due to Burton and Johnson, ...proprietors of the elevator, and the people of ...Helena for the assistance they rendered to Captain ...Neal, which enabled him to save his favorite boat ...and valuable freight.

The School Board.

The School Board held its regular monthly meet...ing yesterday evening. The report of the Teachers' ...Committee was adopted, with the exception of the ...section which provided for the retirement of teach...ers after thirty years service on the pay of an ...assistant. The Land and Leasing Committee re...ported that they could not find a suitable building ...for the opening of a school at Cabanne ...Church. The Building Committee recommended ...that the bid of the Noble Furniture Company ...at $3 was sixty cents more than that of Thomas ...Reed of Chicago, be accepted, but many gave it ...as their opinion that the contract should be awarded ...to a Midwest bidder and the report was sent back ...to the Committee. It was decided to add Green's ...History of England and Studder's History of the ...United States to the course of studies at the High ...School.

W. C. A. Convention.

The convention of Woman's Christian Associ...ations of the United States and Canada convenes in ...the Second Presbyterian Church, Cincinnati, Ohio, ...this morning. The session will continue ...over Friday night and will be largely attended by ...representative ladies from all parts of the country. ...The delegates from this city left yesterday by ...the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, and were Mrs. ...Ida K. Ayer, Mrs. John Booth, Mrs. Jesse Cornelius, ...Mrs. R. R. Springer and Miss Branch, representing ...the different branches of woman's work for ...which is done in the city.

Fraudulent Indian Land Sales.

Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., October 14.—Advices from the Indian Territory says that the Cherokees are ...determined to make a thorough investigation of ...the land sale whereby $300,000 were paid for lands ...which, it is claimed, they did not want to sell. ...Misrepresentations and fraud are alleged.

Police Board Proceedings.

The Board of Police Commissioners met yesterday ...afternoon. The hearing of charges against Patrol...man Truley, Palmer and Ahearn was continued ...until the next meeting. The resignation of Patrol...man Henry Lerfield of the Fourth District was ...accepted, as was also that of O. Ashenbeck, an ...ex-policeman special. Patrolman Thomas Cavanaugh ...was dropped from the rolls.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

Lumber dealers of this section of the city are ...having a good fall trade.

The Association, National Americans, installed ...newly elected officers last night.

Harry Wessler of No. 1413 North Market street ...lost a valuable horse last night under circumstan...ces that show that the animal was poisoned.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Items of Interest and Gossip From the Adjacent Towns.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

Canton, Mo., October 13.—Mr. Charles Moore, of Memphis, Mo., is spending the week with his father, Gen. David Moore, and family.—Miss Rosa Smoot returned from a long visit in Texas and the South last Monday.—Mr. George Carnahan returned Saturday from a trip through Southern Kansas.—Mr. F. H. Gross returned from Louisville, Ky., Monday.—A reception was tendered President R. H. Smith at the Christian Church Monday night as a recognition of his services, securing the endowment for Christian University.—The cold rains this week have stopped the farmers hauling, and the grain business is quiet.

Chillicothe, Mo., October 13.—Sheriff Harris and son Sam started yesterday for the Penitentiary, having in charge Frank Boyce, three years, burglary; Lewis Bumbarger and Boyce Foote, two years each, grand larceny.—A surveying corps of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad is at work near this city looking for a route to Kansas City.—Dr. Coffee of Avalon left for St. Louis today.—S. Wiggly comes to St. Louis to-night.—L. S. Beare and F. Williams left yesterday on an excursion into Kansas.—Mr. and Mrs. George O. Stacy of Carrollton are here on a visit to their daughter, Mrs. T. B. Hudson.—Ed Breliner of St. Louis is here on a visit to his brother.—Architect C. B. Clarke of St. Louis is in the city to accept work on the school house tower.—F. L. Johnson and R. M. Johnson returned yesterday from a visit to Randolph County.

St. Charles, Mo., October 14.—Misses Isabella and Mamie Rice have returned from a week's visit to their aunt, Mrs. Adams, of St. Louis.—Mr. John E. Stonebraker is visiting friends in Kansas City.—Mrs. Charles Walker and family are guests of Mr. C. M. Dolmes of this place.—Rev. Keeneke of Warrenton, Mo., will hold services at the German M. E. Church every two weeks.—Messrs. W. A. Bohl and Chas. Brenner of this place have purchased the Alton Banner of Alton Ill.—Mr. W. S. Atlee and Miss Amelia Antbe of Iowa, were married Saturday by Rev. Howison.—Mr. Sidney Murdock and Miss Louise Kinder were married by Squire Haake Sunday.—Mr. J. B Pritchet is in town.—Mrs. Emma Tiensky of St. Louis visited her mother, Mrs. Charles Hildebrandt, last Sunday.—Mr. August Marten, who was stricken with paralysis of his right side, is improving.—Mr. G. V. Gross left Monday on a week's trip through the West.

Centralia, Mo., October 12.—Miss Hattie Crumpp of Columbia is the guest of Miss Cora Saxed.—Miss Maggie Wallace of Paris, Mo., has been visiting relatives in this place.—The quarterly meeting at the M. E. Church, South, which has been in progress the past few days, closed Monday evening.—Miss Mattie Bush of Fayette, Mo., is visiting the family of Jerry Bush.—Messrs. W. H. Carpenter, Ben S. Wilson, J. M. Angell and W. F. Roberts left for St. Louis Monday night as delegates to the Grand Lodge of the A. F. and A. M., which convenes there this week.—Misses Fannie Booth and Maggie Sampson have returned from a visit to Howard County.—Hon. W. E. Coleman, State Superintendent of Public Schools, visited the Centralia public schools Monday and delivered a short address to the schools.—Mrs. J. D. Garrard is spending a few weeks with her daughter in St. Louis.—V. Victo returned Monday from a visit to relatives in Louisville, Ky.—Mrs. B. S. Wilson is visiting her parents, Mr. W. H. Winn and wife.

Joplin, Mo., October 13.—At the residence of Judge I. N. Pitcher, the Rev. R. W. Wood, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian Church here, is making a pleasant visit.—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bigham of Melrose, Kan., are visiting the family of Mr. James Brantly here.—George H. McAnulty, esq., of Springfield, Mo., is a guest of the Joplin Hotel; also F. D. Russell, general Western freight and passenger agent of the 'Frisco.—Mr. and Mrs. Era Rose returned on Sunday from their visit to St. Louis and to Sullivan, Ind., where the relations of Mrs. Rose reside.—Mrs. G. B. Young and family have left to visit Mr. F. M. Darnall, father of Mrs. Y., at Kansas City.—Mrs S. C. Henderson has returned from her visit to the St. Louis Fair, Carnival and Exposition.—Mr. and Mrs. Eli Boskin returned yesterday from their trip East, during which they visited the St. Louis Fair, and also relatives at Sparta, Ill.—Mr. J. V. Hibbert leaves for the Exposition to-day.—The Joplin election for Mayor, Councilmen, and city officers generally, is going on to-day.—Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Roberts of Winslow, Arizona, arrived in Joplin yesterday.

THE CAPACITY OF THE EXPOSITION BUILDING WILL BE TESTED BY THE MERCHANTS' NIGHT.

THE DIGGS MURDER TRIAL.

Mill Destroyed By Fire—Seventh Day Adventist Camp Meeting—Illinois Items.

DIXON, October 14.—The trial of John H. Diggs of the Marion County Courier for the murder of Thos. Watson of the Herald was called last evening in the Circuit Court.

GIRARD, October 14.—The Girard mill, owned by E. F. O'Connell of Chatham, was destroyed by fire last night.

MARSHALL, October 14.—The Seventh Day Adventists of Eastern Illinois and Western Indiana are holding a camp meeting here.

VANDALIA, October 14.—The Fayette County Fair will have to be abandoned this year on account of the incessant rain.

VIRGINIA, October 14.—The trial of Elias Davis for the murder of Thomas Chapman last August, commenced yesterday afternoon.

If your system requires a stimulant, take Parker's Tonic. It invigorates without intoxicating. Color restored to gray hair by Parker's Hair Balsam.

SENSATION ON THE STAGE.

Miss Mittens Willett Assaulted by Her Manager at Bloomington, Ill.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., October 14.—Last evening quite a sensation occurred upon the stage of Durley Theater, in this city. At the end of the third act of "Virginius," which was being rendered by the Fred Warde Company, Miss Mittens Willett (Mrs. Henry Aveling), in the role of Virginia, dashed before the curtain, and in a very excited state of mind, announced that she would retire from the cast. She had been brutally assaulted by her manager, Robert S. Hudson, who had struck her behind the scenes. Later she appeared before the footlights and offered a sort of an apology. The play afterwards proceeded.

BIG WEDNESDAY. MERCHANTS' NIGHT AT THE EXPOSITION—GO.

OBITUARY.

Death of Mrs. Helen Butler Parker, a Prominent Lady of Quincy, Ill.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

QUINCY, ILL., October 14.—Mrs. Helen Butler Parker, daughter of the late Hon. E. H. Bushnell and wife of Edward J. Parker, cashier of Bull's Bank, died at her home in this city at 9 o'clock this morning. She was one of Quincy's most prominent ladies, and her death is deeply regretted.

Fresh Oysters

Received daily at F. A. Nagel's, southeast corner Sixth and St. Charles. Elegant ladies' restaurant up stairs.

The Correction Court.

In the Court of Criminal Correction yesterday Judge Noonan tried the case of Fritz Horlis, alias Frenchy, charged with stealing a barrel of flour from the Wiggins' Ferry Company. The defendant who has been a regular river pirate, made no defense, and was sent to the Work House for a year. Joseph Sandberg, a lad of 14, who was with Horlis at the time, was given an opportunity to prove previous good character.

Nelson Cole, the proprietor of a planing mill, was tried on a charge of assault and battery preferred by a carpenter named Sam Hawkins. The evidence showed that Hawkins called Cole a robber in his office and was thrown out. The defendant was discharged.

In the case of Arnold Schuster, charged with obtaining $10 from Mrs. Werner by false pretenses, a nolle prosequi was entered, the parties to the suit having resumed the tender relations which had been disrupted by the alleged crooked financial transaction.

David Martin was examined on a charge of seduction preferred by Nellie Bird, but the evidence showed that the offence was committed on a steamboat between Paducah and St. Louis and the defendant was discharged.

"George Wilson," the judge remarked playfully, after he had heard the evidence in his case, "it is clear to me that you stole a dozen socks from Mary Knox, for which, take six months rocks." "And that's what knocks," the prisoner answered with responsive glee, which caused great laughter in court. George Wilson was found guilty of stealing an overcoat from Peter Webber and sent to the Work House for six months.

ONLY $1 50 for an elegantly engraved copper-plate and 100 visiting cards, the finest work in the world, executed by the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Fourth and Locust.

A Simpler Sheet.

The old stock of bulletins at the Signal Service office being exhausted, the officers begin to-morrow to use a new set, which are a decided improvement on the old ones. Instead of having to deface the ...w by writing over the dead stations, the observers will have a well arranged, neater sheet upon which none but the offices in active operation will be listed. The growth of the Signal Service may be judged from the fact that on the new sheet will appear the names of sixty-three stations from which the local office receives a morning report.

4,000 VOICES WILL SING THE HYMN "NEARER, MY GOD, TO THEE" AT THE EXPOSITION THIS EVENING.

THE L. AND N. BREATHES EASIER.

The Louisville Southern Railroad Scheme Laid Out by Its Opponent.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., October 14.—The Louisville Southern Railroad scheme, mentioned in a special telegram to the POST-DISPATCH yesterday, has been denounced by two of the city papers as a corrupt conspiracy to rob the city of a million dollars, and developed much hostility to the project, so much so as to bring out energetic disclaimers from its promoters. It was charged that everything was secretly prepared to rush the ordinance through the Council at its meeting to-night, leading the indorsement of the city to a $1,000,000 of bonds of the Company, and that the charter of the road was then to be disposed of at the best price that could be got, and the swag divided between the conspirators. If this was the game the stakes have been lost, as the ordinance will not now pass.

A POISONER PUNISHED.

Mary Allen Convicted of Murder In the Second Degree at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, PA., October 14.—Mary Allen, the young colored servant girl charged with poisoning the 18 months-old child of Emanuel De Roy, August 31, was convicted this morning of murder in the second degree. The poison was placed in oatmeal and fed to the child, who died in great agony a few hours later. Three others who partook of the porridge were taken ill, but recovered.

Small-Pox at Allegheny City.

PITTSBURG, October 14.—A 10-year-old daughter of Mrs. Portman of Allegheny City was taken ill in school yesterday and sent home, where it was found she had the small-pox. This is the first case in this vicinity and the most stringent measures will be taken to prevent the spreading of the disease.

SPORTING NOTES.

The races at Latonia, Ky., have been postponed until to-morrow.

Rain stopped the Louisville-St. Louis League exhibition game at Louisville yesterday at the end of the sixth inning, the score standing: Louisville, 1; St. Louis, 1.

At the meeting of the directors of the Southern League, held yesterday at Atlanta, the Atlanta Club was formally awarded the championship pennant. The following officers were also elected: President, Alexander Pronuft; Secretary, W. R. Brown; treasurer, George Price.

AT about 12:30 p. m. yesterday a runaway team attached to a milk wagon owned by Casper Gerhardt, residing at Florissant and Papin avenues, collided with cars Nos. 13 and 25 of the Bellefontaine Railway Company while standing in front of their stables on Perry and Twentieth streets, damaging them to the extent of $60.

ELGIN and Waltham watches in solid silver cases, $6 to $20.

HESS & CULBERTSON,
22 N. Fourth street.

THE exquisite solitaire diamond rings of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company, Fourth and Locust, are universally admired, and they are making many sales.

THE BEST ENGLISH MUSIC WILL BE RENDERED BY GILMORE'S BAND TO-NIGHT.

OPERA GLASSES in pearl (Lemaire,) $7 to $14. Best value ever offered.

HESS & CULBERTSON,
22 N. Fourth street.

Second District Police Court.

Judge White has had unusually small dockets this week, there being but eight cases to-day: Annie Farrell was fined $10 for being drunk; John Hogan $5, and Sarah Hagerty $3 for the same offense; David Goss was assessed the costs for having building material in the street without a red light, and a few other cases were continued.

Coal Miners' Victory.

PITTSBURG, PA., October 14.—Horner & Roberts, coal operators, have decided to start their Elizabeth Mine at the Three Center. This is one of the largest mines on the river, and the concession of the rate demanded is an important victory for the strikers.

The Weather Interfered.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CAPE GIRARDEAU, MO., October 14.—The Southeast Missouri Press Association met here yesterday, and the Southeast District Agricultural Society's Fair opened. The disagreeable weather caused both to have a small opening.

Cremated Celestials.

OAKLAND, CAL., October 14.—A fire broke out in a Chinese laundry at the corner of Seventh and Market streets at 2 o'clock this morning. Five Chinamen were burned to death.

A California Pioneer Gone.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 14.—Moses Heller, a wealthy Jewish merchant of this city, a California pioneer, died yesterday.

VISITORS should not fail to see the Budweiser display, at Sixth and Locust; first-class restaurant, etc., attached.

Postponed Again.

TROY, N. Y., October 14.—The Hanlan-Lee and Courtney-Conley boat race has been postponed until to-morrow.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

M. Record and wife, Mattoon, Ills.; E. W. Case, Knobnoster, Mo., and W. H. Cornell, Olney, Ill., are at the Everett.

J. L. Driskill, Austin, Tex.; W. L. Perrin, Olean, N. Y.; C. N. Richmond, Galveston, and J. F. Cobb, Cleveland, Ohio, are at the Planters'.

R. P. Boulton, Vandalia, Mo.; R. P. Evans, Sedalia, Mo.; H. Nicol, Kansas City, and E. L. Manning, Kirkwood, Mo., are at Hotel Hunt.

C. G. Ritchey, Nevada, Mo.; Edwin Gray, Carthage, Mo.; D. S. McKay, Fort Scott, and J. H. Moody, Washington, D. C., are at the Laclede.

R. Dane, Mobile, Ala.; John M. Wood, Kahoka, Mo., E. Durand, Green Ridge, Mo., and Phil Stimmel and wife, St. Joseph, Mo., are at Hurst's.

N. H. Swayne, Toledo, Ohio; W. H. Churchill, Florida; Dr. N. H. Merriam, Lexington, Mass., and Miss E. G. Taylor, Sandusky, Ohio, are at the Southern.

C. H. Carlton, U. S. A., W. R. P. Cushing New York, W. R. Wootton, Chicago, G. W. Grimm and wife, Paxton, Ill., and J. A. O'Neil, Cherryvale, Kan., are at the Lindell.

How to "Set" a Table.

From the New York Graphic.

Mats, tablespoons, salt cellars and pepper cruets may be arranged to suit one's taste.

Let the table, when no one is present but the home circle, be the model of what it should be when surrounded by guests.

At the carver's place spread a white napkin, the point towards the middle of the table, to protect the cloth from splashes of gravy.

Avoid the cheap trick of hotels and restaurant in the arrangement of napkins and table utensils. Simplicity is never ridiculous, while pretension usually is.

Lay a piece of thick Canton flannel under your tablecloth. Even course napery will look a much better quality with a sub-cover than if spread directly over the bare table top.

Banish the heavy caster from the center of the table and put there instead a vase of flowers, if it be nothing more ambitious than some bits of ivy or evergreen brightened by a spray of bittersweet.

Place the napkin on the left side of the plate with a piece of bread in its folds, the fork on the right hand, next to that the knife with the sharp edge turned from the one who is to use it, beyond this the soup spoon.

OUR NEW STORE
NOW COMPLETED.
PENNY & GENTLES
INVITE YOU TO INSPECT THEIR
Millinery, Cloaks AND Suits!

Do not fail to visit these Departments. They are situated on the second floor of our new store. A handsome and commodious elevator will land you safe in the department. You will be surprised and repaid for your visit. No such handsome room to be seen anywhere. Prices on all goods extremely moderate. We call special attention to our Parisian Wraps, Newmarkets, Plush and Real Seal Sacques.

MILLINERY DEP'T.

Astonishing Bargains This Week. Special Sale of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

Good Quality Felt Hats, trimmed with Velvet Fancy Feathers and Ornaments : : : : : $1 50
Better Quality Felt and Velvet Hats, trimmed with Velvet, Fancy Feathers and Ostrich Tips, $2 and $2 50
Best Quality French Felts, trimmed in Plaid or Fancy Velvets, variegated Breast and Ornaments $3 50
Velvet and Felt Bonnets, trimmed in Ostrich Tips, Fancy Wings, Ornaments, etc. : : : : : $3 to $5

Better Hats proportionately low. The above goods are without doubt the Greatest Bargains ever offered in this city, and we would advise those in need of Millinery to call and examine our Stock before purchasing.

We have this style of garment in Persian Cloth, trimmed with feather, which is decidedly handsome.

Brocaded Velvet, trimmed with Chenille Fringe or Fur, all latest shapes.

Boucle Cloth, Cheviot and Berlin Twill Wraps of this style, trimmed in fur, feathers, fur and chenille.

PLUSH SACQUES
Extraordinary Value.
33 Satin-lined 40-inch Plush Sacques, full length, $20; well worth $30.

21 Seal Plush Sacques, satin-lined, chamois pockets, $25; well worth $35.

35 Finest Seal Plush Sacques, got up in perfect style, all at very reasonable figures.

NORFOLK JACKETS.
STOCKINETTE JACKETS.
Every Novelty in Jackets.

REAL SEAL SACQUES.

We offer these garments at prices away under anything ever seen.
$175 Real Seal Sacques for $135
$225 Real Seal Sacques for $165
$300 Real Seal Sacques for $195

We give a written guarantee that every garment will be perfect and will wear well, and will refund money if not satisfactory.

IMMENSE STOCK of NEWMARKETS
$3, $4, $5, $6 50, $7 50; all worth nearly double.

Children's Cloaks.

No house can show such a variety They adjoin our Ladies' Cloak Department.

Misses' Newmarkets for all ages.
Misses' Havelocks for all ages.
Misses' Jackets for all ages.
See our $1 25, $1 50, $1 75 and $2 School Garments.
See our Handsome Garments for Dress.

LADIES' SUITS.

We have added a handsome line of Latest Novelties in Homespun Suits, Boucle Suits, Silk Suits, making this department complete. See our $5, $6 50, $7 50 Suits.

DRESSMAKING.

Our Mrs. Hunt is prepared to take orders, and will do First-Class Dressmaking at much less than regular prices.

JERSEYS.

Stock complete. Misses' Jerseys, 75c up. Ladies' Wool Jerseys, 99c up. See our stock.

BLANKETS AND COMFORTS.
BARGAINS.

300 Comforts, large and small sizes, 40c, 50c, 60c and 75c.
100 pairs White Blankets, $1 a pair, worth $1 75.
800 pairs 11-4 White Blankets, pure wool, $3 75; worth $5.

PENNY & GENTLES, S. W. Cor. Broadway and Franklin Av.

"SUPERIOR" STOVES AND RANGES

Firebacks Guaranteed 5 Years.

RINGEN STOVE CO.
508 NORTH 4TH. STREET.

Bargain Store,
406 N. Fourth St.
JOB LOTS
Fancy Goods, Books and Stationery
GOODS BELOW COST

Merchants' Night
—AT—
EXPOSITION!
WEDNESDAY.
Every Merchant in St. Louis Should Attend.

Marriage and death notices will be inserted at the rate of twenty-five cents for three lines.

DIED.

FRIEDENSTEIN—At 1 o'clock, EDGAR LOUIS, son of John H. and Elise Friedenstein.
Funeral Wednesday, at 2 o'clock p. m., from residence, 2840 Clark avenue. Funeral private.

CLOAKS

For Ladies and Misses at Prices that Competition Can Not Reach.

Ladies' Black and Colored Newmarkets, $2 75.
Seal Brown Newmarkets from $6 50 to $17 50.
Black Newmarkets from $3 95 to $14 50.
Ladies' Short Wraps, Cloth, Black and Seal Brown at $3, $6 50 and $7 75.
Short Wraps, Black and Brown Brocade Velvet, $12 50 to $25.
Bison and Nigger-head Cloth Short Wraps, $12 50 to $17 50.
Black Brocade Velvet Newmarkets, $35.
Seal Plush Sacques, 25 per cent cheaper than any competing house; see what we are showing at $25, $34 75 and $44 50.

The above are only a few of the many bargains we are offering this season. Buyers who would save money should examine our goods and compare prices. Mme. Demorest's reliable patterns.

T. F. MOLONEY,
615-617 N. Broadway, Bet. Washington Ave. and Union Market.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
Matinee at 2 p. m. Admission 50c and 25c. Evening at 8. Regular prices.
MR. AND MRS. TONY HART,
—IN—
BUTTONS
Sunday, October 18.—T. W. KEENE.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.—Grand Souvenir Matinee, this (Wednesday) afternoon.
25c LIZZIE EVANS, 25c
in
50c FLORETTE. 50c
Each lady purchasing reserved seat ticket will receive a handsome photo of Miss Evans.
To-night—FOGG'S FERRY.
Next Sunday Night—GUS WILLIAMS, in his great new success, "Oh, What a Night."

POPE'S Matinee At 2 to-day. TO-NIGHT At 8.
MATINEE ADMISSION TO-DAY, 25, 35 and 50 cents.
KELLY AND MASON,
in
"THE THORS."
With
MISS LENA MERVILLE
and a strong Musical Company.
Sunday, October 18—The Knights in "OVER THE GARDEN WALL."

STANDARD THEATER
GRAU'S OPERA COMPANY.
To-Day's Matinee, Mascot. To-Night, Queen's Lace Handkerchief.
Matinees Saturday and Sunday.
Next week—Sheridan's Burlesque Company.

PANORAMA—SIEGE OF PARIS,
Battle of Chatillon.
Also Assassination of the Archbishop of Paris.
Washington av. and 18th st. Open 8 a. m. to 11 p. m. Sundays excepted.

BROADWAY & TREYSER'S
Palace Museum,
North Sixth Street, near Franklin Av.
JAMES A. BARNES - - Sole Manager.
IF DUDE SHOW.
10—DANDY DUDES—10.
AND
ELEGANT STAGE SHOW.
TEN CENTS. ONE LITTLE DIME. TEN CENTS
Admits to Museum, Menagerie and Theatre.

CASINO
TANNEHILL'S
Fun on the Bristol!
Matinees Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

OLYMPIC.
Every Evening at 8 o'clock, Mr. Joseph
JEFFERSON
And his Comedy Company. To-night, last time of
CRICKET ON THE HEARTH,
And LEND ME FIVE SHILLINGS.
Thursday, Friday and Saturday Evenings and Saturday Matinee
RIP VAN WINKLE
Sunday, October 18—"Waves of Sin."

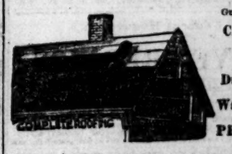
Crescent Rink,
Compton Av. and Olive St.
Three Sessions Daily, Sunday Excepted.
Finest floor in the West. Completest instructors.
A. F. BARNES, Manager.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE WHITMAN AGRICULTURAL CO., EIGHTH STREET AND CLARK AVENUE.
ST. LOUIS, MO., September 30, 1885.
Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders for election of directors for the ensuing year, will take place at the company's office, October 21, next.
CHAS. E. WHITMAN, President.
HENRY L. WHITMAN, Secretary.

THE annual meeting of the Fraley-Carter Commission Company will be held on the first Monday in November, at 9 a. m., at their offices, Nos. 116 and 118 N. 4th st., rooms Nos. 5 and 7, for the election of officers for the ensuing year.

PREPARED ROOFING.



Guaranteed CHEAP and Durable Water & Fire PROOF.
Just the thing to put on over
OLD SHINGLE ROOFS.
ESTIMATES FURNISHED.
M. EHRET, Jr., & CO., Man'frs.
W. E. Campe, Agt., 9th and Olive Sts.

DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC
A POSITIVE CURE FOR
DRUNKENNESS
OR THE LIQUOR HABIT.
It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist.
Golden Specific Co., Proprs., Cincinnati, O.
FOR SALE BY
M. W. ALEXANDER, Druggist,
Broadway (5th) and Olive, ST. LOUIS.
Call or write for circulars and full particulars.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful indiscretion, will send a recipe that will cure them, free of charge. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Address Prof. J. C. HOWARD, Station D, New York City.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—A situation by a young man of 21 in an office of some kind; wholesale house preferred; speaks German and English. Add. S 93, this office. 137

WANTED—A young man speaking and writing fluently German, French and Spanish, desires situation as corresponding clerk in St. Louis, Chicago or New Orleans. A No. 1 St. Louis reference. Address 7 Soda con. 739 Walnut street, St. Louis. 127

WANTED—By an experienced salesman, a good position with some drug or grocery house; good ref. Ad. box 27, Nebo Ill. w27

The Trades.

WANTED—Situation by a good barber. J. E. Houser, n. e. corner 12th and Olive sts. w29

WANTED—Young man (barber) wants a situation in country. Ad. C. F. Conway, 71464 Mound st., St. Louis, Mo. w28

WANTED—Situation by a registered pharmacist and chemist; prefer laboratory in wholesale house. Ad. P 27, this office. 26 w

Coachmen and Drivers.

WANTED—Situation by young man to drive and make himself useful about the place, and wife is a first-class cook. A 96, this office. 139

WANTED—Situation as coachman by an honest colored man. Address Willis Young, 214 S. 7th st.

Boys.

WANTED—A boy of 16 wishes a situation in a wholesale grocery or dry goods house; speaks English and German. M 93, this office. w42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A situation to address letters, papers, circulars, etc., or to do copying or both by youth 18, ref. ex. Ad. Thos. H. Wood, 619 N. 10th st. w43

WANTED—Situation by 1st-class bartender; A1 mixer; just returned from New York; refs. Address K 96, this office. a43

WANTED—By an experienced furniture and stove repairer, a second-hand store to make himself generally useful, or would drive furniture car. George Davis, 1406 Benton st. w43

WANTED—Situation by German as porter; can give best of ref. Ap. 1402 N. 18th st. w43

WANTED—Situation as porter or to drive team or delivery wagon by a steady married man. Ad. F 97, this office. w43

WANTED—Situation, by a boy 21, of any kind; can speak Eng ish and German, writes a fair hand. Inq. at 1115 p. e. cor. Wash and High sts. w43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

Bryant & Stratton's

BUSINESS, SHORT-HAND and ENGLISH TRAINING SCHOOL, corner Broadway and Market st., St. Louis, Mo. This school has the largest attendance of any Business College in the United States, and it is the only one in St. Louis conducting office work and banking departments for the benefit of students. Graduates of this school are sought after by merchants and business men, and applications to us for book-keepers, clerks, shorthand writers, etc., exceed the number of students looking for positions. For circulars address

Dr. W. M. CARPENTER, President.

WANTED—Young man about 18 years old to work in a hat store and learn the business; one speaking German preferred. Ad. C 97, this office. 54

Cooks.

WANTED—A good cook; one who understands pastry work. Mielke's Hotel, 414 Market st., up-stairs.

The Trades.

WANTED—Six first-class assortment workers on tinware; pay $2 and $2 50 per day; steady work; expenses paid, too. H. Whitter & Co., Memphis, Tenn. w38

WANTED—At once, two No. 1 tinners at 112 N. 12th st. H. B. Snyder. w35

WANTED—2 good chippers; no others need apply. Excelsior Foundry and Plating Co., 113 S. 5th st.

WANTED—Five good carpenters at 2222 N. Broadway at 7 a. m. Thursday morning. w38

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

General Housework.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework; family of three, at 26 Cabanne av., south of Pine st. 106

WANTED—A German girl for general housework, washing and ironing in a small family. 2936 Adams st. w36

WANTED—A girl for general housework, washing and ironing, at 1218 Second Carondelet av. w36

WANTED—A young girl in family of two. Ap. 4039 Fairfax av. w36

WANTED—A steady German girl for general housework. 2941 S. 23d st. w36

WANTED—German girl for general housework in a small family. 1513 Wash st. w36

WANTED—A girl 14 or 15 years old to assist with general housework. 1969 Madison st. w36

WANTED—A settled colored woman for general housework. Call at 2816 Dayton st. w36

Cooks.

WANTED—Girl to cook and assist with housework; ref. req. 3112 Pine st. w38

WANTED—Good cook at 1730 Carr place. w38

WANTED—A good girl to cook, wash and iron. Apply 3936 Lucas av. a36

WANTED—Good cook at 2936 Pine st. 63

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron at 1104 Chouteau av. w36

WANTED—A cook for 2 in family; no objections to woman with a child. 3031 Magazine st., 3 squares north of Cass av. w36

WANTED—Situation by a girl to cook or do general work in a small family. Call at 3645 Arsenal street, city. w36

WANTED—A competent girl to cook, wash and iron, 3051 Thomas st. w36

WANTED—At 3517 Delmar av., German girl for cooking and down stair work.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; three rooms. 1526 N. 19th st. w36

WANTED—Good girl to do all the work; two in family. 814 Washington av. w36

WANTED—A girl to do general housework for a small family; must know how to cook. Apply Thursday at 417 S. Ewing av. (29th st). w36

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Several hand girls on jeans pants. Apply 2626 Gravois av., up stairs. w39

WANTED—At once, 25 girls to work on custom pants. 11 N. Broadway. a39

WANTED—A woman to quilt comforts; state price. Address S 97, this office. w39

WANTED—Two dressmakers immediately; also two apprentice girls. 2638 Olive st. w39

WANTED—Cheviot shirt makers; to good hands work for all winter at 3038 N. 8th st., rooms 2 and 4. a39

WANTED—Machine hands on jeans pants and overalls; good prices; steady work. 107 Locust st. w39

Nurses.

WANTED—A nurse girl. Apply at once at 1426 Missouri av., upstairs. w39

WANTED—A colored nurse girl. Apply at 3146 Belle st. a39

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Women to press jeans pants. 107 Locust st. 71

WANTED—Good girl for restaurant; must sleep at home. Apply this evening at 417 N. 12th st. w71

WANTED—Girl for kitchen work at Hotel Glenmore, 13th and Olive sts. w71

WANTED—50 knitters on round machines; steady work for all winter; best prices paid in the city. Apply 3d floor, 711 N. 7th st. a71

WANTED—A good smart girl to wash dishes and work in kitchen. 2d N. 12th st. w71

WANTED—Lady agents for "Daisy" Skirt and stocking Supporters, Shoulder Braces, Bosom Forms, Dress Shields, rubber Cloth, Gingham Aprons, Infants' Diapers, &c. Our 1,000 agents are making money fast; so can you. Address with stamp, E. H. CAMPBELL & CO., 434 W. Randolph st., Chicago.

WANTED—Three young ladies in our office to learn shorthand and type-writing and take positions when qualified. Apply to the Superintendent Union Electric Telegraph Co., 102 N. 3d st. Take elevator.

WANTED—First-class hotel woman for store-room keeper in a first-class hotel in the city. Ad. O 94, this office. a71

DRESSMAKING.

NOVELTIES in costumes for both street and evening wear, made from the very latest imported ideas, cut and finished by thoroughly competent artists, with special attention to style, elegance and durability; also the noblest French hats and bonnets made to order. Miss Long, 2830 Lucas avenue, dressmaking and millinery parlors. 72

BOOKS.

AUDUBON'S Birds and Quadrupeds; 10 vols.; morocco; rare edition. Dan Linahan, 4th and Washington av.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—By a young lady, board and room in a private family; please state location and price, which must be reasonable; no objection to rooming with another. Ad. L 97, this office. 126

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—By young man, nicely furnished room: state price. Ad. J 97, this office. 21

WANTED—Two or three rooms unfurnished for two in family, in vicinity of Easton and Garrison avs.; best of reference. Ad. D 97, this office. 21

WANTED—Two nice rooms on 1st or 2d floor with water, unfurnished. Ad. E 97, this office. w21

WANTED—Four unfurnished rooms, 1st floor, in good neighborhood. Ad. stating price, P. F., 813 Locust st. w18

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—One to three tickets to San Francisco: state price. Address E 96, this office. w28

WANTED—Care of a child over 8 months; terms very moderate. Ap. to Mrs. Ten, care of Mrs. Kiles, 701 N. 4th st., St. Louis. 126

CLOTHES wringers repaired at half the old price. Erie Wringer Co., 1309 Franklin av. 26

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—One stray horse, dark brown, 16 hands high. 1025 North Market. w30

THE gentleman that took the India rubber coat from Ch. S. last evening at 5 o'clock is requested to bring the same back, as it was not his. Chas. Sommerhauser, 308 E m st. w30

STRAYED—October 13, from 2708 McNair av., one small red cow; white spot on face. Return to E. Dufour, 2100 Sidney st. w

LOST—On Hebert street, white bull dog; leather collar, license No. 2,800 from 1883 to 1884; liberal reward. 3627 N. 11th st. a30

LOST—Lady's cameo breastpin at Exposition or on the street to Carondelet cars; finder will please return to W. N. McCoskin, 407 Washington av., and receive reward. w30

LOST—Large brown horse, about 9 years old, cut loose from Belfontaine car last Thursday night at 11th and Franklin av., perhaps had collar and bridle on when found; reward for information, Belfontaine Railway Co. w30

LOST—Lady's gold watch, monogram "H. F." on one side, "1882" on the other, on Park av. between St. Ange and Mississippi ave; liberal reward to finder at 409 N. Broadway. w30

LOST—A large black Newfoundland dog. Liberal reward for return to 1418 Park av. a30

LOST—A gold cross and chain, letters T. B. and K., on Brenan av., bet. 20th and 25th sts. A liberal reward will be paid if returned to 2916 N. 25th st. a30

FINANCIAL.

$25 TO $500 loaned on furniture, pianos, etc., without removal; also on horses and wagons; weekly payments taken and interest reduced in proportion; lowest rates; no commission. F. W. Peters & Co., 701 Pine st. mh1

A PRIVATE party will loan money on furniture, pianos, etc., without removal. 1302 Franklin av., 2d floor. 21

LOANS made on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities, on fair and reasonable terms; no commission charged. Any amount advanced and loans completed in a few hours. Room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security. Parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN on jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, valises and all goods of value, in sums from $1 to $10,000; low rate of interest. B. Van Raalte, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 31

ADVANCES

made on household goods and piano (without removal), diamonds, fine jewelry, insurance policies, Merchants' Exchange certificates, warehouse receipts, etc.; notes discounted; also furniture and merchandise stored at lowest rates; business strictly confidential. J. H. Veile, notary public, 619 Chestnut st.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$100,000, $10,000, $10,000, $8,000, $3,000, $2,500 on city and county real estate at 6 per cent.
JOHN LADY,
31 203½ Olive st.

$25 AND UPWARDS loaned on furniture without removal; lowest rates; business confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 31

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Veorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 31

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. J. L. FITZPORTER—Office No. 205 S. 14th st. Female and Chronic diseases specialties. 24

PERSONALS.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature ten cents a line.

PERSONAL—Car Door: Will be in city Thursday, after 3 o'clock. C 53. w1

PERSONAL—A young gentleman of St. with means, desires the acquaintance of some young lady of education. Ad. W 97, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Faith: Why don't you write or come down? I am anxious to see or hear from you; will be at the building any afternoon. C. F.

PERSONAL—Cosby Restaurant, 208 Olive st., opposite Custom House. Dinner 25 cents; oysters, New York counts, 25 cents per doz., any style. Open day and night.

PERSONAL—X: Can you meet S Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock at same place? answer by letter. Z. w1

PERSONAL—G: I will see you this evening, same time and place; last evening was entirely too disagreeable to go out. X. Y. Z. w1

PERSONAL—Try Thomas' Turkish and Medicated Baths. 1317 Olive st. Ladies, mornings only. s1

PERSONAL—Mattie: I have five and they have done me a world of good; have read the book; like it very much; I am in no way interested in the party you mention. Ben. w1

PERSONAL—A young man of 24 would like to form the acquaintance of a respectable young lady of German family, between the ages of 18 to 22. A 96, this office. a1

PERSONAL—Eugenia: Did not get your letter in time to meet you at appointed place; am anxious to hear from you again. Ad. K 91, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Mme. Moore sisters give the new treatment and massages. 1216 Pine st.; ring bell. w1

PERSONAL—Central Restaurant (Thatcher's Cafe) Sixth, near Olive; regular breakfasts, dinners, suppers, 25c. Best in America. 21

PERSONAL—Lady, "brunette," who blonde gent met while looking at handkerchief in 4th st. dry goods store Saturday afternoon; I misplaced your number on Market st. Please send address to A 97, this office. 21

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st. electro-magnetic bath baths. See Personal Sundries.

INFORMATION WANTED.

WANTED—By one of his old customers, the address of John Fox, shoemaker, formerly on Pine st., betw. 7th and 8th. Ad. M 97, this office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR RENT—Nashville Hotel, Nashville, Ark.—This hotel has just been completed and is now ready for occupancy; it is elegantly finished throughout with bath-rooms, closets and every modern convenience; it is just across the street as the terminal passenger depot of the Arkansas and Louisiana Railway, and is the only first-class hotel building in the town of Nashville; this town being the terminus of the railroad is growing very rapidly; it has probably the finest Chalybeate springs in the State; the hotel will have the patronage and support of the railway; it is the best opening for an enterprising hotel keeper in the State; rent very moderate. For particulars address J. D. BEARDSLEY, Sup't. A. & L. Ry.,
2 Washington, Ark.

BUSINESS WANTED.

WANTED—To buy a morning paper route; state price. T 97, this office. w3

WANTED—A practical man with years of experience in the plumbing, tinning and hardware business, wishes an interest in some well established house, or would accept a situation in such a place at a moderate salary. Ad. A 95, this office. w3

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Coffee stand. 13 S. 4th st. w4

THE CELEBRATED AND SUCCESSFUL SUMMER Resort, The Oakwood, Green Lake, Wis., is offered for sale. Possession given at once. Apply to DAVID GREENWAY, Retiring Owner and Proprietor, Dartford, Wis. Reference: Mr. Jame M. Frenchman, Mr. Chas. W. Barstow, Mr. E. C. Simmons, of St. Louis. 4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Or rent, the advertising car known as the "Belle of St. Louis;" a fine paying business for one who has time to see to it. O 96, this office. w5

STOVES! STOVES!

Heating and Cooking in great variety. Cooking utensils, coal vases and hods, pipe, shovels, poker, etc. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Company, 210 and 212 N. 7th, near Olive. a5

AN ACRE OF FURNITURE

And Household goods at the People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Company on time payments. No charges or interest. 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive. a5

FOR SALE—Fine pug dog, mocking and canary birds. 1807½ Franklin av. w5

Stoves Repaired.

All kinds. W. H. How Rx. Mfg. Co., 212 N. Main st. w5

WANTED—To sell solid walnut, full marble top bed room suits, two hair mattresses, two base burner gasoline stoves at $5; refrigerators at $6; brass hanging lamps at $2 50 each; all other goods in proportion. George W. Jones & Co., 1242 Washington av., four blocks south of Exposition. a5

FOR SALE—Singer sewing machine; price $35. Apply for one week at 2904 Thomas st. w5

FOR SALE—Furniture for four rooms; complete for housekeeping. Ad. R 97, this office. w5

FOR SALE—Low, furnishings of 8 rooms. Ad. C 98, this office. w5

FOR SALE—Office desk and two chairs, at a bargain. Inquire 114 N. Main st. w5

Spectacles To Suit All Eyes

from $1 up. Solid gold spectacles sold for cash or on time payments; eyes tested with the finest test case in St. Louis. Store open from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m. Send postal. S. S. Drelfus, 1726 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—One good fire-proof safe, 31 inches high, 20 inches wide, $25. 708 N. 2d st. 5

SCOTT & GAUNT, 1726 Franklin avenue, are selling an extra fine note paper at 25 cents a quarter ream. 5

DIRECTIONS for making and operating a home-made incubator; sent postpaid for 25 cents. The Poultry Monthly; postpaid 12 cts. Scott & Gaunt, 1726 Franklin av.

COAL MARKET HALLS—2137 Morgan st. 10 bu. $1, direct from the car; send postal. 25

YOU can save money by calling on us for your heating stoves, cooking stoves and stove repairs. 4-Shaw, 1417 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—Handsome pug and black and tan dogs, mallese kittens, young Southern mocking birds at A. Bohne's Bird Store, 102 N. 4th st.

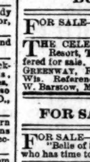
CHEAPEST stonning in the city. Dunn's icon office, 913 Franklin av. 5

FOR trunks, mirrors, wringers and fixters go to Dunn's iron office, 913 Franklin av.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

HEIDEMAN-BENOIST SADDLERY CO.



419 N. Sixth Street.
(4 block N. of Barr's.)
Bits, Spurs, Boots, Whips, Leggins, Sweats and Coolers.
Telephone, 908.

Fine Harness and Saddlery

820 Pine.

P. SCHULTHEIS & SON

FOR SALE—A bargain—Mule 7 years old, 17 hands high, weighs 1,400 pounds; true puller; in fine condition. Dallas, 1116 Washington av. w13

FOR SALE—Piano-box, side-bar buggy, only $45, cost $150; owner leaving the city. 2708 Bartlett st. 812

FOR SALE—Match team bay mares, 6 years old, 16¼ hands high; weight 1,100; will pole in 2 minutes. Park stables, Washington av., bet. 15th and 16th. R. G. Simms.

FOR SALE—Two new surreys, three park wagons, three buggies, two second hand top wagons, four second-hand open wagons and one carryall very cheap at John Klage's Carriage Factory, 3611 Market st. 13

ALL SORTS.

DECORATIVE ART taught at 321 Glasgow av. w52

MONEY TO LOAN on jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, valises and all goods of value, in sums from $1 to $10,000; low rate of interest. B. Van Raalte, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 52

YOU can save money by calling on us for your heating stoves, cooking stoves and stove repairs. 4-Shaw, 1417 Franklin av. 52

A THOUSAND chrome cards, envelopes or bill heads for 90 cents. Scott & Gaunt, printers, 1726 Franklin av.

HIGHEST cash price paid for gents' cast-off clothing. Call or address D. A. Parsloe, 614 Morgan st.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

35 S. SIXTEENTH ST. (old number)—Nice cosy room, with fire, suitable for gentlemen; $8. w13

206 S. SIXTEENTH ST.—Two rooms furnished for housekeeping; also large furnished room for 2 or 3 gents. a13

209 N. EIGHTH ST.—Nicely furnished front and back rooms. a13

305 N. TWELFTH ST.—Nicely fur. rooms for the winter; front and back; rent reasonable. w13

315 S. TWENTY-FIRST ST.—Nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 118

317 N. TWENTIETH ST.—Near Olive—One or two gents can find superior and handsomely fur. front room; house and furniture new; board convenient. a18

320 S. FOURTEENTH ST.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping, 1st and 2d floors. w18

326 MONTROSE AV.—Two or three desirable 2d-story rooms, 1 large (room and adjoining rooms, water, bath, closet-, etc:, for light housekeeping. a13

705 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, front and back, and hall, for light housekeeping. 119

906 ST. CHARLES ST.—Furnished and unfurnished rooms, first, second and third floors; lowest rates.

908 CHOUTEAU AV.—Finest furnished front room in the city, without board; gents only. 118

909 MORRISON AV. (formerly Winter street.)—Upper floor, 5 rooms, bath and attic. Inquire at 920 Morrison av. a13

1106 CHOUTEAU AV.—Elegantly furnished rooms, fire, gas and bath, hot and cold; double parlors, very desirable for a doctor. Sam R. Robbins. a13

1107 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely fur. 2d-story front room; every convenience for four gents; so. exp.; day boarders accommodated. w13

1222 S. NINTH ST.—First floor; four rooms and kitchen. w13

1309 FRANKLIN AV.—Two gentlemen desiring good, warm and comfortable convenient room with fire and light; rent only $9; cheapest room in city. Address above number. w13

1312 CHESTNUT ST.—Room, nicely furnished; suitable for one or two gents. 113

1313 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms for single gents, $5 per month and upwards; also o double parlors. a13

1314 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms for single gents, $5 per month and upwards; also o double parlors. a13

1507 SPRUCE ST.—One furnished front room for one or two gents on first floor; $10 per month with fire. a13

1513 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished second-story rooms; s. ex., gas, single or en suite. w13

1515 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished room furnished for business gents; back room, 1 or 2 gents, $8 per month. w13

1534 MORGAN ST.—Room suitable for 2 gentlemen or man and wife. w13

1605 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely fur. front parlor, suitable for 1 or 2 gentlemen or man and wife; also 1 nice back room for single gent. a13

1618 WASHINGTON AV.—Desirable, neatly furnished front rooms; private family; to gentlemen. w13

1712 DOLMAN ST.—Two or three rooms, unfurnished, 2d floor, all conveniences. Vicinity Lafayette Park. w13

1863 LINN ST.—Three rooms, second floor; $12 50. a13

2015 CARR ST.—Two very nice conveniences unfurnished rooms, with bath. w13

2026 PINE ST.—Furnished front room, second story. 118

2029 WASH ST.—Furnished room for rent. w13

2107 WALNUT ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with or without board. a13

2110 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; splendid 3d story front, suitable for two gents. m13

2120 OLIVE ST.—2 elegant rooms, with or without board; furnished or unfurnished; private family. w13

2128 EUGENIA ST.—Pleasant room, first floor, nicely furnished; gas, fire, etc.; moderate rent. a13

2216 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with board. a13

2222 FRANKLIN AV.—Four rooms, new flats, $16, four, $14; three, $10 per month; all conveniences. a13

2334 CLARK AV.—5 splendid unfur. rooms and bath for light housekeeping; terms moderate. refs. ex. 113

2670 SCOTT AV.—Nicely furnished rooms; terms reasonable. 113

2735 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished room in a strictly private family, at reduced rates.

3112 SHERIDAN AV.—Nicely furnished rooms for housekeeping; first-class neighborhood; private family. 113

FOR RENT—2 rooms, kitchen and cellar. Apply at 2825 Center st. 113

FOR RENT—Two front rooms furnished for gentlemen only. 920 N. 16th st., near Mo.

FOR RENT—3 rooms at 2240 Park av. and stable for horse; $3. Inquire at 3238 Park av. a13

WANTED—A young lady room-mate; rent $4. Ad. K 97, this office. w13

ILLINOIS HOUSE, 504, cor. of Broadway and Lucas av.—Nicely furnished front rooms, $1 25 up. m13

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished room for gentleman in private family. Ad. R 98, this office. w13

FOR RENT—Three rooms, with all late improvements, and stable if required. 2620 Hickory st. a13

NEATLY furnished front parlor for *gentlemen only!* 1616 Pine street. w13

FOR RENT—A lady owning a large house in Stoddard addition will rent second-story front room for $15. Ad. P 98, this office. w13

FOR RENT—To gentleman and wife, without children, four nicely furnished rooms on first floor. Owner of piano, gentleman and wife also, will rent one room with board with party, and pay well for same. Address or call at store, 516 Lucas av. w13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1913 S. JEFFERSON AV., near Geyer av.—A nice 2-story brick house, 7 rooms, hall, gas, bath, etc., in good order; will rent it very cheap. Apply to Taaffe, Emerson & Co., 710 Chestnut st. 14

2806 RUSSELL AV.—Six-room house just put in order for two small families; 8 rooms each; cheap to good tenants. Apply on premises. w14

3013 CAROLINE—Near Lafayette Park, detached brick, 10 rooms, bath, fine rooms, hall, basement, bath; $18, including water. w14

FOR RENT—Six-room house, with front and back yard, stable, sewer, water and gas, $25 per month. 2823 S. 18th st. Inquire of Paul Wack, 416 Exchange Building. 13

FOR RENT—2919 Lucas av., 10-rooms, stone front. Apply to S. Simmons, 620 Chestnut st. 13

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES

FOR RENT—1904 Market st., old stand; good for any business. M. Friede, 708 Washington av. w17

FOR RENT—Half of store 504 N. 4th st. w17

FOR RENT—Desk room: 116 N. 4th st., opposite Planters' House; best location in the city; call at once.

BOARDING.

713 MOUND ST.—Fur, or unfur. rooms, with or without board in private family. 118

832 CHOUTEAU AV.—Two nicely furnished rooms hot and cold baths: excellent table; $35 per month. w13

910 PINE ST.—Hall rooms with board; also for two gents; also rooms for two more gents. 113

913 S. NINTH ST.—Nicely furnished room with board in private family. 113

1008 CHAMBERS ST.—Furnished rooms for rent with or without board. a13

1111 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished rooms, with board; day boarders accommodated. a13

1315 LA SALLE ST.—Nicely furnished front room with first-class board, for two gentlemen in a German family. w13

1613 PINE ST.—Desirable rooms to rent, with or without board. Centenary Church Parsonage. 113

1705 PARK AV.—Fine furnished rooms and good board at reasonable rates, near Lafayette Park. Mrs. C. Offerman. a13

1724 LINN ST.—Beautiful room with board for one or 2 gents. 118

1816 MORGAN ST.—Neatly furnished rooms with or without board: terms reasonable.

2108 CHESTNUT ST.—Furnished room for two parties; also one suitable for one, without board; ref. exchanged. w13

2710 LOCUST ST.—Beautiful, large front room with 1st-class board; also day board. w13

2744 MORGAN ST.—Half of house or nice rooms furnished or unfurnished; with or without board. w13

2811 EASTON AV.—Handsomely fur. front parlor, also 2 fur. 2d-story front rooms, with or without board; bath, etc.; day boarders wanted; cable cars pass the door. a13

2834 MORGAN ST.—Handsome back parlor, with board, for two gents; northern exp. 113

3107 LUCAS AV.—Fur. or unfur. rooms with board. w13

IF you are seeking the best rooms and meals by the week or month, call at 815 N. 11th st. between Locust and Olive. w13

FOR RENT—Elegantly furnished rooms and first-class board in very desirable location; gentlemen preferred, without children. Apply to 3824 Chestnut st.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—250 acres, 40 under cultivation; new frame house, 4 rooms; well, timber, outbuildings; good title; 10 acres in wheat; nice meadow; actually worth $1,000; school, church and village near. Location easy for reply to M. Doran, Fredericktown, Madison Co., Mo.

FOR SALE—Butchers and Dairymen—Finely improved farm of 182 acres; joins corporate limits of a city of 6,000 population; with slaughter house, ice house, barn, etc.; large smoke houses, large barns, large ice house, fine lake stocked with fish, fine dwelling, orchard, grapes and small fruits, twelve acres in strawberries, balance in timothy and pasture. Apply to M. H. Fitzgerald, 118 N. 4th st., room 8. w13

$3 50 PER ACRE—Good farm 320 acres, 200 cult., soil, spring water, orchard and house. R. L. Dorns, Fredericktown, Mo.

MUSICAL.

LESSONS given on banjo; new simplified method No. 7; will call at pupil's residence if req. P. Cushman, 605 S. 4th st. w27

GUITAR (by note or ear), violin, organ, piano and singing taught by competent gent. Address B 98, this office. a7

GEO. FOSTER & CO.,
1630 OLIVE STREET,
Dealers in George Steck & Co.'s, Vose & Sons', Kroeger & Son's and C. H. Stone's pianos. All instruments guaranteed and sold on easy monthly payments. 27

PIANOS.

WEBER, IVERS & POND, WHEELOCK, DECKER & SON.

Pianos sold on easy payments. First-class new pianos for rent at $4 per month; rent deducted if piano is bought at

KOERBER'S,
1103 Olive St.

FOR SALE—One organ. 1606 Carr st. w27

IMP'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

REAL ESTATE
PRICE CURRENT.
FISHER & CO.,
714 CHESTNUT ST.

FOR SALE—Nicely furnished 8-room house; half steady rented for $6 more than the full rent of the house; cheap, near Union Depot. Ad. H 97, this office. w7

TRUSTEE' SALES'

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, John Bruch and Elisabeth Bruch, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated 4th of September, A. D., 1885, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of the City of St. Louis, Mo., in Book 706, page 561, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate situated in Block No. thirty-eight (38), of said City of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: Beginning at a point in the east line of Second street, twenty-four feet and two inches (24' 2") south of the northwest corner of said block, running thence southwardly and along said eastern line of Second street twenty-eight feet and four inches (28' 4") to the northwest corner of lot now or formerly of Agnus D. Maitfeldt, thence eastwardly along and with said Maitfeldt's north line one hundred and thirteen feet and two inches (113' 2") to a private alley, thence northwardly along the western line of said private alley twenty-eight feet and four inches (28' 4") to the southeast corner of lot now or formerly of Michael Froelich, thence westwardly along said Froelich's south line one hundred and thirteen feet (113') more or less to the point of beginning; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and, whereas, several of said notes have become due and remain unpaid: Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on SATURDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1885,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court House, in said City of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.
JOHN C. GMEINER, Trustee.

St. Louis, October 6, 1885

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, by deed of trust, dated the 7th day of November, 1882, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds within and for the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, in book No. 743, at page 344, the Laclede Building Association Company conveyed to the undersigned, as trustee, the following described real and personal property, situate in said city of St. Louis, viz: Lot of ground, with improvements thereon, situated in Adolph Paul's addition to said city of St. Louis, and in block No. 1,686, fronting on the south line of Walnut street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first streets, at a point distant westwardly two hundred feet and four inches (200' 4") from the west line of now Twentieth street, formerly Adolphe street, and running thence southwardly one hundred and one feet and a lot owned by Zana Turnley four feet and three inches (94 feet 3 inches) to an alley; thence westwardly along the north line of said alley nineteen feet and one inch (19' 1") to a lot owned by Grath; thence northwardly with said Grath's east line ninety-four feet and three inches (94' 3") to the south line of Walnut street, and thence eastwardly along and with the south line of Walnut street thirty-nine feet and eight inches (39' 8") to the point of beginning. Bounded on the north by Walnut street, east by said lot of Zana Turnley, south by said alley, and west by lot of Grath, together with all the machinery, appliances, fixtures, tools, materials, raw and manufactured, and all other articles of personal property now belonging to and in the possession of said Laclede Wire and Fence Company, in and upon the premises contained in the above described premises, and more particularly described and mentioned in said deed of trust: One Smith, Beggs & Company's seventy-five horse-power engine, seventeen barb wire machines, one drill press, two lathes, six spooling machines, one large portable forge with fan, three pairs scales, all shafting, belting, hangers and pulleys, one drawing bench, one set drawers, double and single wood benches, one wood-boring machine with bits, wood horses, wood desks, twelve wood hand-screws, gas-pipe dies, taps and wrenches, scroll chisels and punches, several universal wood-working machine with saw attachment, eight steel circular saws, twenty-eight swing drill presses with bits and drills, one forced draft blower, one pump, injector and connections, one engine boiler and connections, one emery machine patterns, one handy-shaper, counter shaft and belt, files, boxes, stepladders, steel bar and scrap, screws of all descriptions, belt buckles and wrenches, hanging irons, lead and wooden mallets and clamps, planer heads and knives, saw mill frame and bolts and pipe cutting machines, bolsters, screws, swing lathes with counter shafting, pulleys and belts, office furniture and fixtures, safe, twenty-four pulleys and hanging over shafting and belting, thirty-nine swing lathes with goring bar-heads, drill press with twist and drill attachments, forty blacksmith tongs, coops and barrels, eddies, tongs, wheel-barrows, screws of all descriptions, hammers, monkey wrenches, drifts and chisels, one drill press, one and one singular, the models and things and personal property of every description now belonging to and in possession of the Laclede Wire and Fence Company, contained in, upon and about the premises, the numbers 2020, 2022, 2024 and 2026 Walnut street, State of Missouri, sell said property, both real and personal, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the conditions of said deed of trust.
B. GRATZ BROWN, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, James Stewart by a certain deed of trust, dated May 21, 1883, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in Book 704, page 273, conveyed to the undersigned, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: being in city block No. 426, beginning at a point in the south line of Olive street, six hundred and eighty-four feet, seven and one-fourth inches (684 7-4") west from the west line of Boyle avenue, thence westwardly with the south line of Olive street fifty feet (50'), thence southwardly on a line parallel with Boyle avenue whence extended northwardly one hundred and sixty-two feet six inches (162' 6"), thence eastwardly on a line parallel with Olive street fifty feet (50'), thence northwardly to the point of beginning; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust, described; and whereas, two of said notes have become due and remain unpaid; Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on WEDNESDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1885,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court House, in said City of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.
JOHN C. LULLMAN, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Pursuant to the provisions and for the purpose of a deed of trust, of record in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, Mo., in book 749, at page 285, and from Joseph Bishop and Margie Bishop, his wife, to the undersigned, as trustee, public notice is hereby given that on

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER FIFTH, A. D., 1885,
between 10 a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., I will sell at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following real estate, conveyed to me by said deed, to-wit: Lot number Fourteen (14) of block No. 3 of Dr. Frederick Schade's 2d sub-division and in block No. 1,686 of the city of St. Louis, Mo., said lot having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the east line of Indiana ave., by a depth eastwardly of one hundred and fifteen (115) feet to an alley 20 feet wide. Bounded north by lot No. 13, east by alley, south by lot No. 15 of said block and west by Indiana ave.

HENRY HIEMENZ, JR., Trustee.
St. Louis, October 12, 1885.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas Louis Hecker and Hanna, his wife, by their deed of trust dated the fourteenth day of August, 1867, and recorded in Book 341, page 275, in the Recorder's office of the county, now city, of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate situated in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and in Provencher's addition to said city, a plat of which is filed in the Recorder's Office of St. Louis County, now city, to-wit: Lot numbered forty-six (46) of said addition, fronting twenty-five (25) feet on the north line of Allen street, and running with that width on its front the same hundred and eighteen feet and eight inches (118 ft. 8 in.) deep and on its East line one hundred and sixteen feet and five inches (116 ft. 5 in.) more or less; north-easterly for depth to an alley fifteen (15) feet wide, in front to the rear of premises of certain grantee therein described, and whereas said notes are past due and remained unpaid, the undersigned, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in compliance with the conditions of said deed of trust, the undersigned trustee will s

REMOVALS.

EMOVAL—J. H. Krippes, painter, removed to 3015 Pine st.

MORGENS'

STEAM DYEING WORKS, 820 Olive street.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

EBECCA L. ADY, M. D., in addition to her general practice of medicine, treats with magnetism, electricity and massage; the warm hand-rest do much to restore and invigorate; also baths in every form for ladies and gentlemen; rooms are a luxury for the healthy, a necessity for the ailing. Lady assistant. 1422 Olive st. 6/4

RS. ROSINE SABINE, the great fortune-teller, gives advice in matters of business, love and matrimony; brings separated friends and lovers in nine days, causes speedy marriage, recovers stolen, mislaid and buried property, cures drunkenness in one week. 813 N. 16th st. m/1

SABINE'S Matrimonial Agency, 813 N. 16th, bet. Morgan and Franklin av. 7/4

RS. WILCUS, truest fortune-teller, 500 N. 15th st., bet. St. Charles and Washington av., can be consulted on matters of love, business and matrimony; separated lovers brought together in 9 days; ladies received daily. 7/4

PERSONAL—Prof. Zibola, medium, asks no questions, tells name of visitors, ladies their maiden and married names, whom and when to marry; reunites the separated, advises in business, contracts, health; stops drinking, chewing, etc. Satisfaction or no pay. 1409 Olive.

CASH FOR clothing cougnt by S. Barn est, 819 Locust. Send postal card. 7/4

Ellis your cast-off clothing to N. Jacobs. Address postal card, 318 Locust st. 7/4

STORAGE.

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rniture, Pianos, Trunks, Boxes, Etc.

ored on the best terms; cheapest, safest, best and most convenient in the city; also a limited warehouse receipts given; money advanced if desired; packing and shipping furniture, pictures, glass and queensware a specialty; moving done at low rates. Take no care, at our large fire-proof warehouses. W. G. Langan & Co., 1005 and 1005 Morgan st.

STORAGE—Furniture, etc.; clean and safe; get our rates. 1005 Olive st. R. U. Leonard, jr., & Co. 8/1

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and low; 8 rates Brokaw & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 7

FURNITURE, pianos, etc., stored; money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Beste, 309 N. 8th st. 8/

FARMS WANTED.

WANTED—A farm near I. M. R. R. within forty miles of city preferred, in exchange for house and lot in St. Louis. Ad. F 26, this office. 9/30

EDUCATIONAL.

MARTIN'S Shorthand and Type-writing College, 618 and 620 Olive st., established 1876. Trial free. 9

DOCTOR WHITTIER

7 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Regular Graduate of two medical colleges, has had 20 years' experience in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous and Blood Diseases than any other physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know. Consultation at office or by mail, free and invited. A thorough examination and opinion costs nothing. When inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines sent by mail or express everywhere, securely packed, free from observation. Curable cases guaranteed; where doubt exists it is honestly stated. Hours, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 1.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness, arising from Indiscretion, Excesses, Secret Habits or Solitude, producing some of the following effects: Nervous Debility, Dimness of Sight, Perverted Vision, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Want of Pleasure in Life, Want of Ambition to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Headache, Restlessness, Loss of Spirits, Pains in the Back, etc., treated with unparalleled success. Safely, privately, and Permanent Cure Guaranteed.

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from whatever cause, positively and forever driven from the system, by means of SAFE, TIME-TESTED REMEDIES. Stiff and swollen joints, and Rheumatism, the result of blood poison, positively cured.

Special attention to difficult, severe and long standing Cases.

Catarrh, Throat, Nose, Lung Diseases and Constitutional and Acquired Weaknesses Treated successfully.

Self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases obtains great skill, and physician in regular practice all over the country, knowing the unsurpassed manner and ease to this oldest office in the city, where every known appliance is resorted to for the speedy and proved good remedies of all ages and countries are used. A whole house is used for office purposes, and every patient is treated with skill in a respectful manner, and with due regard to his or her feelings. No experiments are made. On account of the great number of cases I am applying, the charges are kept low, often lower than is demanded by others. Those who desire the skill and get a speedy and perfect life cure will find it the important matter.

MARRIAGE GUIDE, 280 PAGES.

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IMPERIAL VICTIMS.

Sufferings of an Empress and Her Grand-Daughter.

From the Cor. New York Tribune.

Fate has not been partial in dealing out burdens to the royal household. The Empress, Frederick before her favorite blacks, looked as though she stood on the banks of the Styx. Not a dash of color was in the clay-hued face. It is very difficult to trace a resemblance to her elderly brother, the Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar, but the lady is never free from rheumatism, and is afflicted with a cutaneous disease that necessitates a daily bath in eau de Cologne and makes existence itself a bane. Her only relief is a simple peasant woman whose magic touch is such a talisman that she dare not for a moment leave her side.

The striking contrast was presented in the perfect features of the Princess of Meiningen, the daughter of the Hohenzollern blood, who sat at her grandmother's side. To her the Graces have been eminently partial. The rosy cheeks of the Greco-Roman profile, soft blue eye, clear complexion and teeth whose setting Hygeia might have given, make easily plausible the story of her heart intrigues, but give little promise to the unhappy marriage to which she was martyred. The beautiful Princess fell at her knees before the sturdy grandfather, who, old and begged and entreated the recall of the nuptial cards; but he proved inexorable, and let the tears flow unchecked. She loved the man who was not a prince of the blood; but Prussian Achenzollern ruled the inclinations of the heart, and manoeuvred her to a man who was her peer only in descent. Her beauty, also, and position have made her, in a manner, desperate, and she wields her manifold charms indiscriminately.

The papers of a last July morning were filled with accounts of a sensational tragedy in one of the shady walks of the park. The victim was a promising young officer, scion of one of the wealthiest and best families, and no cause was assigned for the sudden and fatal deed. A royal hand held the key to the mystery. He had fallen in love with the Princess, and was encouraged until her husband became jealous of the lavish attentions. On the evening preceding the fatal day the young Lieutenant was in company with the Princess and several comrades. They drank like the gods" and, when midnight came, were in a mood that little shadowed the coming event. At night promenade supplemented their orgies. At one of the smaller hours an altercation arose, and the Prince challenged the young officer in the face, glorying in the chance of resenting his jealousy. Law was a subject to challenge a prince of the blood, and the man was compelled to "turn the other cheek" and let the insult go unavenged. Nothing under this offence to his honor from the husband of the woman he loved, he left the Boschanals and hastened to an unfrequented path of the gardens to commit the the terrible crime. The veil of political silence was thrown over the cause; but all secrets finally come to the "open council of curiosity.

FIVE IN ALL.

Fashionable Wedding Ceremonies Which Were Celebrated To-Day.

Nuptials of Mr. Lester Hibbard and Miss Ella Hudson, Mr. A. B. Hinde and Miss Lillian Sandford, Mr. Walker Hill and Miss Jeannie M. Lockwood, Mr. Rufus J. Delano and Miss Gussie Nedderhut and Mr. T. O. Towles and Miss Florence Ewing.

This afternoon at 3 o'clock Miss Ella Hudson, daughter of ex-Collector Hudson, was married to Mr. Lester Hibbard of this city. The ceremony took place at the family residence on Compton Hill and Grand avenue, in the presence only of the family and a limited number of friends, no cards having been issued to the marriage. Dr. Boyd of the Second Baptist Church officiated. There were two ushers, Messrs. Charles Paddock of Cameron, Mo., and T. C. Jameson. The bride was attended by four bridesmaids, Miss Joy of Sioux City, Iowa, Miss Comstock, Miss Wilson of Webster Groves, and Miss Mariner, Olathe. The groomsmen were Messrs. N. W. Baker, W. F. Leonard, Mr. Charles Haussel of Springfield, and Mr. Frank Lowery. The bride wore a beautiful toilet of cream white brocade, made with a long full train laid in deep plats at the waist, and falling in long, heavy folds. The tablier was covered with escurial embroidery, the veins and leaves fixed with seed pearls, and sparkling with crystal beads. The basque corsage was cut square, with vest front of the pearl embroidery, and the high Valois collar, studded and garnished with pearls. Full plaitings of rich point lace were caught at the throat by a diamond bar, and diamond solitaires, the gift of the groom, sparkled in her ears. The full illusion veil was worn with pearl pins, and a large bunch of nephitos roses carried in the hand were the only flowers used.

Miss Joy wore an exquisite toilet of cream-tinted satin, made short, with paridessus of troubadour lace, falling over a narrow flounce of the same, corsage cut square and sleeveless, and filled with the lace. She carried in her hand a large bunch of Catherine Mermod roses.

Miss Comstock wore a cream white China dress, with pointed overdress of richly embroidered China crepe; bouffant draperies at the back, corsage cut square and sleeveless; bouquet of saffronia roses.

Miss Wilson's dress was of cream-tinted ottoman silk, made short, and covered with deep flounces of Oriental lace; lace draperies at the back, with wide sash confining the draperies. She carried in her hand a loose bunch of Marechal Niel roses.

Miss Mariner wore cream-colored satin, made short, with flounces of Oriental lace; bodice of the same, filled with lace to the throat; Don Silsbee roses.

Mrs. Hudson, the mother of the bride, wore a rich reception dress of black satin de Lyon, with brilliant draperies and richly trimmed with duchess laces; diamond ornaments and jacqueminot roses completed the toilet.

Mrs. W. H. Jameson wore her wedding dress of white gros de Romaine, made en train, with rich draperies of point lace and diamond ornaments.

From her many friends the bride received numerous and costly presents of solid silver, Havlin china, vases, bric-a-brac, brasses, bronzes, pictures, etc. At 8 o'clock this evening Mr. and Mrs. Hibbard will leave for California, to be absent a month. When they return they will be located at the family residence of Mr. and Mrs. Hudson on Grand avenue and Compton Hill.

Among the guests present at the wedding were Mr. Hibbard, the father of the groom, from New York. Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Joy, Mr. and Mrs. John Jackson, Mr. and Mr. W. F. Oliver, Mrs. Coupelin, Mr. and Mrs. Orr, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Homes, Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Coe, Mr. and Mrs. Huse, Mrs. F. B. Homer, Mr. and Mrs. George Tyson, Attention to Sea of Females, Want of Pleasure in Life, Want of Ambition to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Headache, Restlessness, Loss of Spirits, Pains in the Back, etc., treated with unparalleled success. Safely, privately, and Permanent Cure Guaranteed. Mr. and Mrs. Bowman and Franklin av. 7/4

MRS. WILCUS, truest fortune-teller, 500 N. 15th st., bet. St. Charles and Washington av., can be consulted on matters of love, business and matrimony; separated lovers brought together in 9 days; ladies received daily. 7/4

PERSONAL—Prof. Zibola, medium, asks no questions, tells name of visitors, ladies their maiden and married names, whom and when to marry; reunites the separated, advises in business, contracts, health; stops drinking, chewing, etc. Satisfaction or no pay. 1409 Olive.

CAST-OFF clothing cought by S. Barn est, 819 Locust. Send postal card. 7/4

Ellis your cast-off clothing to N. Jacobs. Address postal card, 318 Locust st. 7/4

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A PARALYZER! Cincinnati Bankrupt Stock 50c on the Dollar!

Men's Black Worsted Suits, worth $7 50, only $2 45.
Men's All-wool Scotch Cassimere Suits, worth $10, only $3 95.
Men's All-wool Diagonal Suits, worth $15, only $6 65.
Men's $20 Melton Overcoats, worth $8, only $1 24.
Men's good Chinchilla Overcoats, worth $7, only $2.
Men's fine Fur Beaver Overcoats, worth $30, only $8.

Children's Woolen Suits, worth $1 75, only 79c.
Children's Cotton Cassimere Suits, worth $3, only $1 to $2.
Boys' Woolen Cassimere Suits, worth $7 50, only $2 95.
Children's nice Overcoats, worth $2, only 85c.
Children's better Overcoats, worth $5, only $1 10 and $2.
Boys' Suits, worth $8 50, only $1 95.
Boys' good Overcoats, worth $2 50, only $1 14.

Red Flannel Shirts and Drawers, 35c.
Boys' fine Overcoats, worth $5, only $2 and $2 50.
Boys' extra fine Overcoats, worth $10, only $3.
Men's heavy Working Coats, 98c.
Men's Union Cassimere Pants, 45c.
Men's Scotch Cassimere Pants, $1 33.
Boys' heavy Pants, 45c.

Boys' good Union Cassimere Pants, 85c.
Good Worsted Knee Pants, 24c.
Gentleman's Blue Polo Coats, $3.
Men's and Boys' good Hats, 25c.
Man's Waterproof Overshirts, 24c.
Men's Canton Flannel Shirts and Drawers, 14c.

Please remember that if you want a genuine bargain, you must come at once, as these goods are in small lots and may not last all week.

GLOBE, 705 TO 713 FRANKLIN AVENUE,

The Largest and Cheapest Shoe and Clothing Establishment in the West. Open until 9 p. m.; Saturdays until 11 p. m. Annex Department—Ladies' and Misses' Cloaks.

GRAIN IN TRANSIT.

St. Louis Elevators Propose to Handle It at a Low Rate.

Transferring and Weighing for Half a Cent a Bushel—The Stock Market—A Rumored Consolidation—Insurance Brokers—A New Wire to Omaha—Exchange Notes.

It is said that an agreement has been made, or will be made, within a few days between the elevator companies to handle grain in transit. A large amount of both wheat and corn passes through St. Louis in the course of a year and pays no tribute to this market other than the profit the St. Louis commission man makes out of it. This grain is shoveled from one car to another on its arrival here and taken right to its destination in the East. To stop it in transit and put it through elevator would involve an expenditure of one and one-half cents per bushel, the charge for handling and first-ten days storage, which would be too heavy a tax. The advantages to be derived from having the grain rebandled here would be the weighing and inspection, by which the St. Louis commission merchant would be enabled to make immediate returns to the shipper in the interior, where now he is compelled to wait sometimes two or three months before returns from the East reach him. The agreement said to have been entered into by the elevator men is to make a regular charge of ½ cent a bushel for transferring grain, provided that it does not remain in the house more than five days.

* * *

D. P. Grier, who handles a great deal of the grain passing through St. Louis, when interrogated by a POST-DISPATCH reporter said he had not heard of the proposed arrangement. "When I was President of the Union Elevator Company a year ago," said he, "we handled a good deal of grain, transferring it from one car to another at ½ cent a bushel, but always with the understanding that it was not to remain in store. The receiver had to have his empty cars ready to receive the grain as soon as it had been unloaded and weighed or we could have it inspected, of course, but always at his own expense. The great drawback to this rehandling here, however, was the charge for switching. The cost of the receiver is 25 cents and loaded car switched in and $1 to have the empty switched in and out. As the handling on 500 bushels was $2 50, this would be the time to charge it, as each 50, while the railroad companies would shovel the grain from one car to another for $1.25. It was worth double the regular charge to have the grain weighed here, but it was hardly worth four times that charge. I do not know of any way to get around the switching charge.

* * *

D. P. Slattery of the Merchants' Elevator said he had not heard of any agreement. He knew the Union Elevator had handled grain on that basis, but it would not be to their interest to make a fixed charge of 1-2 cent. The profit would of course depend on the amount handled. If grain was offered for transfer in large quantities they would promptly pay the elevator company to handle it at that rate. He had not done much of that business and could not speak positively on the matter, but he thought the elevators could allow it to remain in store three or four or even, five days.

* * *

The New York stock market opened ¼ to ⅛ cent higher all around, St. Paul in the lead. L. G. Day, Nair's telegram says: "Short stocks scarce and bull leaders took hold and rushed them up. Cliques are buying, and business rushing. Old almost every house has reduced its line. This is suggestive of no great decline." Yesterday's market was decidedly shaky and the prospects for a heavy decline seemed good. Monday's advance came as good news to the street. St. Louis has a few persistent bulls who have been holding on for some time, and they looked rather blue yesterday evening.

* * *

A report was sent out from New York this morning that in case the Trunk Line agreement was satisfactory, the Indiana, Bloomington and Western had in view a consolidation with some line unknown." Inquiry by the wire of the officers of the road brought a prompt denial. They say the originators of the report know a good deal more about it be matter than they. This denial can be taken for what it is worth.

* * *

S. W. Cobb, who is carrying a good line of wheat, does not believe in any permanent advance, in spite of the war rumors. He predicted a gradual decline this morning in the face of the steadily advancing market.

* * *

At a meeting of the Board of Fire Underwriters yesterday evening the following insurance brokers were registered: Chas. L. Crane by L. L. King, and M. J. Hartfiett, transferred from the agency of L. L. King to that of H. C. Akers & Co. Notice was given of the change of firm name of Keirmann & Son to S. Keirmann & Co.

* * *

The United Lines Telegraph Company will complete its wire to Omaha in a few days. It will then extend its service to Denver. The United Lines company is working to get possession of the Baltimore and Ohio plant and, as expected the United Lines or the Western Union will buy out the third company before the end of the year.

* * *

Secretary Morgan boasts that the Chamber of Commerce Association has not lost $800 in ten years by non-payment of rent.

* * *

H. C. Yeager ran over from Carlinville this morning to show his friends that his jaw was not broken, as reported, in a recent riot.

* * *

Secretary Kelly of the Transportation Committee still awaits an answer to a telegram sent the Iowa Railroad Commissioners yesterday asking a conference on the dual classification question.

* * *

F. K. Whitcomb, formerly of this city, but now in the flour trade in Boston, was on 'Change this morning.

* * *

Several members of the Exchange complained to the Secretary to-day that they had not received invitations to the Exposition. They were informed that invitations were dispensed at twenty-five cents each.

* * *

O. D. Austin of the Bates County Record, Butler, Mo., was on 'Change this morning with his family.

MATTERS IN COURT.

Cases To-Day Before the Federal and Circuit Benches—Judgments, Etc.

In the Texas and St. Louis railroad case, the supplemental bill, the answer and the replication and the testimony were referred to-day to the Master.

Ferd Meyrose and others are ordered to show cause in the United States Court on Monday why they should not be committed for contempt for selling lanterns of a certain patent in litigation. The suit for infringement was filed by the Steam Gauge and Lantern Company.

The alternative writ of mandamus obtained by the Police Board against Auditor Smith, is made returnable in Judge Thayer's Court on the 20th instant.

The case of Muckel against Rose, involving a claim for personal injuries sustained during a dispute about cutting ice, was before Judge Lubke and a jury to-day.

A non-suit was entered to-day in the case of Abraham W. Dwyer against the St. Louis Hot Pressed Nut and Bolt Manufacturing Company.

In the matter of the assignment of Allen & Blaisdell the Court has extended the time for receiving bids for the property until November 1.

Wm. T. Anderson and Wm. H. Horner have entered suit against Robert L. Greer and Wm. B. Major on an account for $310, and against Robert L. Greer on a note for $400.

The Forest Park, Laclede and Fourth Street Railway Company made during the quarter ending September 30 42,885 cash and carried 393,400 passengers. H. B. Davis, the secretary, filed his report to-day.

The following judgments were entered to-day in the Circuit Court: Tutmann, in charge of estate of Truman Osborn, against F. B. Chamberlain, judgment for $4,487 05; Alfred H. Smith against Chas. P. Lang; judgment for plaintiff for $337 50; Henry Linstroia against John Hinsman, judgment for plaintiff for $800; Wm. L. White against A. H. Cousens et al., judgment by consent for plaintiff for $150; George Steel against Postal Telegraph and Cable Company, final judgment against defendant for $5,153; Bank of Commerce against R. M. Chambers et al., judgment for $3,514 37 revived; Adeline Keck, et al., against Charles Read; judgment affirmed for plaintiff. Thomas O'Reilly against Andrew A. Blair; judgment for plaintiff for $2,561 07. James Mooney, et al against E. J. Grainger; judgment for plaintiff for $84 18. J. W. Cunningham vs. C. K. McWilliams et al., judgment for $338 50; J. G. Kaiser against L. & H. Truempe, judgment by consent for $491 27; N. Myers against R. M. Field, judgment revived for $1,208 41; L. A. Scharff against P. Gibbons, judgment for plaintiff for $138 89; J. Keddie against Bandozzo et al., judgment against Di Cristina & Maggio for $355 11.

The following cases were dismissed to-day in the Circuit Court: Samstag against Lowe; Davis against Davis; Gray against Gray; Klausing against Klausing; Voigtman against Voigtman; Kaffenberger against J. B. Sickles' Saddlery Company, et al; Noonan against Newman, et al; Brueggemann against Turner; Samstag against Chaplaine; Newman against Noonan.

COMING UP STRONG.

Chairman Barnum Takes a Hand in the St. Louis Postmastership Contest.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 14.—The obstacle in the way of appointment of Mr. Hyde as Postmaster at St. Louis seems to be the strength recently developed by John G. Priest on the occasion of the recent visit to this city of Hon. Wm. H. Barnum of Connecticut, Chairman of the National Democratic Executive Committee. He had a long interview with the President in Mr. Priest's behalf. Previously Mr. Barnum had requested that the appointment of a Postmaster at St. Louis be held up temporarily until he could be heard from on the subject. It was called to the attention of the President that Mr. Priest had been a member of the National Executive Committee, and that he had rendered valuable services during the last campaign. Whether this argument had any effect or not, remains to be seen, but, at any rate, the selection of a Postmaster was deferred to a more fitting time. It was regarded as a foregone conclusion, prior to the visit of Barnum, that as the lucky man would be Mr. Hyde, and Colonel Griffith Prather did not hesitate to make such an announcement to a gentleman with whom he conversed on the subject. Mr. Prather said, when he came down here, that he only expected to remain a day or two, as Hyde was sure to be the next Postmaster at St. Louis. He had been assured to that effect and appeared very much pleased with him, and made no attempt to conceal his preference for him over any other candidate. Thus the matter stood until the advent of Chairman Barnum ten days ago, and then two weeks rolled around and still the Hyde contingent were kept in suspense. Finally, they quitted Washington. After vainly seeking to ascertain the cause for the delay. It may be news to some of them that it was on account of Mr. Barnum. Senator Cockrell, who possesses the confidence of the President, declined to take sides in the contest for the Postmastership, saying that he did not think it was a matter in which he was interested. Frequent efforts were made by the friends of the respective candidates to induce him to champion a man for the place, but he was deaf to all appeals, and, it is said, left Washington without having broached the subject or discussed it with either the President or the Postmaster-General. With the return of Senator Vest to this city it is expected that something definite will be agreed upon, but, meanwhile, Hyde's friends say that he is still the leading candidate.

The Southern Mails.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 14.—Advices received at the Post-Office Department indicate a general washout of railroads in Georgia and interruption of mails through heavy rains. The Florida and Cuban mails are delayed, but it is hoped that arrangements can be made to-day to get the mails through.

BLED TO DEATH.

A Jefferson City Mystery—Change in Editorial Management.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., October 14.—A stranger, complaining of lung fever, stopped at Philip Schmidt's boarding house last night about 7 o'clock, stating that he was sick and without money, that he was waiting for the Missouri Pacific pay car and that he had been in the employ of the railroad above here. Schmidt gave him lodging for the night. About 5 o'clock this morning he was aroused by the coughing and noise of the stranger, and, hurrying to his room, found him bleeding to death from the lungs, the blood flowing freely from the mouth. The man died in a few minutes. Schmidt tried to learn his name, but the dying man spoke so faintly he could not be understood. Schmidt thought the name given sounded like John Bradley, but is not positive. An inquest was held by Acting Coroner Gundelfinger. The testimony failed to elicit anything further concerning his name or residence; no papers were on him. Doctor Helper testified that his death was from hemorrhage of the lungs. The man is of medium height, dark complexion, dark hair, supposed to be about 25 or 30 years old. He had nothing on his person except a razor and some soap. The jury adjourned to 1 o'clock in order to ascertain, if possible, the stranger's name. He was evidently a laboring man, as his arms were sunburnt above the elbows.

A change in the editorial management of the Tribune will take place to-morrow. Col. Meagher will be succeeded by Charles B. Oldham, formerly local editor of the Journal. A. C. Lemmon will hereafter attend to the Journal's local items. Col. Meagher will enter the employ of the Appleton publishing house as traveling agent.

A MOB'S ROUGH WORK.

The Officer Was Asleep—Heading Off the Indians—Texas Topics.

HEMPSTEAD, October 14.—A mob last night burned the slaughter-houses and pens of George Burton and John Ness, who were afterwards given five days to leave town. They had been suspected of slaughtering stolen stock.

EL PASO, October 14.—James Brown, a prisoner being conveyed to the Marfa court for trial for murder, escaped on the train from the Deputy Sheriff of Presidio County, who had fallen asleep. Fresh Indian trails have been discovered in the direction of Lake Valley. The troops have started to head them off.

SAN ANTONIO, October 14.—The trial of Justice Max Nuendorff for malfeasance in office commenced yesterday afternoon. Great interest is manifested in the proceedings.

GALVESTON, October 14.—The trial of the Bennison will case engages public attention here. The court room is crowded every day.

DALLAS, October 14.—Negotiations have been completed for the purchase of the Texas Trunk road by an Eastern syndicate.

GAINESVILLE, October 14.—The Harris Building was destroyed by fire yesterday. The flames spread to the grocery store of J. C. Drew and the Red River National Bank. Gilchrist Black's drug store, Blandon & Wright, J. R. Cravens, J. W. Bailey and the Western Union Telegraph Company's offices. The losses are heavy.

DON'T APPRECIATE ART.

An Injunction Granted Against the Illinois State House Commissioners.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., October 14.—Judge Creighton, in the Sangamon County Circuit Court to-day, granted the petition of Honorable David T. Little, for an injunction restraining the State House Commissioners from placing statues on the eight corbels in the rotunda of the State House. Judge Creighton grants a temporary injunction, taking the ground that the present commissioners are successors of the previous board, and that they are subject to the same restrictions which were placed upon their predecessors by legislative statute. He considers that the contracts which were let for the statuary are void and illegal, because the commissioners exceeded their authority in executing them.

Death of R. E. Smith.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, October 14.—R. E. Smith, a former prominent banker and railway man, well-known throughout the East, is dead.

ITS ACTUAL VALUE.

What the Highly Appraised Ground on Grand Avenue Is Worth.

The Commissioners Did Not Sign the Report, and Thus Escape Responsibility—Bits of News Gathered Up at the City Hall This Morning—Notes and Gossip.

Mayor Francis this morning summoned City Counselor Bell into his presence, and asked him to take steps towards withdrawing the condemnation proceedings on the property lying along Grand avenue between Papin street and the Manchester Road. Mr. Bell informed him that the report of the Commissioners had not been signed yet, and its publication was premature. He added that he thought the report would be very much modified before it was signed.

Mr. Bell was afterwards seen by a POST-DISPATCH reporter, who asked him if it was customary for commissioners to nominate the value of condemned land at the price sworn to by the owner? "It is," said Mr. Bell, "the commissioners generally receive testimony as to the value of land in this office and make up their report upon it.

"Do they not investigate for themselves?"

"They do. They ascertain the value of land by other means."

"If this report is not signed how is it that General Turner became possessed of it?

"He received it from my clerk, who made it out for the Commissioners."

"Then it was not official?"

"It was not, not having been signed."

Mr. Bell says he has never had any conference with the commissioners since he went whaling off the coast of Newfoundland.

SPRINGFIELD OR QUINCY.

The Selection of a Site For the Illinois Soldiers' Home.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., October 14.—No selection of a site for the Soldiers' Home was made by the commission at their meeting to-day. They propose to continue balloting throughout the day and evening, and to determine the matter before adjournment. It is reported that the voting to-day was favorable to Springfield and Quincy, each place getting three votes, and that one more vote would probably be induced to vote for either place to give it a majority.

TRAGEDY ON A TRAIN.

A Conductor Fatally Stabs His Engineer at Glenwood, Pa.

PITTSBURG, PA., October 14.—At Glenwood, Pa., this morning Wm. Funk, an engineer on a Baltimore and Ohio gravel train, was fatally stabbed by Richard Andrews, conductor of the same train. The causes which led to the cutting are not known. Andrews is in jail.

Steamer Monitor Burned.

WHEELING, W. Va., October 14.—The steamer Monitor took fire about 7 o'clock this morning and burned to the water's edge, at the Pittsburg Coal Works.

Real Estate Transfers.

L. Schlosstein to M. Unrig, 30 feet on State street—quit-claim deed	$3 00
S. Robbins to J. S. Riley, 30 feet on Chestnut street, city block 500—warranty deed	10,000 00
German Saving Institution to H. Abt, 3 feet on Sixth street, city block 3,063—warranty deed	250 00
F. J. Bowman to M. E. Gallagher, 50 feet on Second street, city block 1,051—warranty deed	1,412 50
S. Scheuber to K. Hosyack, 40 feet on North Market street, city block 1,109—quit-claim deed	1,710 00
F. W. Padmore to G. M. Kesley, 40 feet on Bellefontaine road, city block 1,149—warranty deed	1,800 00
G. S. Bouton to F. C. Fullerton, 25 feet on Page avenue, city block 3,714—warranty deed	500 00

Insisted on Regularity to the Last.

From the Kansas City Times.

I saw in the Louisville Times last week an anecdote of George Gaston. I saw the same story in print about a year ago. In both instances the facts were wrong, and to me the humor of the thing was spoiled. I am tempted to give the correct version. When Gaston lived on Missouri avenue and dispensed refreshments his place was a favorite resort for the newspaper boys. Gaston was always hospitable to the press gang, and, being a kind-hearted and indulgent man, he listened leniently to their stories about "My Other Vest" and "I'll be Dropping by To-morrow." Indeed, in those days there were very few representatives of the newspapers who were not indebted to Gaston for saving their lives in moments of emergency. Like all journeying paper boys, now pursuing the thorny path of journalism in other fields, was a great friend of the host, and so chronic was the journalistic impecuniosity and so large the Gastonian benevolence that in a comparatively short time the journalist had run up a bill of $100, more or less, probably more. Well, one night after hours the journalist dropped in for his customary nightcap. George was standing in his Napoleonic attitude trolling a Bavarian melody. He was in the best of humors. "Give me 10 cents," he said to the journalist. The journalist began to hedge. "What security do I get?" he asked; "I'm a little particular about loaning money." Never mind," replied George; "it's to your advantage." Unwillingly the journalist produced a dime and handed it over. Gaston went to the drawer, took out the journalist's bill, receipted it and threw it on the counter. "What's this?" asked the surprised newspaper man. "That," said Gaston, with a flush of conscious pride, "is your receipted bill." "And don't I owe you anything now?" Not a cent." "And I have paid my bills?" "You have." "Well, George," leaning over the counter confidentially and smiling insinuatingly, "I believe that in such a case it is customary for the house to set 'em up."

Clothing Which Prevents Sinking.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

The Lord Mayor of London and a large company of naval and military officials and others witnessed some experiments in the Thames at Westminster on Saturday afternoon, September 26, from the decks of river steamers. Six or eight persons, clad in costumes of ordinary appearance, and not one of them able to swim, embarked in a small boat. Then the tall figure of a woman rose suddenly in the boat, and, with a frantic wave of her sunshade, tumbled overboard. Two of her fellow passengers, who seemed to be naval and military officers, threw themselves into the water to rescue her, which, had she been sinking, they might easily have done, although they knew no more of swimming than herself, for, clothed as they were, they found it impossible to sink. All the others, one by one, followed until all were floating comfortably about with their heads above water. It was explained that the clothing worn by the adventurers was made of a fabric in which fine threads of cork were interwoven with wool, silk or other material, and, without presenting any conspicuous peculiarity of appearance, rendered the wearer perfect buoyant. The inventor, Mr. W. Jackson, is an exhibitor at the Inventions Exhibition.

A certain fashionable carterer, to prevent his waiters being mistaken for gentlemen, will have them wear scarlet waistcoats with their dress suits this season.

Iron Mountain Railroad along the wharf between Barton and Trudeau streets removed.

It has been given right of way by the Assembly and the Iron Mountain's tracks were there only by the city's sufferance. Repeated conferences have been held by representatives of all parties, and at these it was understood that the Iron Mountain authorities had agreed to remove the tracks. They have not done so, however, and this morning Mr. Stone of the Transfer Company notified the Board of Public Improvements of the fact and asks to have the obstruction removed. The Board referred the matter to the Committee on Wharf with instructions to obtain an opinion from City Counsellor Bell as to how they are to proceed to eject the Gould road.

Street Car Reports.

The limit of the time in which the Street Car Companies are to make their quarterly report to the City Register expires to-morrow. So far only one report has been received. This is from the Citizens' Railway Company and is as follows:

"Report of the Citizens' Railway Company for the quarter ending September 30, 1885: Number of passengers carried, 1,175,000; number of trips made, 105,418."

The rail

14

Best Granulated Sugar	$1 00
13 lbs good Yellow Sugar	1 00
Best roast Mocha Coffee	25
Best roast Java Coffee	25
Best roast Golden Rio Coffee	20
All Coffees ever	15
Good Tea	50
All Teas 25 cent lower than can be had elsewhere. Best baking powder, the	25

87, LOUIS TEA CO., 109 N. 5th st.

MILK THE Largest Retailers of Pure Illinois Milk in the city. Telephone No 3,126. BOWMAN & CO., 819 and 820 Morgan st.

GEORGE MILFORD'S

OYSTER HOUSE AND RESTAURANT.

Finest saddle rock, blue points and East River oysters, served in any style; also meats, fish and game cooked to order. Separate dining-rooms for ladies on second floor.

CITY ITEMS.

BLANKETS and bed comforts for the million at D. Crawford & Co.'s at popular prices; the largest stock in the city to choose from. Gentlemen should leave their measure for their new fall suits at the tailoring department of this establishment, and save over regular tailoring stores all the way from 25 to 50 per cent. Perfect fit and perfect satisfaction guaranteed or no sale.

DIDN'T our girl graduates look lovely? Yes, indeed; they all use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder. For sale by all drugists and fancy goods dealers.

Tieknor & Co.,
Merchant tailors, Sixth and Chestnut, solicit your patronage. Samples by mail when requested.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
118 Olive street. Set of teeth, $1.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

DR. WEBSTER, 617 St. Charles street, cures diseases of indiscretion, excesses, indulgencies. Call or write.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Terrific gales swept over the Atlantic Coast yesterday.

There is a deficit of $25,000,000 in the Austrain budget.

Fredericktown, N. B., suffered a $100,000 fire yesterday.

The famous bandit Jigus has been shot at Santiago de Cuba.

Lord Salisbury announces the dissolution of Parliament for November 17.

As Turkey gets her bristles up, the backs of Servia and Greece lose their hump.

Gladstone says that his Cabinet intended to rescind the coercion clause in the Irish law.

Bright and Chamberlain, the English statesmen, favor the disestablishment of the Welch Church.

M. Roustan has been made Governor of Tunis. He was formerly French Minister at Washington.

Herbert Gladstone declares that his father favors the excluding of bishops from the House of Lords.

A Spanish expedition has claimed the territory on the banks of the Naba River, West Africa, for Spain.

Mayor Haynes, Democrat, was re-elected yesterday at Newark, N. J., but the Republicans carried the council.

The expedition to Mandalay against King Theebaw of Burmah has been abandoned by the Indian Government.

The Grand Jury of Monroe County has indicted Ex-County Judge G. W. Hooper for issuing bogus county scrip.

A special venire of 125 men has been ordered at Emporia, Kansas, for the purpose of selecting a jury to try Mrs. Walkup.

In Newark, N. J., yesterday afternoon, Wm. G. Hoffman, a saloon-keeper, while intoxicated fatally shot his wife and himself.

Mrs. Weldon, the noted English litigant, who recently was released from prison, appeared as heroine in her own drama in London last night.

The new mail service between San Francisco, Australia and New Zealand will supersede the Pacific Mail November 21, and will sail a steamer every four weeks.

The annual conclave of the A. O. U. W. assembled yesterday at Topeka, Kan., and elected George W. Reed of Kansas Supreme Commander. About 1,000 Knights were present.

Henry Austin, a colored bootblack of Augusta, Ga., arrested for carelessness, confessed that he wanted to get run over by the cars so that he could get damages from the company.

It is reported from Berlin that Minister Pendleton will soon see about enforcing the Bancroft treaty to prevent the enrollment in the German army of Americans living in Germany.

Seth Stanton of Barnes County, Dakota, saw a prairie fire twenty miles away sweeping toward his farm-house. He tried to save his family but his wife and baby were overtaken and perished in the flames.

It is now confirmed that Germany acknowledges Spanish occupancy of Yap, and that Spain gives Germany free navigation in the Caroline waters with the privilege of building a coasting station on one of the islands.

The Roumelian Conference of Embassadors at Constantinople is preparing a note to the Porte advising it to recognize the union of Bulgaria and Roumelia. The note opposes any further violation of the Berlin treaty.

Andrew Smith, Emil Olsen and John Dischotson of the Deseret News, the organ of the Mormon Church, were sentenced yesterday at Salt Lake City to six months in the Penitentiary, and fined $300 each for unlawful co-habitation.

At the Dublin convention of the Parnellites yesterday, Mr. Clancy, an editor, and Sir Grattan-Esmonde were nominated unanimously for Parliament. Michael Davitt opposed the Baronet's nomination until the latter came out and denounced landlordism. Esmonde is a grand-son of the great Grattan, and is only 33 years old.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Unanimous Approval of Medical Staff.

Dr. T. G. Comstock, physician at Good Samaritan Hospital, St. Louis, Mo., says: "For years we have used it in this hospital in dyspepsia and nervous diseases, and as a drink during the decline and in the convalescence of lingering fevers. It has the unanimous approval of our medical staff."

CITY NEWS.

Michael Sullivan was arrested yesterday on a charge of snatching a pocket-book from Mrs. Mary Kraft, on Tenth and Morgan streets.

A team, belonging to Casper Gerhardt, ran away yesterday afternoon and colliding with cars Nos. 13 and 95 of the Bellefontaine Road damaged them about $40.

Maj. A. C. Dyas, a well-known and esteemed citizen, died last night of apoplexy, at his residence, 1815 Lucas avenue. The remains will be taken to Columbus, Mo., for interment.

Through the carelessness of the driver car No. 46 of the Cass Avenue Line ran into car No. 75 of the Franklin Avenue Line on Eighth and Franklin avenue last evening and damaged it to the extent of $50.

The call for a meeting of the Grant Monument Association, last night, at the St. Louis Club Rooms, was responded to by General Sherman, Mayor Francis, and a few other gentlemen, but a quorum not being present the meeting adjourned.

Edward Steinecke, who keeps a blacksmith shop at 1941 O'Fallon street, quarreled last evening with Thomas Hackman, one of his employes. Hackman whipped out a knife and made a gash three inches long in Steinecke's neck. He was arrested. Steinecke's wound is not serious.

Henry L. Nichols died at the City Hospital at 6:30 this morning. His uncle, S. H. Nichols of Alton, Ill., says that the deceased had suffered from epilepsy for eight or nine years, and that he fell in a fit in front of the Court House on the 8th inst., and received injuries which resulted fatally.

A horse attached to a covered grocery wagon ran away on Fifth street last evening and dashed into car No. 47 of the Franklin Avenue Line, which was on Fifth and Morgan. Officer McNamara, who was standing on the rear platform, made a narrow escape from being pierced by the shafts. The force of the collision knocked the car from the track and overturned the wagon.

A New Way to Pay Old Debts.

Shakespeare tells how this can be accomplished in one of his immortal plays; but debts to nature must be paid on demand unless days of grace be obtained through the use of Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." It is not a "cure-all" but invaluable for sore throat, bronchitis, asthma, catarrh, consumption, and all diseases of the pulmonary and other organs, caused by scrofula or "bad blood." Scrofulous ulcers, swellings and tumors are cured by its wonderful alterative action. By druggists.

A High and Destructive Tide.

NEW YORK, October 14.—The tide at Rockaway Beach, yesterday, was the highest known in years. At 10 o'clock the water washed the hotel piazzas and was dashing over them, while platforms, wooden pathways, bathing houses and all that was movable was being washed into the ocean.

THE EXPOSITION.

A Cold Night, But a Large Crowd For the Merchants.

The Musical Programme Pleases Everybody — New Features — To-Night's Concert — Gossip of the Naves.

The Greely relics were just the thing to look at last night. After the rain the atmosphere was extremely chilly and folks who found themselves in the open air without overcoats or heavy wraps trembled like the proverbial aspen. The merchants who didn't want Monday night on account of its dampness had last night for their own at the Ex., and the way the members of the Exchange and their friends and relatives boomed the occasion was surprising. There was a fine turn out of people, and all parties concerned expressed themselves satisfied with the attendance, and particularly with the high-toned character of the crowd. Mr. Gilmore had a splendid programme for visitors to the Music Hall, and closed the evening with the grand national anthem, "America," in singing which numerous people joined.

* * *

A surprising state of things has developed in the tea garden in the past day or two. Mushrooms are sprouting all over the place, coming up from among the mosses and grass—like so many ghosts of the old Missouri Park. People catch cold in the garden. The attendants wear their overcoats, the hot tea freezes and the iced tea absolutely curls up in its con...elations, while over in flirtation corner such gentle murmurings are heard as this: "Good ebedin, Cholly, do you iub me dow ad well ad you did das' night?" "O, des, darlid, I iub dud else but by own eah-hugar plub, fo'eber." It is such things as this that makes the tea garden realistic and causes Ex No's name to be remembered when everything else about the Exposition is forgotten.

* * *

The following is Director Gilmore's programme for this evening, the concert beginning as usual at 7:30 o'clock:

PART I.

1. March—The British Grenadiers.....Ancient
2. Invocation to Harmony, composed by...Prince Albert
3. Concert waltz—The Graces, composed by.....Duke of Edinburgh

PART II—AT 8:30

4. Call—The Roast Beef of Old England.....Unknown (For drums and fifes only.)
5. English Song—The Dashing White Sergeant....Bishop First verse, cornet solo, Mr. B. C. Bent. Second verse, trombones in unison.
6. Grand Popular Selection—Melodies of Ex.....Godfray Introducing "Down Among the Dead Men," "A Lullaby," "The Carman's Whistle," "Morris' Dance," "Barbara Allen," "Sally in Our Alley," "Sir Roger de Coverly," "Pray Goody," "Hope, the Hermit," "Tom Bowling," "West May the Keel Row," "Home, Sweet Home," "The Bay of Biscay," and closing with "Rule, Britania."

PART III—9:31.

7. British cavalry call—Come to your Stables..Unknown
8. Galop—The Rifle Brigade.....Farmer
9. Part song—Sweet and Low.....Barnby
10. Quadrille of all Nations (in seven numbers).....Julien
    1. Introduction and Russian hymn.
    2. March of the nations.
    3. Spanish air, with variations.
    4. Serenade and Tarantella.
    5. Fantasia pour la Syrie (with variations for cornet.)
    6. Finale, introducing several popular melodies, including "Watch on the Rhine," "The Harp that Once Through Tara's Halls," and closing with British national anthem, "God Save the Queen."
11. Church choral—Nearer, My God, to Thee.....Mason

See it. Strauss has it.

Exposition parties are popular.

Good music in to-night's concert.

The magic lantern has been shelved.

Merchants' night was a success after all.

October 24 is getting here mighty rapidly.

There was a concert in the Music Hall this morning.

The building is warm, particularly in the basement.

The merchants will have another night to-night.

Boliman Brothers exhibit the Lindeman, Knabe & Fischer pianos, for all of which they find ready sale here.

The Columbus Buggy Company have sold so many of their vehicles here that they will be glad to come next year again.

F. W. Guerin's exhibit in the photograph department attracts universal attention and is, like all Guerin's work, first-class.

Baker & Son, confectioners in the Exposition, are the originators of sugar-coated popcorn, and great success has attended them at all the principal expositions.

There is nothing that equals in attractiveness or surpasses in artistic beauty the exhibit of furniture made in the west nave by the Guernsey Furniture Company.

The display of architectural drawings in the small room at the southeast corner of the gallery floor is made by J. B. Legg, the man who designed the Exposition building.

The 25-karat gem in the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company's display is big enough for the corner-stone of that palace of diamonds which a fabled king of the orient is credited with having built for himself.

Corticelli is always in the lead. Those who admired its magnificent float in the Trades' pageant, with its wealth of splendor and fairy-like glories, are not at all surprised when they see the beautiful exhibit which Corticelli makes in the grand transept. The gorgeous quilt which shines over this space is in itself a revelation of beauty that astonishes all who look at it.

There is no housewife in the land who does not like to have her table, and particularly her sideboard, graced with shining silver plate. Whether it takes the shape of an heirloom or has the bright polish of the shop still clinging to it, she delights in her silverware and shows it to all-comers. Housewives who haven't got silver naturally feel a little bad when they see their neighbor's and until recently it wasn't possible for everybody to buy silverware. Now, though, the beautiful articles are within the reach of all, as can be seen by examining the quadruple plated silverware which Simmons shows from the Rodgers factories, for which the Simmons Hardware Company are the local agents.

Bridal Gifts.

Solid Silverware.
Silver-Plated Ware.
Fine Potteries.
Brass Goods.
Fine Clocks.
Jewels, Plates.

We ask you, if desirous of purchasing a bridal gift, to see our magnificent collection and our *low prices.*

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Fourth and Locust.

A BOLD ROBBER.

The Schaeffer Embezzlement Case—Meeting of Confederates—Missouri Matters.

HANNIBAL, October 14.—Parker Smith, a colored man, went to the residence of an old lady at Hydesburg, told her to hold up her hands, and robbed the place of everything of value. The twenty-first annual meeting of the General Association of Congregational Churches commenced last night, with a large attendance. An effort is being made by the Council to establish the electric light here.

KANSAS CITY, October 14. — At the trial of Schaeffer, the real estate agent, for embezzlement, Mr. Blair gave his testimony yesterday, showing the confidence that he reposed in him. He never received back one cent of the advances made to Schaeffer.

LOUISIANA, October 14.—The meeting of ex-Confederates was held at the Opera House to-day. A banquet will be given at National Hall to-night. The Prison Inspectors have selected 106 acres of land for $4,000 for the location of the branch Penitentiary.

CHILLICOTHE, October 14.—The residence of W. A. Lane was burglarized last night. A reward was offered, and James Minteer was arrested later, with some of the stolen property in his possession. The remaining span of the Grand River bridge fell in yesterday afternoon.

ST. JOSEPH, October 14.—The libel suit of Justice of the Peace Washburn against the St. Joseph Herald Company was dismissed yesterday by the very interesting favor of the article as heretofore used, is followed by the Phosphate of Lime with a healing property which renders the Oil doubly efficacious. Remarkable testimonials of its efficacy can be shown. Sold by A. B. WILSON, Chemist, Boston, and all druggists.

plaintiff. Charles W. Spurlock, a farmer, died of exposure during the night. His body was found on the wet grass near the school house.

CAPE GIRARDEAU, October 14.—The Southeast District Fair opened yesterday with a large attendance.

SALEM, October 14.—T. H. Estherly, who committed suicide under a pine tree, near the Sharps residence, left a statement behind to the effect that he had been slandered to death by the newspapers. He was a man of fine education, and an entusiast on religious subjects. He was said to be in love with a young lady in the Warrensburg Normal School.

NEW LONDON, October 14.—Joseph Anderson, who was suspected of firing the Glassrock barn on Saturday, was given by his neighbors forty-eight hours yesterday to get out of town. He left.

PLATTE CITY, October 14.—Ed Williams, alias Moore, escaped from the County Jail last night. He was recaptured at Beverley Station.

THE most elegant wedding invitations are those executed by the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Fourth and Locust. In fine work and low prices they are not approached.

ALL GOOD MERCHANTS WILL BE AT THE EXPOSITION TO-NIGHT.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Items of Interest From the City Beyond the Big Bridge.

That Mr. Con O'Brien, who keeps a small vegetable shop on Collinsville avenue, is on the make was clearly illustrated yesterday evening by an action of his, the lawfulness of which is, to say the least, questionable. Shortly before dusk last evening a negro, who is in the employ of a St. Louis firm of horse and mule traders, came down Collinsville avenue on his way to the bridge with seven mules. Four of the animals he had under his control by means of connecting halters, but the other three were allowed to run ahead at will. In turning the corner of Missouri avenue the three which were in advance suddenly turned around and darted up Collinsville avenue with great speed. Mr. O'Brien happened to be standing on the sidewalk in front of his shop at the time, and a bright idea struck him. He opened the gates of his yard, and, running out into the street, gesticulated wildly to scare the mules. His antics had the desired effect, and instead of continuing straight on their course, they dashed into his yard. With a beam of satisfaction on his face, Mr. O'Brien closed the gate and resumed his seat in front of the shop. He had hardly done so when the negro drove up and inquired of Mr. O'Brien whether he had seen any mules going by. O'Brien told him he had and that he had stopped them and drove them into his yard. He then asked the negro whether he had not better drive the four mules he had with him into the yard, so that they would be safe while he was catching the others. The negro acted on the suggestion and soon had the unsubmissive animals secured. He then started to drive out, but O'Brien closed the gate and demanded fifty cents a head for the seven mules before he would let them pass. The negro demanded that O'Brien open the gate, but the latter was inexorable, and the negro finally had to depart without his mules. He went over the river and told his employers what had occurred, and one of the gentlemen came over and redeemed the mules at O'Brien's price.

The corner stone of ex-Mayor Winton's new building on Broadway was laid this afternoon. A lot of coins and stamps of all nations and a copy of the East St. Louis Herald containing an account of Dr. Winton's election as Mayor, on April 8, 1883, were placed in the stone. After the ceremony a repast was served and wine flowed freely.

Officer Hannon went into the Martelle House last evening without a warrant to arrest two parties and had his pistol taken from him, and was also severely beaten. His assailants escaped and their names are not known.

Services will be held to-night at the M. E. and the Presbyterian churches this evening. Rev. W. B. Lute, an evangelist, formerly of Mattoon, is soon to hold a revival here.

The thirteen men arrested at the Relay Depot for creating a disturbance the evening before last were all discharged this morning with the exception of Thomas Plunkett, supposed to be the man who fired at George Broach.

Jessie Reeves, who lives in the First Ward, had a quarrel with his wife yesterday and beat her brutally. His arrest has not been effected.

Wm. Olgee, a switchman, had two fingers badly bruised yesterday while coupling cars.

VISITORS should not fail to see the Budweiser display, at Sixth and Locust; first-class restaurant, etc., attached.

Brownell, the Importer and Tailor,
Is now ready with a full line of goods for fall and winter trade. Early inspection solicited. 716 Olive street.

TO-NIGHT WILL BE MEMORABLE FOR A LARGE ATTENDANCE AT THE EXPOSITION.

UNFORTUNATE FOR THE CITY.

Speaker Wood Says That His People Complained of the Strike.

John M. Wood, Speaker of the last House of Representatives, came in from Kahoka this morning to attend to some cases in the Court of Appeals. "There is no talk of politics in our section of the country," said he when a POST-DISPATCH interviewer stimulated him to a little talk this morning, "and as far as I am concerned I am out of politics for the present."

Mr. Wood was spoken of quite favorably last winter as a candidate for Attorney-General.

"I'll tell you one thing," he continued, "that may interest you, and that is that the street car strike you have had here has been a very unfortunate thing for St. Louis. More people from our section of the country visited St. Louis during this past Fair Week than were ever known to leave there before, and they returned very much provoked about the strike. The public entertainments, everybody said, were splendid and the Fair and Exposition better than ever before, but the whole week appeared to have been spoiled for them by the strike. Several of my friends complained of having had to walk from the Fair Grounds to their hotel, and others spoke of having ridden in cars which were stopped by strikers. They were terrified too at the possibility of a riot, and feared that some night the city would be set on fire. The women were especially frightened. You know our people are not used to city ways, and the fear of a riot spoiled their pleasure considerably. I have no doubt that people in other sections of the State have complained in the same manner."

Mr. Wood will leave for his home this evening.

WE WISH TO CALL YOUR SPECIAL

Attention to Our Department for Making Boys' Clothing to Order.

We have had considerable experience in this branch of the Merchant Tailoring business, and can guarantee satisfactory garments in every particular.

In order to induce many parents (who are in the habit of buying Ready-made Clothing) to patronize our Establishment, we shall make our prices so reasonable that all can afford to have their boys well dressed.

Yours Respectfully,

MILLS & AVERILL,
S. E. Cor. Broadway and Pine.

RAILWAY NOTES.

A New Line to St. Paul—The Texas Traffic Association.

Commencing December 1, St. Louis will have a new and permanent line to St. Paul, the details of which are being arranged at the office of F. Chandler, G. P. A. of the Wabash, to-day. The line will consist of the Wabash to Albia, Central Iowa to Manley Junction, and the Minneapolis and Northwestern to St. Paul. J. P. Nourse, G. P. A. of the Central Iowa, and H. M. Littell, G. P. A. of the Minneapolis and Northwestern, are busy getting things ready to begin work on the day above indicated. At present a large force is at work completing a gap of sixteen miles, from Lyle to Manley Junction, and the contractors have agreed to have the tracks ready for trains before December 1. The arrangement by which this combination is made has been signed to run for a period of ninety-nine years between the Central Iowa and the Minneapolis and Northwestern, and the Wabash joins in as a third party.

The Texas Traffic Association is still in session at the Southern. Strong efforts are being made by the steamship representatives to get rates low enough via Galveston and New Orleans to enable them to take Atlantic seaboard freights on an equal basis with the railroads.

It is thought that Mr. Gould and party will return to St. Louis without going over the entire system.

To the Consumptive.—Wilbor's Compound of Cod-Liver Oil and Lime, without possessing the very nauseating flavor of the article as heretofore used, is endowed by the Phosphate of Lime with a healing property which renders the Oil doubly efficacious. Remarkable testimonials of its efficacy can be shown. Sold by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston, and all druggists.

Discharged.

After examining the evidence that was taken before the Coroner in the case of Annie Dunbach, who died under suspicious circumstances at the residence of Mrs. Kinsle, a mid-wife, living at 406 Gratiot street, Judge Noonan yesterday discharged Mrs. Kinsle and J. H. Abrens, who had been arrested for manslaughter, from custody.

GET IT NOW!

IF YOU need a SUIT, Get It Now. No matter what quality or style you desire or for what use you wish to put it, Get It Now. If you want a working Suit, Get It Now. If you need a Business Suit, Get It Now. If you want a Dress Suit, Get It Now. If you need any sort of a SUIT or OVERCOAT, Get It Now. If you are a laborer, working for $1 25 per day; a skilled mechanic, making from $2 50 to $4; a salesman, clerk, business man, employer or employe, no matter what your vocation may be, if you need anything in the way of Clothing for MAN, BOY or CHILD, GET IT NOW. Our stock is the largest and most carefully selected ever carried by "FAMOUS," and that means it exceeds in all respects any similar assortment shown in the entire West, and represents everything new, novel and substantial.

	From	Up to
In Men's Suits, -	$5 00	$35 00
In Boys' Suits, -	3 00	25 00
In Men's Overcoats,	5 00	50 00
In Boys' Overcoats,	2 50	20 00

And every Garment guaranteed the best for the price obtainable anywhere in the word.

It will pay you to deal at Headquarters.

See our Exposition Display.

Illustrated Catalogue now ready, and mailed free to any address.

FAMOUS,
Broadway and Morgan.
Leading Clothiers, Shoers, Hatters and Furnishers.

THE CIVIL COURTS.

South End Brewers Enter the Fight Against the Transfer Railroad Company.

Petition of the Anheuser-Busch Association Filed in Court To-Day—The Police Board's Wrangle With the City Auditor—Liquor and the Rod as Elements in Divorce Litigation—Judge Barclay's Decisions—Legal Doings.

The Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association, by Broadhead & Haeussler, entered a petition to-day in the Circuit Court for an injunction against the St. Louis Transfer Railway Company. This is yet another legal obstacle thrown in the way of the Transfer people in the construction of their line along the river front. In the United States Court they are engaged in a contest with the Wabash management relative to the tracks north of Biddle street. In the State courts they have to meet several suits filed by manufacturers and others in the North and South Ends, whose property, leased or otherwise, is crossed in the operations for construction of the line.

The Anheuser-Busch Association complain that their ground on the river front between Arsenal and Dorcas streets is being entered upon by workmen and agents of the Transfer Company for the purpose of erecting a trestle upon which to place the transfer tracks. It is alleged that the Transfer Company's agents are going ahead without any color of authority or condemnation proceedings, and the business of the brewery association is seriously interfered with. It is further alleged by the brewing association that the Transfer Railway Company was organized with a capital stock of $300,000, of which only $6,000 has been subscribed and only 5 per cent paid in cash; that the construction of the line will exceed the amount of the available capital and, that it will be necessary to mortgage the property to secure the bondholders, and that the Brewing Association have no desire to avail themselves of any order of court to restrain further interference with their premises on the river front.

The matter will be presented to Judge Horner in Court No. 4 as soon as he gets through with the Roemer breach of promise case.

Barclay's Weekly Batch.

Judge Barclay, according to custom, announced his weekly batch of decisions this morning upon matters taken under advisement. The chief cases were as follows:

In the matter of the assignment of Harlow & Spencer the motion for allowance is sustained and an order issued for public sale of the land, ten days' notice being given to creditors.

In the matter of the estate of Joseph Weil the Court ordered that the inventory be filed in the Probate Court within ten days.

In the case of Price against Scudder the Court overruled the motion for a special jury.

In the case of O'Reilly vs. Blair, judgment for plaintiff for $2,351 7 was rendered.

Police Board vs. Auditor.

In Judge Thayer's court this morning at the motion-hour Mr. Frank Blair presented the petition of the Board of Police Commissioners seeking a writ of mandamus against City Auditor Smith, compelling him to audit a bill of expense for the Police Department amounting to $200. The money was used in detective service, and the account was worded: "for current expenses of the Department." The Auditor declined to pass the account in that form, and insisted upon a bill of particulars being furnished.

The Police Commissioners took the position that an itemized account for funds used in detective service would lead to difficulty, and would tend to frustrate the object of such service. They contend that it is sufficient for the Auditor's purposes that they should indorse such accounts. The Court will pass upon the application to-morrow.

A Vinegar Fight.

Henry Gross has entered a ten thousand dollar libel suit against John I. and Walter Aiden, the vinegar firm. The grievance is contained in a circular with an affidavit or Prof. Potter, of Washington University, on the subject of fruit vinegar, and in the circular which was published reference was made to an alleged fraudulent certificate of analysis.

Liquor and Divorce.

The divorce case of Alvina Machacek against George Machacek was called to-day on the docket of Judge Thayer's court. The parties were married November 18, 1872. Mrs. Machacek alleges that her husband became too fond of liquor and under its influence rendered her condition intolerable. She alleges that he made a practice of striking, beating and whipping her without any provocation whatever; that on more than one occasion he forced from her house, and often when he returned home in an inebriated condition he amused himself by breaking up the furniture.

Mrs. Machacek alleges that her husband on account of his insobriety was twice confined in an inebriate asylum. She alleges as a final ground for divorce that her husband neglected to provide for her or the three children. She asks for their custody.

A Wife-Beater.

Mrs. Lizzie M. Murphy has entered a petition for divorce from Daniel F. Murphy. The marriage took place December 23, 1881. Mrs. Murphy alleges that her husband rendered her condition intolerable by striking, whipping, beating and kicking her, failing to provide for her, and by adopting a course of abusive treatment in using obscene language, etc. There was one child born of the union, and the mother asks for its custody and for restoration of her own maiden name, Lizzie Burns.

THIS IS THE GREAT NIGHT AT THE EXPOSITION—GO EARLY.

OVERCAOTS!

We have the reputation of producing the VERY FINEST and Best-Fitting Overgarments of any house in the United States. Our present stock is so choice, large and varied that it includes every known fabric, color and style in vogue.

Men's and Young Men's Overcoats : $7.50 to $50
Large Boys' Overcoats : : : $5 to $25
Small Boys' Overcoats : : : $3.50 to $15

Suits, Trousers and Furnishing Stocks are in splendid condition.

HATS! HATS! HATS!

Yes, we've added a Hat Department to our business, and it's as new and bright as an '85 silver dollar. Will tell more about it another day. In the meantime, come in and look it over.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
Clothes, Furnishings and Hats, Broadway and Pine

THE FAIR IS OVER

And those who have been doing the honors of the city and their own homes have now time in which to look to their own personal requirements. FIRST IN THE LIST COME SHOES. We can not "strike them off," for they certainly will be missed. It will pay any one, lady or gentleman, to bring the list to

JOEL SWOPE & BRO.,
311 NORTH FOURTH ST.

And make a selection. For the Ladies we have Footwear in all styles, in

Patent Leather, Alligator, Kid and Goat!

Cloth, Dongola and Kid Tops, French Heels and Common Sense Heels. We can give you any style desired. We can please the gentlemen in anything from a Boot to a House Slipper. Supply yourself with these necessaries, and thereby enable yourself to "STRIKE THEM OFF THE LIST."

Rheumatism

Though painful and wearing almost beyond endurance, is not an incurable disease if treated in time. Perhaps no other disease has so baffled the efforts of science and medicine as this, but at last a remedy has been discovered in Tongaline which CURES RHEUMATISM, and is heartily endorsed by many of the Leading Physicians.

WHAT THEY SAY:

"TONGALINE is doing all that is claimed it will do."
G. C. SEIFERT, M. D., Canirall, Ill.

"Had a case of Inflammatory Rheumatism of nearly all the large joints. Gave TONGALINE, and to-day my patient is up and doing well."
W. W. BAXTER, M. D., Horsman, Ill.

"In my opinion TONGALINE supercedes all other so-called rheumatic remedies."
S. C. WORSHAM, M. D., Marengo, Ill.

"Have given TONGALINE a fair trial, and think it the best remedy I have ever found for Rheumatism."
B. F. DAVIS, Sturgeon, Mo.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.
A. A. MELLIER, Sole Proprietor, 709 and 711 WASHINGTON AVENUE, ST. LOUIS.

The J. M. Ward Furniture Stove and Carpet Co.

1111, 1113 and 1115 Franklin Avenue.

Have now ready for inspection ELEGANT BEDROOM SETS in CHERRY, MAHOGANY and WALNUT; Handsome PARLOR FURNITURE, Beautiful CARPETS, RUGS and EVERYTHING NEEDED in HOUSEKEEPING, which they offer on EASY WEEKLY or MONTHLY PAYMENTS at bedrock prices. Call and be convinced. Open until 9 o'clock every evening.

ATHLETES AND FLAMBEAUX.

Meeting Called at the Elk Club for Effecting Permanent Organization.

The success of the athletic parade on Wednesday night of Fair week has suggested a permanent organization of the various associations, rowing clubs, etc., in this city. The splendid display of the Atchison Flambeau Club, which was the grand feature of the parade for the thousands of visitors and the public generally, has likewise spurred an effort for the formation of a flambeau club in this city, and great enthusiasm is manifested in the movement. A meeting is called for to-morrow evening at the Elk Club at 8 o'clock, when the matter will be fully discussed. After the meeting there will be a musicale, furnished by the best visiting talent, which includes some of the finest musicians in this country.

Could Get No Water.

A disastrous fire occurred last evening on King's Highway and Olive Street Road. About 4:30 o'clock an alarm was received from Delmar and Taylor avenues and when engine No. 5 arrived it was found that the feed store of Jacob Bittner & Bro. on the southeast corner of King's Highway and Olive Street Road was in a blaze. As there was no fire plug in the vicinity only the chemical engine could act, and the fire spread rapidly to the two-story brick grocery store of the Bittner Bros. This building was soon enveloped in flames. The blacksmith shop of Henry Kosler and the frame building of Mrs. Green were also destroyed. The aggregate loss is about $12,000. The buildings destroyed with the exception of Mrs. Green's residence, were all owned by Mrs. Kohler. The two-story stone-front saloon of Isaac Kunz across the street was badly scorched.

IT'S "ENGLISH, YOU KNOW," AT THE EXPOSITION THIS EVENING.

Colonel Clowry.

NEW YORK, October 14.—It can be stated on good authority that Col. Robert C. Clowry of Chicago will be elected a director of the Western Union Telegraph Company to-day. Mr. Clowry will take the place made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Pender.

WOMEN

Needing renewed strength, or who suffer from infirmities peculiar to their sex, should try

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Trade Mark. QUALITY NOT QUANTITY. P PURITY. On Every Bottle.

THE BEST TONIC

This medicine combines Iron with pure vegetable tonics, and is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It Enriches and Purifies the Blood, Stimulates the Appetite, Strengthens the Muscles and Nerves, Aids Digestion, Overcomes Intermittent Fevers, Chills, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Kidney and Liver Complaints, and makes the skin smooth. It does not blacken the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—all other iron medicines do.

Mrs. BENJAMIN BAIRD, 94 Farwell Ave., Milwaukee, Wis., says, under date of Dec. 20th, 1884:

"I have used Brown's Iron Bitters, and it has been highly recommended by a doctor in my having cured me of the nervous ladies have in life. Also cured me of Liver Complaint, and now my complexion is clear and good. Has been beneficial to my children."

Genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

Handsome Hand Book—useful and attractive, containing list of prizes for cards, information about Brown's Iron Bitters, sent by all druggists in receipt of stamp. Do not accept a substitute for Brown's Iron Bitters on account of its cheapness.

ITCHING

Skin Diseases Instantly Relieved by Cuticura.

TREATMENT.—A warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure. This repeated daily, with two or three doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the New Blood Purifier, to keep the blood cool, the perspiration pure and unirritating, the bowels open, the liver and kidneys active, will speedily cure Eczema, Tetter, Ringworm, Psoriasis, Lichen, Pruritus, Scalp-Head, Dandruff and every species of Itching, Scaly and Pimply Humors of the Scalp and Skin, when the best physicians and remedies fail.

ECZEMA ON A CHILD.

YOUR most valuable CUTICURA REMEDIES have done my child so much good that I feel like saying this for the benefit of those who are troubled with skin disease. My little girl was troubled with Eczema, and I tried several doctors and medicines, but did not do her any good until I used the CUTICURA REMEDIES, which speedily cured her, for which I owe you many thanks and many nights of rest.

ANTON BOSSMIER, Edinburgh, Ind.

TETTER ON THE SCALP.

I was almost perfectly bald, caused by Tetter of the top of the scalp. I used your CUTICURA REMEDIES about six weeks, and they cured my scalp perfectly, and now my hair is coming back as thick as it ever was.

J. P. CHOICE, Whitesboro, Texas.

COVERED WITH BLOTCHES.

I want to tell you that your CUTICURA RESOLVENT is magnificent. About three months ago my face was covered with Blotches, and after using three bottles of RESOLVENT I was perfectly cured.

FREDERICK MAIRE, 23 St. Charles St., New Orleans, La.

BEST FOR ITCHING DISEASES.

One of our customers says your CUTICURA REMEDIES are the best he can find for itching of the skin. He tried all others and found no relief until he used yours.

F. J. ALDRICH, *Druggist*, Rising Sun, O.

Sold everywhere. Price: CUTICURA, 50c; SOAP, 35c; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass. Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

PIMPLES, Blackheads, Skin Blemishes and Baby Humors, use CUTICURA SOAP.

HOW LIKE OIL AND WINE to the famished of old is a CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER to the aching sides and back, the weak and painful muscles, the sore chest and hacking cough, and every pain and ache of daily life. 25c. Everywhere.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

GERMAN Sweet Chocolate.

The most popular sweet Chocolate in the market. It is nutritious and palatable; a particular favorite with children, and a most excellent article for family use.

The genuine is stamped S. German, Dorchester, Mass. Beware of imitations.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

ESTABLISHED 1858.

CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING
SUITS CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.

Cleaning.		Dyeing.	
Coat	$1 00	Coat	$2 00
Pants	50	Pants	1 00

North Sixth st., bet. Market and Chestnut. Orders by mail promptly attended to.